Peking: Unrepentant bishop set free after 30 years, Page 16

Monday January 11 1988

D 8523 A

### views after write off

World News

silence

Alexander Dubcek, tragic hero of TEXACO, US oil company Czechoslovakia's "Prague driven into hankruptcy by a Spring", emerged as a new beneficiary of Soviet openness, able in an unprecedented interview \$4.90n against the value of its to characterise the Gorbachev assets to settle the dispute and experiments in the Soviet Union as closely related to his own abortive liberalisations of 20 years ago. Page 16

Soviet call for test ban The Soviet Union has renewed There was an underlying a note its call for a ban on nuclear test of caution as the market awaited of caution as the market awaited of aution as the market awaited on next Friday's release of US trade figures for November. Currentists to visit the Soviet nuclear test site. Page 2

#### Train bomb in Burma Eight passengers were killed and

38 others were wounded when a bomb exploded on a train approaching the main Rangoon ranway station in Burma. Page

### Tamil infighting kills 3 Factional fighting among Tamil rebel groups claimed three more

members of the Tamii Eelam Liberation Organisation (TELO) who were gunned down 25km north of Vavuniya.

#### Haiti bans nominees Haitlans braced for possible fur-

ther violence after 10 supporters of former dictator Jean-Claude Duvalier were unexpectedly ban-

Iranian-backed Iraqi Kurdish rebels warned foreign companies against using a vital highway linking Iraq with Turkey. The lraqi Kurdistan Democratic Party said that foreign companies would be responsible for the consequences of using the road.

a basket of European currenties.

BRAZIL and its leading creditor banks resume talks on restructuring some \$68bn in longer-term debt in New York today with the Brazilian negotiators under orders to adopt a mark of the party forest consequences.

#### Aguino loses favour

Aquino's popularity was maker of fault-toleran main-reported to have fallen sharply, frame computers, warned that with her approval rating in the its revenues for the quarter Manila area about 10 per cent ended December 31 would be lower than elsewherein the lower than expected. Page 19

### india petrol price rise reached a record 4.34m units last year, up 6.1 per cent from the petrol prices by 14.4 per cent at growing strength of domestic the weekend in an attempt to demand in the Japanese econ-

### Two crewmen from a British tog were missing presumed dead off the Channel islands after a tow

A series of earthquakes rocked the Balkans over the weekend causing serious damage in Albania and Romania where VNU, Netherlands largest pub

A Japanese airliner with 52 aboard plunged partly into a lake in western Japan after overshooting the runway as it tried to take off on a domestic flight. Three passengers sustained slight injuries.

Substitute its media information services. Page 18

ASSUBEL LIFE, Belgium's third largest insurer, said it could use a controversial erticle of association to reject an unwelcome takeover bid from AG Group, its domestic rival by

#### Peasants murdered

, r

### **Dubcek airs Texaco to** 20 years of \$4.96bn and sell assets

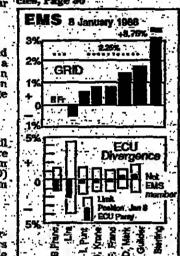
**Business Summary** 

years ago. Page 16

Mubarak in Saudi

Egyptian President Hosni
Mubarak, making his first visit
as president to Saudi Arabia, discussed Iranian threats in the
Gulf with senior American and
Sandi office.

cussed Iranian threats in the Gulf with senior American and Egypt would not tolerate an Iranian attack on Gulf Arab states. He met US Defence Secretary Frank Cartucci, who ended his first Gulf Cartucci, who ended his first Gulf cartucci, who ended his first Gulf to a modest cutback in US warships. Page 2 reductions in domestic money



ned from standing in next The chart shows the two con-week's presidential elections, straints on European Monetary Page 2 System exchange rates. The appear orid, based on the money - upper grid, based on the week Action Directe trial

Twenty-two suspected members:

Of the outlawed French left-wing trial may move by more than guerrilla group Action Directe an outlawd trial may move by more than on trial today in France's first gives each currency's divergence from the "central rate" against the European currency wat (Ecu), itself derived from a basket of European currency or ba

under orders to adopt a mark-edly more conciliatory tone.

Philippines President Corazon TANDEM COMPUTERS, US

NEW CAR sales in Japan

the weekend in an attempt to curb rapid growth in consumption and to ease the country's balance of payments. Page 2 in the country's balance of payments. Page 2 in the case of Vickers Da Costa Securities Holdings, international browers missing presumed dead off undisclosed terms. Page 18 PILLSBURY, large Minneapolis

line snapped. A third man was injured and was taken off the vessel by helicopter.

Baikan earthquakes

A series of earthquakes rocked the Balkans over the weekend, causing serious damage in

Albania and Romania where hundreds of people were made homeless. There were no reports of injuries or deaths.

Plane runs into lake

Stillner with 52

Proposition of people were made lishing group, plans to acquire Media Records of the US, a trade journal that reports on newspaper advertising in an effort to strengthen its media information services. Page 18

mounting an alternative offer. Page 19

Knife-wielding rebels in Peru, in BANK NEGARA, Malaysia's an apparent campaign against central bank, has assumed conanti-guerrilla patrois, killed 29 trol of financially-troubled Copessants and set homes on fire operative Central Bank Bhd

Unit Trusts.

### No end in sight to Israel's private war in Gaza

"HAVE a nice day," said the young Israeli soldier clad in batthe West Bank in 1967, residents the W

with rubble. Overturned garbage back.

The same day a Palestinian youth was shot dead by Israelis sending extra reinforcements to scrap metal blocked the way.

As noting continued for a second month in the Israeli-occupied territories — home for nearly 1.4m Arabs — there was little sign of an end to the strife. In Gaza, the coestal strip of

raced through dusty alleyways, sending stone-throwing protestors scurrying for cover.
Hundreds of arrests have failed to curb the demonstrations. The

lsraelis are having difficulty identifying leaders of what still seem to be spontaneous protests.

"The leaders now are those who are on the streets throwing the stones," said a prominent Gaza resident.

Islamic extremists, however, appear to be strengthening their influence. Local religious leaders have been calling for a jihad (holy war) against the Israelis.

The emergence of the Islamic tenders is the strength of the Islamic tenders in the strength of the Islamic tenders. endency is one of the most wor-Continued on Page 16



# Stock markets

### AT&T steps up drive into Europe through Philips joint venture

BY DAVID THOMAS IN LONDON AND DAVID LANE IN MILAN

Both companies will reaffirm their commitment to the ven-ture, known as APT, which has

buying its public exchange by arguing that APT was an equal failed to penetrate as many European and US partnership.
European markets as the partnership However, this argument failed ners had hoped, but AT&T is to win over the French Governlikely in future to take more of a ment. The French reverse was the most dramatic example of the failure to make headers in

likely in future to take more of a leading role.

This is expected to involve a the failure to make headway in restructuring of the partnership, Europe by the joint venture since it was formed in 1984.

So far, APT has sold public exchanges for main networks in on AT&T technology.

Meanwhile, Stet, the parent company of Italiel, Italy's largest telecommunications equipment mainfacturer, is evaluating the possibility of a partnership with AT&T.

Thinking within AT&T has

AMERICAN Telephone and Telegraph, the world's largest telecommunications company is to since its rebuff in April when stress the dominant role within the French Government chose the European market.

The US company will shortly to APT to supply a second public regarded as a world leader. When to APT to supply a second public exchange for the French netable to APT to supply a second public exchange for the French netable to APT to supply a second public exchange for the French netable to APT to supply a second public exchange from APT shortly before Christmas, a prime motivation appeared to be companied with the full of the Netherlands.

Both companies will reaffirm their commitment to the ven
These moves represent in part shifted towards the view that the graph, the world's tree will a rethinking of tactics by APT of AT&T technology, widely regarded as a world leader. When to APT to supply a second public exchange from APT shortly before Christmas, a prime motivation appeared to be to get access to AT&T technology.

APT declined to company in the time french graph when the French Government chose APT of AT&T technology, widely regarded as a world leader. When to APT to supply a second public exchange from APT shortly before Christmas, a prime motivation appeared to be to get access to AT&T technology.

APT declined to company might do better to stress the dominant role within the French Government chose APT of AT&T technology, widely regarded as a world leader. When to APT to supply a second public exchange from APT shortly before Christmas, a prime motivation appeared to be to get access to AT&T technology.

APT declined to very company might do better to stress the dominant role within the French Government chose APT of AT&T technology, widely regarded as a world leader. When to APT of AT&T technology regarded as a world leader. When to APT of AT&T technology regarded as a world leader. When to APT of AT&T technology regarded as a world leader. When the French is the French for APT of AT&T technology regard

APT declined to comment on the contents of the statement the contents of the statement which is due to be released early this week, but besides killing speculation that the joint venture might collpase, it is expected to indicate how both partners see the partnerhsip unfolding.

The negotiations between Stet and AT&T are believed to be relatively advanced with AT&T having asked the US embassy in Rome for advice on the political implications of it becoming more involved in Italian telecommuni-cations, although the Italians have also been talking to several Continued on Page 16

### Brussels plans sweeping changes to banking laws

week.

The package of measures is seen by the European Commission as the most radical step it has yet taken in the banking field, as well as being a key move towards completing the internal market in financial services.

Should also be seen in the connity, and not just in Italy or Greece.

This power would override any desire by, say, the UR authorities to open the door to that bank for its own domestic reasons, such as promoting the City of London as a financial centre.

The Commission's proposale

internal market in financial services.

The central position of the draft directive, which senior officials say will be approved at a full meeting of the 17-man Commission on Wednesday, is for the creation of a Community banking Ilcence, or "passport", enabling a bank authorised in one EC country automatically to set up in another member state.

The central position of the banking activities which would be permitted. The list takes in a lengthy consultation with the banking industry in recent deposit taking and lending to months, will now be submitted to the Council of Ministers for approval.

Before mutual recognition can be established, however, the community is likely to have to agree legislation harmonising that this aspect may prove difficulties on a bank's capital base (the subject of another directive being discussed by the Council of Ministers) and on solvency ratios that the moment a bank wishther the Securities and investments (the relationship between a bank's capital and its assets as ing to set up a branch or subsid-

separate clearance from the host supervisory authorities. Lord Cockfield, the British Commissioner responsible in

PROPOSALS aimed at removing and go beyond what has been non-EEC country like Japan, a achieved in other centres, even banking institution from that in the US and Japan, in creating country seeking to set up in a single banking market.

Deficials say that the new plan is ation throughout the Community are set of evicting efforts to have

Board and its self-regulatory

board and its self-regulatory bodies.

The other potentially sensitive issue is that of Community competence for "third-country reciprocity". Under this part of the draft directive it is understood that if the banks of, say, italy or Green were being refused party.

to the Council of Ministers for approval.

Before mutual recognition can be established, however, the community is likely to have to agree legislation harmonising rules on a bank's capital base (the subject of another directive being discussed by the Council of Ministers) and on solvency ratios (the relationship between a bank's capital and its assets as weighted by risk).

Consideration is also being given to the issue of common rules on large exposures—

rules on large exposures -restricting large loans to a cer-tain percentage of a bank's capi-tal base - and to further har-Brussels for the internal market, draft directive it is understood tain percentage of a bank's capitis known to feel that mutual rections along the lines proposed Greece were being refused recipmonisation of deposit protection would be a major breakthrough rocal banking arrangements in a schemes.

### Whitelaw quits UK Cabinet

VISCOUNT WHITELAW, deputy to Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the clear that his unofficial role as British Prime Minister, yesterday deputy Prime Minister would bowed to medical advice and remain vacant.

Despite making a good recover she attaches to his advice and ery from a mild stroke just counsel, Mrs Thatcher has asked before Christmas, he said he had before Christmas, he said he had been advised that it would be remain deputy leader of the Convention of the stress inseparable from senior ministerial office.

Mrs Thatcher yesterday warmly acknowledged the support she had received from Lord Whitelaw, who is 69, to remain deputy leader of the Convention of the stress inseparable from senior ministerial office.

Mrs Thatcher yesterday warmly acknowledged the support she had received from Lord Whitelaw as its leader It seems likely that Mr John

The Wakeham, a former Treasury Minister who has worked closely with Mrs Thatcher, will take over from Lord Whitelaw as chairman of the so-called "star chamber".

This is the group of ministers which makes the final public spending decisions

With Lord Whitelaw's departing Secretary, moves up to replace Lord Whitelaw's departing Secretary, moves up to replace Lord Whitelaw and highlighted his

It seems likely that Mr John

Profiles, Page 8

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<u>THE</u> MONDAY PAGE

NTERVIEW David Lascelles and Chris Sherwell meet Larry Adler, the Australian entrepreneur, Page 11

Britain and Japan: Beyond the bilateral Management: EMI music gets rhythm and dispels the blues ..... Europe's peace movements: Marching in search of a new cause ...

Editorial comment: Brady's wrong analysis; Nurses deserve better treatment ...... 14 US air conditioning industry: A chilly blast for the Japanese ..... Lex: Wall Street tries another trick ....... 16 Nordic banking and finance: Six-page survey Section III

### brace for stormy week ahead BY RODERICK ORALI IN NEW YORK AND MICHAEL SMITH IN

is expected this morning, analysts in New York and London last night was that the were quick to reassure investors over the weekend that markets are less likely to experience a wrenching adjustment similar to October's because they are in far counder them.

sounder shape. Wall Street since the October Moreover, it looks as if some of world stock markets crash, but the pressures from the futures this time the reaction is expected markets — which had contributed to be muted, partly because of a suted to the 508-point drop in the rapid recovery in the liquidity Dow Jones industrial average on position of Britain's largest insti-

large extent.
Market participants, however,

WORLD stock markets are beginning the week balanced on a 80,000 in the two days before
knife-edge, anxious to see
whether Wall Street's precipitous
decline late on Friday will trigger another global rout of equities.

Although further heavy selling
is expected this morning ana.

The UK equities market is also seen to be better balanced than

Market participants, however, seen to be better balanced than are still expecting a cry difficult it was in October.

Week which will be made more trying by economic news.

On Friday the US will report world markets and are likely to lts November trade deficit. Forecasts range widely, but the contact that fundamentals of the UK senus estimate is around \$15bn economy more closely.

The collapse in the last hour of \$17.6bn deficit in October which regions in Wall Street on Friday was blanted on a range of factors.

contributed to the crash.

The dollar rose strongly last
week thanks to heavy central
bank intervention. Foreign of a huge jump in US trade and
exchange markets, realising such
budget delicits and the heavy exchange markets, realising such action gives only short-term support, remain pessimistic about the dollar, however, particularly

port, remain pessimistic about the dollar, however, particularly if the trade numbers turn out worse than expected.

The great unknown factor, despite the differences between October and January's markets, is the mood of investors. Deeply nervous and unsettled after events of the past four months, they might be unwilling to hold on to their shares.

Fidelity Investments, one of

Fidelity Investments, one of the largest US mutual fund managers, said it received about Janet Bush and Lex Column, 50,000 calls over the weekend Page 16

### **Bush-Dole** class war erupts on campaign trail

By Stewart Florning, US Editor, in Carlinte, lowa

CLASS CONFLICT has broken CLASS CONFLICT has broken out on the American Presidential election campaign trail this year. The feud is not between the Democrats and the Republicans but within the Republican Party itself. It pits the two front runners, Vice-President George Bush, the privileged son of a New England investment banker and US Senator, and the man who has emerged as his strongest.

who has emerged as his strongest challenger for the party's presi-dential nomination, Senator Rob-

ert Dole.

Over the past weekend here in lowa, the state which in four weeks will be the scene of the first test of what the voters – as opposed to the pundits – think, each has been busy undermining the images the other is trying to build.

Listen, for example, to Senator Dole, a man who grew up dirt poor in the tiny midwestern farming community of Russell,

"I am from Russell, Kansas and l am proud of it, he told an audience of about 60 crammed into the tiny American legion post in rural Carlisle, with a pop-ulation of 5,000 just like his home town. I did go to public (state) schools and I am proud of

There is nothing complicated about Bob Dole. I believe I have small-town traditional values and Washington experience, he says pointing out that when he becomes President and picks a team to run the Administration, "we are going to look for people who want to serve their coun-try...and they don't have to be rich either".

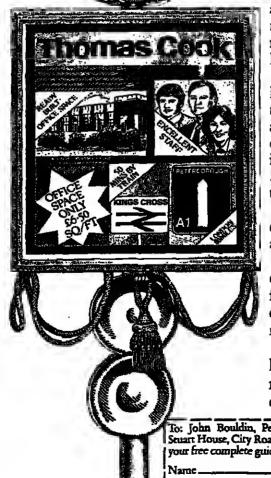
As for his decision to get into politics, he says it was "almost by accident" adding, in another barbed aside directed at Mr Bush, "not because it was in the family or we were looking for

lowa's caucuses next month are seen by all 13 Presidential candidates from both parties as crucial. indeed, in Senator Dole's case a poor showing here could once again doom his ambitions as happened in 1980.

workers are directing at him, that his campaign makes him look like he is running for Gov-ernor of Iowa not President of the United States.
But there is more to the Dole

But there is more to the Dole strategy than just a regional appeal. One of Vice-President Bush's weaknesses, a serious one in a year when voters say that they want to get behind television images and to grips with the character of the candidates, is Continued on Page 16

#### ONE TRIP TO PETERBOROUGH SAVED THIS TRAVEL COMPANY OVER £3 MILLION LAST YEAR



In business as well as in travel Thomas Cook have always been going places. But never more so than since they moved their international headquarters to Peterborough.

With Peterborough's overheads amongst the lowest in the country, Thomas Cook annually save millions compared with the cost of operating in London. Yet they're still only 50 minutes by high speed 125 train from the capital.

Peterborough is the ideal choice for companies seeking a new location.

There's an outstanding choice of housing. Schools are first class and people here enjoy unrivalled sporting and recreational opportunities.

If you'd like to join the legion companies who have moved here, cut out the coupon now.

IT'S BEEN WORKING O FOR CENTURIES.

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Company				
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		THE PLT	ERBORO, C	i itti

### **Moscow renews** call for ban on nuclear testing

THE SOVIET Union has renewed

THE SOVIET Union has renewed its call for a ban on nuclear testing following the arrival in Moscow of a US governmental delegation of scientists to visit the Soviet nuclear test site.

Mr Vladimir Petrovsky, Soviet Foreign Minister, received Mr Robert Barker, leader of the US delegation and assistant to the Secretary of Defence, on the eve of the delegation's departure for the Soviet test site near Semipalatinsk in Central Asia.

It is the first visit by US offi-It is the first visit by US offi-cials to the site.

The Soviet news agency Tass, reporting the meeting, said Mr Petrovsky "stressed the need for an early resolution of the prob-

an early resolution of the prob-lem of stopping nuclear testing, a problem which has become very urgent in the light of the transition to the process of elimi-nating nuclear weapons.<sup>8</sup>

Mr Petrovsky said he hoped early ratification of the treaties signed in 1974 and 1976, aimed at reducing the yield of nuclear tests and the number of tests, would be an intermediate step to ending such tests completely. ending such tests completely.

Tass said Mr Petrovsky also called for a complete ban on testing during Soviet-US negotiations on this issue.

delegation and a reciprocal visit by Soviet officials to the US test site at Nevada later this month follow an agreement reached at the Washington summit last

The Soviet Union is emphasis-ing the reciprocal agreement as a step towards the complete elimi-nation of nuclear tests, while the US sees it as an opportunity to set up experiments which would improve methods of verification. Once verification can be shown to be reliable, ratification of the 1974 and 1976 treaties

could be achieved.

The US and the Soviet Union signed the 1974 threshold test ban treaty and the 1976 peaceful nuclear explosions treaty, limit-ing nuclear explosions to 150 kilotons - the equivalent of 150,000 tonnes of TNT.

However, the US Senate has never ratified the treatles, demanding better ratification methods. The Soviet Union began a cam

paign to halt all nuclear testing in the summer of 1985. All Soviet tests were halted for 19 months and only resumed again

early in 1967.
The US has rejected the Soviet tions on this issue.

The US has rejected such a proposal which would pre-empt the negotiations.

The present visit by the US and rejected the Soviet proposal for a complete halt, saying they could not verify a total test ban and also that they wanted to modernise their nuclear weapons.

### US urged to focus on non-nuclear weapons

BY LIONEL BARBER IN WASHINGTON

A HIGH-POWERED presidential commission will this week call for the US to shift spending away from nuclear forces to focus on non-nuclear precision

These "smart weapons" are far better equipped to deal with regional conflicts in the Third World without embroiling the superpowers, the report says.

The advisory panel - the Comnitee on Long Term Strategy was set up in 1986 and includes a former Secretary of State, Dr Henry Kissinger, two former national security advisers in Dr Zbigniew Brzezinksi and Judge William Clark, two retired generals and purpose of the state of the s als and an admir-L

Its 69-page report cost \$1.6m to

produce.

The Washington Post - which obtained a copy of the report, said a bigger variety of precision conventional weapons, along with Stealth aircraft and missiles - would be difficult to detect and would strengthen Nato's count-er-offensive capability against Warsaw Pact forces in the event of an attack from the East.

In a reference to regional flare-ups - which some military analysts believe pose the greates threat of superpower confronta-tion - the report states bluntly: Threatening a nuclear exchange that would devastate the US and the Soviet Union is not a reliable

Hitachi's advances in medical electronics extend to automatic blood chemistry analysis, a Picture Archiving and Communications System, diagnostic ultrasonics and Magnetic Resonance Imaging.

#### **India** puts up petrol price by over 14%

THE INDIAN Government raised petrol prices by 14.4 per cent at the weekend in per cent at the weekend in an attempt to carb rapid growth in consumption and ease problems with the country's balance of payments and budget deficit.

This is the higgest petrol price increase for just over 15 years and was criticised strongly yesterday by opposition political parties and some sections of industry. It follows rises of 15-22 per cent in other basic Government-controlled commodi-

cent in other basic Govern-ment-controlled commodi-ties, including coal, edible oil, sugar and steel.

The increases will fuel inflation, which has risen to around 9 per cent, at a time when the country is facing economic problems caused by a severe drought in some key agricultural areas.

Mr Narayan Datt Tiwari, the Finance Minister, who

the Finance Minister, who will deliver his annual budget at the end of next month, indicated over the weekend that he would introduce some tough taxa-tion measures. He said that "unpleasant stops" were needed to prevent inflation rising to the 21 per cent level recorded in 1979.

His other most urgent problem is the budgetary deficit which Mr Rajiv Gandhi, the Prime Minister, promised a year ago would not rise shove a contreversially high planned figure of Ra56.88bn (\$2.4bs).

Drought and flood relief work are expected by the Government to cost Rail.5hm above estimates in the current financial year, and savings by farmers have dropped by an esti-mated Resbn. The coasequential increases in the planned deficit have been offset partly by economies and extra tax and import charges introduced last September, bat, since then, defence expenditure has risen because of India's involvement in Sri Lanks.

The petrol problems stem from sharp increases of 15-30 per cent in the annual production of cars and scooters during the past couple of years. Petrol con-sumption is rising in the current financial year by 13

### Narrow issues will not dominate this week's Tokyo-UK talks, reports Ian Rodger

### Howe warms up with tour of 'real Japan'

SIR Geoffrey Howe's visit to Japan this week is likely to be remembered for photographs of the British Foreign Secretary as locking for its carefully studying a Japanese cow and gulping down a lauge boul of green tes surrounded by Buddhist monks.

This is a pity, because he and his Japanese countrapart. Mr Sosuke Uno, will probably have useful discussions during their meetings today on world problems and the respective roles of their two countries in solving them. For once, British-Japanese carefully studying them. For once, British-Japanese carefully studying them. For once, British-Japanese counted by nerrow bilateral problems.

But Sir Geoffrey wanted to get out of the capital and see the real Japan, so Britain's diple.

But sir Geoffrey wanted to get out of the capital and see the real Japan, so Britain's diple.

One minute he was explaining them and to spring spas, of the prefecture a high technology them from London, Mr Himmatsu was the part of the ficking of cameras, then leading them rown over the clicking of the more rown at supposed to intit. Hirs Margaret Thatcher countries in solving them earlies to the official talks in 70kyo.

The governor is not one to the first part of the first part

### Mubarak warns Iran on Gulf attacks

EGYPT'S President Hosni Oman, Qatar, Sandi Arabia and Muberak warned Iran yesterday the UAE, a senior Egyptian offi-against attacking the Gulf states cial said.

against attacking the Gulf states hosting his first tour of the Arab world as head of state, and diplomats said he could be ready to boost defences in the region.

Reater reports.

President Mubarak later arrived in the United Arab Emirates from Riyadh, first stop of his tour of the six Gulf Co-operation Council states, where he had separate talks with King Fahd and Mr Frank Carluccithe visiting US Defence Secretary.

President Mubarak told King war.

position that President Saddam President Muburak explored Hussein of haq must be removed ways in which Cairo could combefore the war could stop.

A UAE official arrived in Teh-A DAE cancas arrived in Teh-ran with a message for Mr Ali Akber Velayati, Iran's Foreign Minister, which the official Emirates news agency WAM said concerned dialogue between Iran and the GCC on ending the war.

ways in which Ceiro could con-tribute to the defence of the Gulf The diplomats said the thrust

of Mr Carlucci's trip to three Gulf states, which ended yester-day, had been to ressure them of US support and examine ways of cutting US costs in defending The visit by Mr Saif Said, the senior UAE official responsible for GCC affairs, was the first high-level contact between the Gulf Arab countries and Iran since GCC leaders decided last month to open talks with Tehthe region.

Egypt, whose ties with Gulf Arab states were restored at the end of last year after eight years visiting US Defence Secretary.

President Mubarak told King war.

Fahd that Egypt was committed to the security of the GCC, which links Bahrain, Kowait, Radio. But he repeated franks.

Iraq in the seven-year-old Gulf Gulf Arab countries and Iran end of last year after eight years since GCC leaders decided last of isolation caused by its peace month to open talks with Tehran value.

If they use wisdom, we will month to open talks with Tehran value of isolation caused by its peace treaty with israel, could be well placed to share the defence burden with Washington, they said.

Japanese car sales record

NEW CAR sales in Japan reached a record 4.34m units last

reached a record 4.34m units last year, up 6.1 per cent from the previous year, reflecting the growing strength of domestic demand in the Japanese economy, Ian Rodger reports from Tokys.

The previous record was 4.28m, set in 1979. Demand for commercial vehicles, which has been in the doldrums in recent years, grew particularly strongly, up 10.1 per cent to 1.195m units. Passenger car sales grew 4.7 passenger car sales grew 4.7 per cent to 3.1m, partly because individuals were spending their prafits from stock and land trading. Toyota Motor remained the clear market leader, accounting for 43.2 per cent of the total market, followed by Nissan Motor with 23.5 per cent, Honda Motor with 7.8 per cent and Mazda Motor at 7.6 per cent.

FINANCIAL TIMES

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### Duvalierist ban raises fears of Haiti violence

HAITIANS braced for possible Because of the Duvallerista' further violence yesterday after influence within the army and 10 supporters of former dictator with the dictator's former Ton-

ment on Saturday night of 11 the community rejected propos-candidates, including only one als urging a boycott of elections, with vague links to Jean-Claude Duvalier, was said to have willing to recognise the govern-shocked the Duvalierists.

10 supporters of former dictator
Jean-Claude Duvalier had been unexpectedly banned from standing in the presidential elections next Sunday, reports Restor from Fortam-Prince.

An electoral commission, hand-picked by the military-led government, had been expected to include the 10 in a list of presidential candidates.

The military was widely thought to have been putting pressure on the commission to include the Duvalierists.

The commission's announcement of the 13 members of the community rejected propos-

### Panama army denies Noriega forced to quit

GENERAL Manuel Antonio Panama City about Gen. Norie-

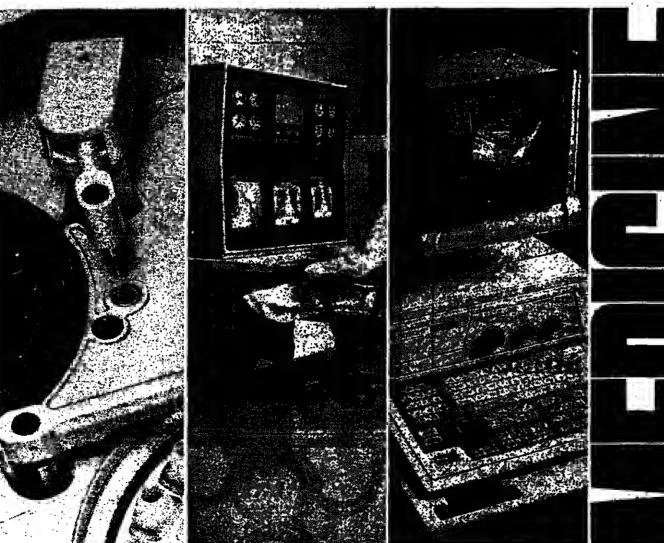
GENERAL Manuel Antonio Noriega, Panama's military strongman, was due to return to Panama City today from the Dominican Republic, a trip loose coalition headed by membrish sparked rumours of his bers of the business community. Since July, the US has suspended all contains and a sign of its disaptor the Panamaian Defence proval of Gen. Noriega remainfor the Panamaian of his departure country. Major Lopez said the commander of the Defence a senior Peningon official met Forces went to the Dominican him 10 days ago and proposed a Republic for personal reasons. Republic for personal reasons. Gen. Noriega's daughter is mar-

Since July, the US has suspended all concents and military sid to Panama as a sign of its disapproval of Gere Norlega remaining head of the Defence Forces.

The rumours of his departure were faciled by disclosures that a senior Pentagon official met him 10 days ago and proposed a scheme for a gradual transition to full democracy. The official is reported to have hinted Gen.

ried to the son of a Dominican reported to have hinted Gen.
Seneral Noriega step down by April:
These dendals went some way
to dampen rumouns that swept he is willing to accept this.

#### Medicine should be more than the ability to treat or cure. The best care and treatment come from precise diagnosis.



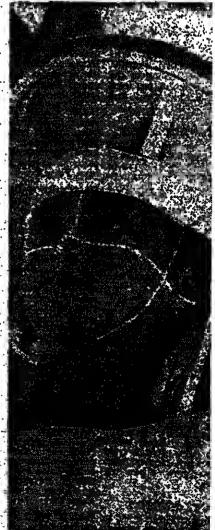
Medical electronics have broughtmarvelous progress to diagnostic medicine in recent years. Great strides have been made in biochemical analysis, electron microscopes and medical information systems. Another shining example is the advent of imaging equipment which uses magnetic resonance to display even the most subtle changes in body chemistry.

Hitachi's acientists and engineers are now at work on an innovative system which will make it feasible to store, retrieve and use comprehensive diagnostic data from a wide array of imaging equipment — from the most sophisticated Magnetic Resonance Imaging units (MRI) to nuclear medicine, ultrasonic scanners and X-ray CT, to name just a few. This Picture Archiving and Communications System (PACS) should lead not only to more precise diagnosis but also to formation of research and education information networks which use medical image data to the fullest.

Hitachi are also developing highly.

advanced electronic microscopes for ex-ploring the world of micro-fine objects indispensable in basic studies of medicine and biology. And we are creating medical equipment such as an automatic blood chemistry analyzer and an information processing system.

We link technology to human needs. We believe that Hitachi's advanced technologies will result in systems that serve peoples' needs more precisely and fully than ever before. Our goal in medicine and communications, energy and trans-portation as well — is to create and put into practice innovations that will improve the quality of life the world around.





### Bonn decision on deficit rise widely attacked

By HAIG SEMONIAN BI FRANKFURT

WEST GERMAN politicians from across the political spectrum have aharply criticised last week's announcement by Mr. Gerhard Stotlenberg, the federal Finance Minister, of a bigger than planued increase in the federal budget deficit to DM40bn (\$13.4m) and higher consumer taxes.

The federal deficit could actually rise to DM40bn on account of West Germany's weak evoncomic growth and: the upward trend in unemployment signalls. However, Mr. Stotlenberg in the cabinet in view of the composition Social Democrats.

Mr. Roth called on the Government in Mr. Stotlenberg in the copposition Social Democrats.

Mr. Roth called on the Government in the government in set saide its planned tax reform package for 1990 and embark on a programme of public investment instead.

More damaging politically for the embattled Mr. Stotlenberg has been the criticism from members of his sown Christian Democrat. Premier of Badea Wuerttemberg, a rise in consumer taxes was been the criticism from members of his sown Christian Democrats. Premier of Badea Wuerttemberg, a rise in consumer taxes was unsuitable in the present u

#### French raise doubts over EC set-aside farm plan

DEEP reservations about that European Commission's key plan for paying farmers to take land out of production have been expressed by Mr. Francis Guillaume, French Agriculture Minister.

Speaking at a private meeting in Brussels on Friday, he indicated his concern at the condicated his concern at the condi

### Ryzhkov seeks to speed Soviet-Swedish thaw

VIOLATIONS of Swedish territorial waters by Soviet submarines, boundary disputes, and trade will top the agenda when Mr Nikolai Ryzhkov, Soviet Prime Minister, today starts his first official visit to Sweden.

Mr Ryzhkov will meet King Carl Gustaf and Mr Ingvar Carls son, the Prime Minister, and visit despite reports from the Swedish waters by Soviet Submarines. The thaw set in when Mr Carlsson visited Moscow in April 1986 and despite reports from the Swedish waters by Soviet Submarines. The thaw set in when Mr Carlsson visited defence staff last month that fursther violations of Swedish waters had taken place during 1987; the Government has taken care to avoid blaming the Soviet Union.

Mr Carlsson said there was still hope that a preliminary agreement could be reached over the Baltic boundary.

Talks appeared to have gained momentum with a Soviet delegant momentum with a Soviet delegant incursions. For the Swedes, the KNU, which holds sway over that it of a burnarie incursions. For the Swedes the KNU, which holds sway over large tracts of forest along the forest was stilling eight people and injuring 38, according to Burnar's official radio, Reuter reports from National Union (KNU), one of about a dozen insurgent groups which has been fighting the military led Burnare Government for 40 years.

It was the worst reported civilian attack since 1985 when 60 geople died after a mine blew up agreement over the Baltic boundary would help to shift attention from the submarine; the KNU, which holds sway over a strention from the submarine; the KNU, which holds sway over a fact of a high proposed in an offensive against the KNU, which holds sway over a fact of the ministry in the submarine. The Burnare army has been engaged in an offensive against the KNU, which holds sway over a fact of the ministry in the cast of the cast of the submarine and the cast of the cast

### **Minister** tells Brazil debt team 'be flexible'

BRAZIL and its leading creditor

are playing down the issue as an easily resolvable detail in the new round of talks. It has been emphasised that the country is now ready to begin negotiations to regularise its relations with the international Monetary Fund — a key requirement of tha

THE DICKSON IN BRUSSELS

DEEP reservations about tha reforms which resume in Brussels to take land out of production have been out of production have been expressed by Mr. Francois Guillaume, French Astriculture Minis.

### as bomb kills eight in Burma

A BOMB ripped through a packed carriage on the Manda-lay-Rangoon express train yes-terday killing eight people and injuring 38, according to Burma's

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Michael Holman describes how a press secretary made 'good copy'

### Small scuffle shock enlivens tour

WHEN the journalists who accompanied Mrs Margaret Thatcher on her visit to Africa looked out the windows of the RAF VC10 on Friday night and saw the cameras flash as the Prime Minister stepped on to the tarmsc in London, they knew for contring that their stories had cree certain that their stories had created a stir.

Ten hours earlier and thousands of miles away, a controver-sial incident in the northern Nigerian city of Kano had been catapulted on to the front pages of nearly every British Saturday paper. Nigerian thug troops duff up Maggie's aides was one headline, succinctly portraying one version of the event which - in





line, succinctly portraying one version of the event which — in terms of press coverage at least—was to overshadow a colourful end to Mrs Thatcher's five day trip to Africa.

For some of the dozen or so lobby correspondents the past five days had been dull. The protracted dispute over the merits of sanctions against South Africa does not make good copy. A correspondent of one of Britain's popular papers wandered aloud about how to tackle the subject of Kenya's soaring population, which will double in 20 years. Kenya: Land of Bonkers, suggested a distinguished member of the lobby.

Sometimes tedious though the job can be of following the indefice and aid projects, of factories and aid projects, of factories and aid projects, there is always the chance that something might transform a want clear — nor was it true. In the press bus to watch Mrs Nigeria.

Bernard Ingham, right: Right hand man to Mrs Thatcher
Thatcher is negative Right hand man to Mrs Thatcher.

The highlight of the day was to be Mrs Thatcher's visit to that to be Mrs Thatcher's visit to that the price of the Emir of Kano, who had laid on a durbar, a traditional display of horsemanship, in her honour. It began chaotically, with a friendly crowd in her honour it began chaotically, with a friendly crowd in her honour. It began chaotically, with a friendly crowd in her honour. It began chaotically, with a friendly crowd in her honour. It began chaotically, with a friendly crowd in her honour. It began chaotically, with a friendly crowd in her honour. It began chaotically, with a friendly crowd in her honour. It began chaotically, with a friendly crowd in her honour. It began chaotically, with a friendly crowd in her honour. It began chaotically, with a friendly crowd in her honour. It began chaotically, with a friendly crowd in her honour. It began chaotically, with a friendly crowd in her honour. It began chaotically, with a friendly crowd in her honour. It began chaotically, with a friendly crowd in her honour. It began chaotically, with a friendly c

Ingham, the Prime Minister's like a m press secretary, usually by her right hand on these occasions, became separated from the main tic day.

including one doughty lady, were determined to keep the hol polloi at bay. Opinion divides as to precisely what happened next, but it provided rich pickings for the press corps.

From my vantage point a few feet away I watched Mr Ingham, black briefcase aloft, determinedly forcing his way through the scrum on the stairs. Mr Ingham is a formidable figure. Just as Mrs Thatcher's dominate of her sphings is belood by nance of her cabinet is helped by the fact that she has been there longer than almost anyone else, so Mr Ingham, who has served her for all but six months of her, reign, exercises considerable influence over the lobby corre-

spondents.
"It's Bernard!", exclaimed an astonished member of the lobby. The tone was what one might expect from a prefect watching a respected, slightly feared head-master being debagged by a gang of town toughs: part incredulity, part concern, and part amuse ment

Some of us saw a pitched bat-tle. I saw a scuffle. Whatever it was, it ended in minutes. Mr Ingham, a burly six footer, thrust his way to the Prime Min-

thrust his way to the Prime Minister's side.

The durbar began. It was magnificent: two thousand thundering horses, colourful riders, drums and trumpets, with the harmattan (a dusty wind off the Sahara) hanging over the town like a mist, creating a scene from a Cecil B de Mille epic. It was, as Mrs Thatcher said later, a fantastic day.

### Le Pen states his aims for France

By las Davidson in Paris

MR JEAN-MARIE Le Pen, leader of France's ultra-right-wing National Front, told a congress of 2,000 party delegates in Nice yesterday that his candidacy in the forthcoming presidential election campaign would be based on a commitment to restore to France its identity, units and rower"

unity and power".
If elected, he said, he would have aims to restore the role of the state, which had become "impotent to ensure the defence of France and the French".

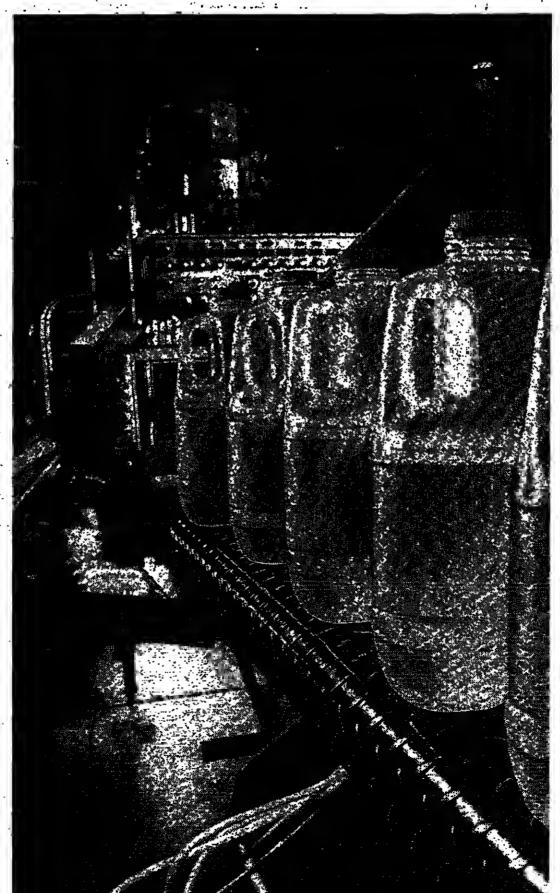
By this he evidently meant a tighter control of immigration which had, he said, become 'a phenomenon of reverse colonisafrance a new vitality through support for the family and the school, and to release a dynamic

Mr Le Pen's Secretary-General, Mr Jean-Pierre Stirbois, claimed he had already secured the promise of support from 630

rity payments to French citizens.

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#### **OVERSEAS NEWS**

The tenor of the Brady Commission's key recommendations is radical, Janet Bush reports

### Call for steps to forestall violent market breaks

IMPORTANT NEW FINANCIAL TIMES SEMINARS: CAPITAL MARKETS WORKSHOPS 1-3 February 1988, 15-17 March 1988 & 13-13 April 1988

FINANCIAL TIMES CONFERENCES

Analysis of the risks io capital markets operatioos ans assessment of the means by which these can be managed effectively are the objectives of this new series of seminars devised by the Financial Times and Price Waterhouse.

The three workshops already announced for February, March and April have attracted considerable interest and the spoosors one propose to extend this series to include workshops in May and June. Some places, however, remain open for the first three.

The content of the workshops is extremely practical and case studies are an essential component. Traders and those involved in support and control will find the three days of equal valoc. the speakers ioclude Price Waterhouse specialists as well as a remarkably experienced group of guest contributors: Mr Johnathan Britton, Finance Director, Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited, Mr Johnathan Cohen, Chief Executive, County NatWest Limited, Mr John Forsyth, Director, Morgan Grenfell & Co Limited, Mr Bob Fuller, Vice President, International Systems Division, Prudential-Bache Securities, Mr Paul Hanbury-Wilson, Chief Dealer, Treasury, Westpac Banking Corporation, Mr Richard Kilsby, Managing Director, Charterhouse Bank, Mr Kevin Lee, Manager, Treasury and Trading Groop, Baring Brothers & Co Limited and Mr Graham Simister, General Manager, Treasury, Nomura Bank International Pic.

CIVIL AVIATION IN THE PACIFIC BASIN Singapore, 25 & 26 January 1988

The pacific Basin, civil aviation's fastest growing air transport arena, is the subject of the Financial Times conference to be held in Singapore oo 25 & 26 January 1988. As traffic expands there will be a massive demand for infrastructural facilities of all kinds, ranging from new airports and improvements in existing ooes, increased provision of aircraft overhaul and maintenance. The challenges of meeting the growth will be reviewed by Dr William Fromme, Director, International Civil Aviation Organisation, Mr Michael Maine, Chairman and Managing Director, British Airports Services, Mr Horst Pohlmann, Vice President, Pratt & Whitney and Mr Jean-Robert Resnik, Chairman, Club Mediterrance.

The two-day conference will also include a forum in which the aerospace manufactures give their views on the development of civil air transport in the region and how they see their products helping to accelerate and even influence change. Contributors ioclude Mr James Chorltoo, Vice President, Boeing Commercial Airplane Company, Mr Gareth Chang, President, McDoooell Douglas China Inc, Mr Stuart Iddles, Senior Vice President, Airbus Industries and Mr Sydney Gillibrand, Managing Director, British Aerospace

All Enquiries should be addressed to:

The Financial Times Conference Organisation, 2nd Floor, 126 Jermyn Street, London SW1Y 4UJ. Tel: 01-925 2323 (24-hour answering service) Telex: 27347 FT CONF G Fax: 01-925-2125

collapsa was more eagerly awaited than other similar studies because it had been commissioned in a blaze of publicity by the President himself. Nobody had expected the Com-mission, led by Mr Nicholas Brady, Chairman of Dillon Read

Brady, Chairman of Dillon Read and a long-time political ally of Vice-President George Bush, to come up with anything contro-versial. But tha panel con-founded axpectations when its report was published as soon as the stock market closed on Fri-

day.
Although its five key recommendations are broadly worded, their tenor is radical. Underlying their tenor is radical. Underlying the far-reaching conclusions is a belief that "the massive volume, violent price volatility, and staggering demands on clearing and credit raised the possibility of a full-scale financial system breakdown". The Brady Commission calls for immediate action to protect tha financial system from violent market breaks.

violent market breaks,
The first recommendation of
the report is that one institution
should co-ordinate the few, but
critical, regulatory issues which
have an impact across different financial markets and through-out the financial system. The Brady Commission believes the balance of evidence suggests the US Federal Reserve would be the

most suitable candidate.

The key argument behind its call for co-ordination of regula-tion and supervision by one agency is motivated by a view often repeated From an economic viewpoint,

what have been traditionally seen as separate markets - the markets for stocks, stock index futures and stock options - are in "Undar ordinary circum-

stances, these marketplaces mova sympathetically, linked by a number of forces. The pathol-.

"Confronted with the massive selling demands of a limited number of institutions, regula-tory and institutional structures designed for separate market-

'The concern that some The concern that some clearing houses and major market participants might fall, inhibited the intermar-ket activities of other investors'

places were incapable of effec-tively responding to intermarket

pressures.

The New York Stock Exchange's automated transaction system, used by index arbitrageurs to link the two market-places, cossed to be reaful for places, ceased to be useful for arbitrage after midday on Octo-ber 19.

The concern that some clear-

ing houses and major market participents might fall inhibited intermarket activities of other investors. The futures and stock

'Massive volume, violent price volatility and stagger-ing demands on clearing and credit, raise the possibility of a full-scale breakdown'

markets became disengaged, both nearly going into free-fall." The Brady Commission suggests that matters such as securi-ties registration, tender offer rules, and regulation of stock and option trading practices should be left to the Securities and Exchange Commission which has the required expertise in these areas. Similarly, the responsibility for the design and regulation of futures contracts and markets should remain with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission.
The Commission favours the

and economic interests, particu-larly those of active market par-

only stocks, futures and options but bonds, foreign exchange and international markets.\*

The Commission notes that in most countries, the central bank, as part of its broader responsibility for the health of a nation's financial system, is the inter-market regulator.

Another two of the report's recommendations stem directly from the perception that more co-ordination is needed between different financial markets.
These uncontroversial proposals,
widely expected to attract support, are that clearing systems
should be unified across marketplaces to reduce financial risk and that information systems should be established to monitor transactions and conditions in

related markets. .The Commission concludes that it was the complexity of clearing and credit mechanisms, rather than a substantive prob-lem of solvency, which was at fault in the week of October 19. "What is needed is unified clearing with stocks, stock index futures and stock options all cleared through a single mecha-nism. Unified clearing facilitates the smooth settlement of inter-

THE report by the Brady Commission on October's share price collapsa was more eagerly awaited than other similar studies because it had been commissioned in a blaze of publicity by the President himself.

Fed as overall supervisor because in the financial supervisor because in intermarket transactions and communications systems and in effect bean distribution. The president himself.

Fed as overall supervisor because in the financial systems are whole and its relative independence which would reduce the chance of its relative independence which would reduce the chance of its relative independence which would reduce the chance of its relative independence which would reduce the chance of its relative independence which would reduce the chance of its relative independence which would reduce the chance of its relative independence which would reduce the chance of its relative independence which would reduce the chance of its relative independence which would reduce the chance of its relative independence which would reduce the chance of its relative independence which would reduce the chance of its relative independence which would reduce the chance of its relative independence which would reduce the chance of its relative independence which would reduce the chance of its relative independence which its relative independenc

concludes that current systems are not effective in monitoring larly those of active market participants.

The Federal Reserve, with its developments across interrestocks makes sense, should lower stocks makes sense, should lower what have been traditional participants. It has experience in many of trade and the for stocks, stock makes sense, should lower stocks makes sense, should lower which incorporates the ally seen as separate markets trade, tima of trade and the for stocks, stock makes sense, should lower which incorporates the ally seen as separate markets.

international financial market co-ordination.

The importance of these attributes is illustrated by the October break which involved not in each major market.

The final two recommendations of the Brady Commission are that margins should be made consistent to control speculation and financial leverage and that "circuit breaker mecha-nisms (such as price limits and co-ordinated trading halts) should be formulated and imple-

mented".

The call for greater harmonisation of rules on margin require-ments continues the theme of

ments continues the theme of greater co-ordination between financial markets.

The Commission plainly believes low margin investment in futures creates speculative activity, not only in that particular market. If an investor can buy a hedge for a position in the cash market at relatively low cost, it may encourage the taking of larger positions.

inancial gridlock and the attendant risk to the financial system.

Then, the report seems to suggest after all, that differing margin level for investment in stocks makes sense, should lower

margins and the potential for more financial leverage and more mancial teverage and speculative investment be allowed for market participants investing in stocks via derivative instruments? Should two mar-

gins requirements apply to what is, in effect, one market? The Commission argues circuit breakers would have three benefits. Firstly, they would limit credit risks and loss of financial confidence by providing a "time-out" to settle up and make sure everybody was solvent.

Ordinarily, markets move, sympathetically. The pathol-ogy which resulted when the linkages failed, underlay the market break in October

of larger positions.

The report pimpoints the low margin requirements of professional market participants rather than individual investors who it circuit breakers would counter the larger procession of the counter than individual investors who it circuit breakers would counter the larger procession. did oot appear to have been heavy speculators.

The report plainly believes markets have unlimited capacity futures market should be higher than now, but the language in the commission dismisses the this section of the study is rather argument that trading halts may be investors in preventing

"The October 1987 market break demonstrates that it is far better to design and implement coherent, co-ordinated circuit breaker mechanisms in advance, than to be left at the mercy of the unavoidable circuit breakers of chaos and system failure."

of chaos and system failure."
The report particularly urges that these mechanisms be rationalised across markets. This would avoid the situation which occurred in October's crash when the NYSE system went down, making index arbritage impossible.

impossible.
This robbed the index futures nower. markets of their buying power, pushed futures to a large discount to the cash market and therefore put even more pressure

on stock prices.

The remarks on price limits, which was regarded as the most controversial elemant of the report when press reports circulated on this aspect last week, were eventually left vague.

In its conclusions, the Commis-

sion suggests various topics which should be reviewed by the appropriate authorities. One is the fact that there are restrictions on short selling in the stock market but not in the futures or options markets, which could mean the restriction could become impossible if the futures market were to move in a certain

way. Another topic is the potential conflict of interest when market makers trade not only for their customers but also for their own account. A third is the question of whether specialists have ade-

utures and stock options all leared through a single mechaleared through a single mechausm. Unified clearing facilitates the smooth settlement of internarket transactions,

The clarifies the credit risk of settlement of the smooth markets. The clarifies the credit risk of settlement of the smooth markets. The clarifies the credit risk of settlement of the smooth markets. The clarifies the credit risk of settlement of the smooth markets. The clarifies the credit risk of settlement of the smooth settlement of th

### Genscher in Warsaw for four days of discussions

BY CHRISTOPHER BOBINSKI IN WARSAW

arrived in Poland yesterday for a contacts over agreements coverfour-day visit, the first by a ing environmental issues, protecBonn politician at this level since 1981.

He is expected to have talks with senior Polish officials much joy for Poland in the latincluding Gen Wojciech Jaruzelski, the Communist Party leader, ski, the Communist Party leader, ske West Germans are holding as well as Mr Lech Walesa, leader out for outstanding payments on of the banned Solidarity movement, and Cardinal Jozef Glemp, extended in 1975 which fell duethe head of the powerful Roman last autumn.

THE West German Foreign Min- Catholic Church. The visit ister, Mr Hans Dietrich Genscher, should push forward bilateral scientific exchange.

But it is unlikely to bring

### Opec 'unlikely to have to slash output'

NEW ESTIMATES for developing-country oil consumption, made by the international Energy Agency, have raised hopes that the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries may face an easier task balanc-ing its production with world

The IEA's review indicates that consumption is running at about 1m barrels a day more than the Paris-based agency had previously reported.

The higher estimate is attri-buted to the absence of any fall in heavy fuel oil use in the developing world, underestima-tion of oil consumption growth in the oil- exporting nations, and accelerating growth in countries such as Brazil and South Korea. balanced by a steady fall in their Opec quotas.

"I'm extremely encouraged by the report," said Mr Mehdi Varsi, an oil analyst at Kleinwort Grieveson. The imbalance in supply and demand is nowhere near again to 18.1m b/d in the third as bad as people thought."

Opec would not now have to trim its production as severely as it thought in order to support stable oil prices. The Opec crude production quota was fixed at 15.06m b/d in December, excluding Iraq, which produced 2.5m b/d last month. it thought in order to support stable oil prices. The Opec crude production quota was fixed at 15.06m b/d in December, exclud-ing Iraq, which produced 2.5m b/d last month.

cent in the year to the end of the collapse in oil prices now looked third quarter of 1988.

The report shows that Opec.

Discounting particular factors trude oil production felf to 18.3m influencing consumption in individual quarters, the IEA estimates an underlying growth rape of the reduction is accounted for in oil consumption in individual quarters, the IEA estimates an underlying growth rape of the reduction is accounted for in oil consumption in individual quarters, the IEA estimates at underlying growth rape of the reduction is accounted for in oil consumption in individual quarters, the IEA estimates at underlying growth rape of the reduction is accounted for oil prices argue that the report has no direct implications for oil prices but serves rather to explain why prices have remained as firm as and Kuwait produced well above

Third World, and that the IEA's quarter of 1988. consumption estimates were now Final data for the third quarter more in line with other industry

After seeing an early release of the report, several broking houses in the City of London issued strong buy signals for the oil stocks on the grounds that a collapse in oil prices now looked less likely. This helped contribute in a rally in the sector last week.

Mr Marcel Kramer, an analyst apparent discrepancy between Assuming neutral stock move- at the IEA, said the agency's supply and demand.

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### Turkish PM hints at early local elections

TURKEY'S Prime Minister, Mr
Turgut Ozal, yesterday hinted to
members of his ruling Motherland Party that he plans to hold
local elections this summer.
They are not due until March
1989, and a constitutional
amendment might be necessary
to bring the date forward.

"We may hold the local elections in June, or next year, or in
September. Let us be prepared,"
he said.

Early local elections would

TURKEY'S Prime Minister, Mr
Government's economic strategic
as municipalities have created
bransformed the city, but in
other cities, notably Ankara, the
part y has had a poor record and
development projects over the
se deeply unpopular.

Turkey has said it will sign
a Council of Europe Treaty outlawing torture, Mr Mesut Yilmaz,
the Foreign Minister, said yesterthe Said.

The Motherland Party won
control of 54 of Turkey's 67
provinces in the 1984 local elections, but its local government
sections implications tor the
Mayor, Mr Bedrettin Dalan, has
Anadolu Bankasi TAS and Turkiye Emlak Bankasi AS, to be known
as Konutbank was established by
official decree on Friday with an
intital capital of TL225bn
have merged in a major rationaltaking transformed the city, but in
other cities, notably Ankara, the
party has had a poor record and
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side there in Istanbul.
Transformed the city, but in
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party has had a poor record and
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side the city, but in
other cities, notably Ankara, the
official Reuter in Istanbul.

Tanadolu Bankasi TAS and Turkiye Emlak Bankasi AS, to be known
as Konutbank was established by
official decree on Friday with an
initial capital of TL225bn
well and transformed the city, but in
other cities, notably Ankara,
the Mayor, Mr Bedettin Dalan, has
Anadolu Bankasi TAS and Turbrive Emlak Bankasi AS, to be known
as Konutbank, a Turkish say was established by
official decree on Friday win

#### Greek public sector pay to increase by 1-4% BY ANDRIANA IERODIACONOU IN ATHEMS

months of 1988 have been set at the set of the set of the services and 4 per cent, representing 25-100 per cent compensation for projected domestic inflation, depending on salary bracket, the Economy Ministry announced yesterday.

As part of their January new contain press the scoronary ministry announced a freeze on the prices of public sector services and fuel oil for the first four months of the year.

The announced wage increases are designed, in combination with income tax reductions, to the services are designed.

As part of their January pay packets employees will also receive a similarly scaled lump sum payment of between 1.1 and 4.3 per cent to make up for the difference between projected and actual inflation in 1987, the last year of a two-year economic stabilisation programme hinging on a tight incomes policy.

GREEK public sector pay incomes policy, inflation is proj-increases for the first four ected at 12 per cent. To help months of 1988 have been set at contain prices the Economy Min-

Consumer price inflation in 1987 reached 15.7 per cent, against a target of 10 per cent. For 1988, despite a relaxation in

with income tax reductions, to give a minimum 3 per cent increase in real income in 1988. Over the previous two years workers suffered accumulated reductions of 10 per cent and more in average real earnings.

The Economy Minister, Mr Panayiotis Roumeliotis, called on the private sector to regard the increases as guidelines in setting collective wage agreements for collective wage agreements for this year, saying that the announced figures exhaust the limits of the economy.

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#### SHIPPING REPORT

#### Atlantic dry cargo trade opens year on firm note BY KEVIN BROWN, TRANSPORT CORRESPONDENT

THE New Year opened on a firm note for virtually all types of bulk carrier in the Atlantic dry cargo trades, where rates moved up daily.

Brokers said an 84,000 ton cargo was fixed from the US Gulf to Hamburg at \$12.80 per ton, while a super-economy Panamax ship was timechartered at \$13,500 per day from the US to the East.

Rates for the smaller handy sized ships also improved, and several vessels of between 20,000 and 35,000 tons deadweight were fixed at \$8,000 per day for transpatiantic round trips.

Denholm Coates, the London brokers, said several orders for early positions remained unified at the end of the week, and there the lifespan of their ships.

IPNA. Pursuant to a resolution of the Extraodinary General Meeting of

Pursuant to a resolution of the Extraountary General Meeting of Indosuez & Pariners Properties in North America (I.P.N.A.) N.V. held in Amsterdam on December 30th, 1967, a first distribution, in the framework of the termination of the companies investments, will be made to the depository receipt holders of U.S. dollars twenty million. The said amount can be specified as follows:

U.S. dollars 18 million representing the additional paid-in capital U.S. dollars 1,151,817.= retained earnings as per December 31, U.S. dollars 848,183. = interim dividend for the year 1987

As there are two thousand depository receipts outstanding on each depository receipt an amount of U.S. dollars 10,000,— will be paid.

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Stichting Indosuez Trust Services: Herengracht 320 1016 CE Amsterdam

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5

Solmer, henceforth consolidated under the name Sollac, together account for the French production of hot- or cold-rolled steel sheet: 28 billion francs in sales in 1987, 13 plants, a work force 26,000 strong... With more than half of the total production exported. And with, as always, the same overriding standard: absolute quality. As always the same must: customer satisfaction. As always the same close ties between our production units and their individual customers. We're working as one, with our partners, in order to win. Today. Tomorrow. Together.

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ACIERS D'USINOR SOLLAC ET SOLMER

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SPONSORED SECURITIES

italisation			Change	Cross	Yield	
£0000's	Company	Price	on week	dir (p)	%	P
6314	Ass. Brit. Ind. Ord	185	-3	2.9	4.8	- 6
-	Ass. Brit. Ind. CULS	193	-3	300	5.2	
725	Arestage and Rhodes	29	+1			
4306	BSB Design Group (USM)	52	-3	2.1	3.9	8
102452	Bardon Group	157xd	+1	2.7	1.7	26
8099	Bray Technologies	140	-1	4.7	3.4	11
875	CCI. Greep Ordinary	250ml	-3	11.5	4.6	6
1588	CCL Group 11% Cour Pref	127	-2	15.7	124	
16431	Carbornedan Ord	129	-1	5.4	42	11
700	Carboroodes 7.9% Pref	100ml	0	20.7	20.7	
2768	George Blair	150	+3	17	25	3
5656	Ests Group	71	-4	•	-	
9374	Jackson Groop	90xd	0	3.4	3.8	9
19104	Multibouse N.V.(AmstSE)	245	0	7.5	31	9
15750	Record Holdings (SE)	63	+7	27	43	12
2916	Record Hidgs 10% Pri (SE)	108	0	24.2	13.1	
510	Robert Jenkins	50	-2	-	-	2
5580	Scruttors	124ses	0	5.5	4.4	4
5682	Torday & Carlisle	200	-4	6.6	3.3	9
2625	Trevian Holdings (USM)	61	-4	2.7	4.5	-
23400	Unitack Holdings (SE)	67	+5	2.8	4.2	12
43976	Walter Alexander (SE)	360	-5	5.9	3.7	33
4784	W. S. Yeares	205	+2	17.4	8.5	20
4240	West Yorks Ind. Hosp (USM)	119	-1	5.5	4.6	12

Stock Exchange. Other securities listed above are dealt in subject to the rules of FIMBRA

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Antwerp — 2000, 2008, 2018, 2020, 2030, 2040, 2050, 2060, 2070, 2080, 2100, 2110, 2120, 2130, 2153, 2180, 2200, 2210, 2230, 2232, 2241, 2600, 2610, 2720, 2710 2610, 2700, 2710.

Gent — 9000, 9110, 9820, 9830-1. Liege - 4000, 4020, 4200, 4400. Leuven — 3000, 3030, 3044, 2072. Kortrijk — 8500, 8510, 8550, 8640. Brugge --- 8000, 8200.

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#### **UK NEWS**

### Jaguar forecasts strong recovery in US market

Portfolio of nature reserves

IAGUAR, the UK inxury car maker, which has been stung by speculation that its prospects about 2,000 less than the feather have become increasingly gloomy because of the stock many less can be such as the exchanges. Even so, this is about 2,000 less than the feather have become increasingly gloomy because of the stock many less can be a 2,000 less that the feather has also expected that sales in its all-important US market would recover by 2,000-3,000 untts this year.

It is now known that Jaguar has also exameled substainally its forward buying of the dollar. It has cover for all of 1983 at \$1.85, compared with the current level of \$1.21.

In these circumstances, Jaguar's management is understood to believe that, without cutting back its heavy investment programmes, profitability will be restored this year to around the 1986 level of \$12.0.8m (now).

The results for 1987 will not be published for some weeks. But most analysts have been looking for a pre-tax result in the region of 25,000-28,000 units, from 22,919

Mr Boole said Jaguar be for properly and the release of figures by legalar strong that its twest German rivals are spectral for the legal with the current level of \$1.20.8m (now 7,579, Sales in tigs for a pre-tax result in the region of 25,000-28,000 units, from 22,919

Mr Boole said Jaguar had chromostory car compared with the current level of \$1.20.8m (now 7,579, Sales in tigs for a pre-tax result in the region of 25,000-28,000 units, from 22,919

Mr Boole said Jaguar had chromostory car compared with such that 1983 sales in the US would reach. Significant the second best ever by a signing that its toral 1987 will not be published for some weeks. But most analysts have been looking for a pre-tax result in the region of 25,000-28,000 units, from 22,919

Mr Boole said Jaguar had chromostory car compared with some other from your control of the published for some weeks. But most supports the second best ever its a sleep in the US. The proposition of the published for some weeks. But most support for hi

TV union offers basis for ending

in Brief

lockout The ACTT technicians' union is prepared to discuss new working practices at TV-am, ITV's breakpractices at TV-am, ITV's break-fast television company, in return for an end to a lock-out of 229 employees, a senior official of the union said yesterday. Mr Jack O'Connor, an ACTT national organiser, said he had written to the company saking for further exploratory talks after a private meeting with Mr

after a private meeting with Mr David Davidovitz, TV-am director of production.

Mr Bruce Gyngell, TV-am managing director, is seeking an end to demarcation between technical grades at the company.

#### Teaching challenge

Leaders of the National Union of Teachers, the higgest teaching union, have urged Mr Kenneth Baker, Education Secretary, to insitigate a "full and impartial" investigation into the recruitment and retention of teachers.

The union challenges Govern-ment claims that imposed pay levels had stabilised the number of teaching vacancies and improved recruitment to teacher

#### Savings advance

Most employees contracted into Save-as You-Earn (SAYE) share option schemes have seen the value of their investments at least triple over the past five years, according to a survey by industrial Relations Services.

This found that, even with the stock market crash last October, share prices were still a "long"

share prices were still a "long way above" their values in 1981/ 82 when many of the schemes with options currently reaching maturity began.

#### Union urges ballot

Electricians' union leaders are supporting the idea of a ballot to test the level of satisfaction among workers in companies which have signed single union

The department said the Government was concerned to bring versial single-union, strike-free derelict land back to life.

### Le FINANCIAL TIMES est livré chaque jour à ses abonnés à Grenoble par porteur spécial

Pour bénéficier de ce service, renvoyer le coupon-répanse à : Ben Hughes, Financial Times, Centre d'Affaires Le Louvre

may join privatisation list The Government is considering seiling 224 nature reserves— which include some of the most beautiful stretches of country-side in Britain — but the environment department said yesterday that there would be no change made in the use of the land.

Mr Nicholas Ridley, the Havinonment Secretary, initiated a policy review a year ago of land held by the Nature Conservancy Councit.

The council was asked to look again at its portfolio of land holdings and to consider whether it was useful for it to eastern England, the Scottish

mons question to Mra Margaret Thatcher, Prime Minister, pect of these sales going ahead. He has tabled a question to Mra Ridley demanding an explanation. He has tabled a question to Mra Ridley demanding an explanation. The environment department said that the Nature Conservancy Council had not presented Mra Ridley with a definitive reserves will remain in national possibly to the Royal Society for the best of the Norloik Broads in the Protection of Birds.

The covernment is considering mons question to Mra Margaret that he was tabled a question to Mra Ridley demanding an explanation. The environment department said that the has tabled a question to Mra Ridley demanding an explanation.

The environment department said that the Nature Conservancy Council had not presented Mra Ridley with a definitive reserves will remain in national form the said that the Nature Conservancy council would consider his best of the section of land holdings and to consider the best of the Norloik Broads in the demanding and the has tabled a question to Mra Ridley demanding an explanation.

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The environment department said that the Nature Conservancy vancy Council had not presented Mra Ridley with a definitive reserves will remain in national properties and the was appealed at the procedure of the has tabled a question to Mra Ridley demanding and the has tabled a question to Mra Ridley demanding and the has tabled a

selling 224 nature reserves—
which include some of the most
beautiful stretches of country—
side in Britain—but the environment department said yesterday
that there would be no change

esterday. Mr Peter Hardy, a Labour MP who is chairman of the Council of Europe environment commit-tee, is tabling a House of Com-

Council.

The council was saked to look again at its portfolio of land holdings and to consider whether it was useful for it to continue holding all the land or whether it should be sold, the environment department said vesterday.

The nature reserves include the best of the Norfolk Broads in eastern England, the Scottish of England, the Avon Gorge in the west of England, the Scottish island of Rhum, famous for its red door, part of famous for its red deer, parts of the Gower Peninsular and the Isle of Skomer in Wales.

other bodies and it was contin-

Mr Tam Dalyell, Labour MP, derelict land back to life.

The review was described by the department yesterday as all years routine, in line suith reviews of land holdings by

The electricians have signed

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rkst

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69 Old Broad Street, London, EC2P 2EE has been appointed successor Principal Paying and Conversion Agent replacing Citibank, N.A. London, Furthermore, Swiss Bank Corporation at 1 Aeschenvorstadt, CH-4002 Basle and Banque Indosuez Luxembourg at

been appointed successor Paying and Conversion Agents replacing Citicorp Investment Bank (Switzerland), Zurich, Citicorp Investment Bank (Luxembourg) S.A.,

39 Allee Scheffer, L-2520 Luxembourg have

and Citibank, N.A., Brussels. Bankers Trust Company, London. January, 1988. Agent Bank.

**Bankers Trust** Company, London



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**National** Westminster Bank PLC

**BIDS FOR UK QUOTED COMPANIES** 

Note: includes only bids for companies quoted on main London market, USM and Third Market declared unconditional by December 31.

5.000

4,516 3,479 2,886 2,819

2,492 2,453

### Ports escape disruption in Customs switch

BY KEVIN BROWN, TRANSPORT CORRESPONDENT

BRITAIN'S PORTS kept goods first part of the year could be group, is planning an expansion flowing last week, in spite of less reliable than usual. This of its treasury activities follow-widespread predictions of chaos could have serious consequences ing the completion of a City following new arrangements for Customs documentation.

The European Community switched from January 1 to e Single Administrative Document for Customs declarations, replac-

through a combination of e reduced volume of trade and e

reduced volume of trade and e successful scare campaign by the Customs and Excise authorities.

Before Christmas, Customs of trade picks up of trade picks u

for many companies, which use the statistics as a source of market information.

Customs officers were helped in keeping goods flowing by the high level of companerisation of import documents and a seasonal reduction in the level of trade at many ports.

for Customs declarations, replacing about 100 existing import, export and transit forms.

At the same time, Customs tariffs switched to a harmonised coding system offering a choice of 13,000 numbers of 11 digits rather than the previous 9,000 rather than the previous 9,000 register digit numbers. Changes were also made to procedures for warehouse valuation.

However, the UK appears to have avoided the potential administrativa disaster only the second of the potential continuity.

Among the level of computerisation or import documents and a seasonal a reduction in the level of trade at many ports.

Among the bigger ports, Dover on the bigger ports, Dover of normal levels, Felixstowe and Southampton at around 75 per cent. Trade was also below normal levels at the seven airports operated by the British Airports Authority.

Customs officers say they are cautiously optimistic that the UK will escape serious dislocation as also belows.

will escape serious dislocation as a result of the changes, although they remain concerned that problems may arise as the level of trade picks up.

Freight forwarding companies.

Mr Douglas Tweddle, the Customs assistant secretary co-ordinating the change-over, said the campaign had succeeded in making most importers and exporters are compared by the control of the campaign had succeeded in making most importers and exporters are compared by the campaign had succeeded in making most importers and exporters are compared by the campaign for the compared by the compared by

#### **TSB** unit to expand treasury activities

THE TSB England and Wales, the largest member of the TSE

trading room.

Lord Cobbold, recently appointed general manager in charge of financial markets, said the bank would be enlarging its established sterling operations and would begin to develop its business in the foreign exchange markets.

The TSB England and Wales is

The TSB England and Wales is unusual among high street banks in that it takes in far more deposits than it can lend. Much of its treasury activity is therefore directed to placing surplus funds in the market.

Lord Cobbold said the bank's money book amounted to \$5.5hm which it placed in short-dated gilts and other money market instruments. A further \$1.5bn-\$2bm was invested in the bank'e strategic portfolio. Together, these accounted for more than half the bank's \$11bm of assets.

Although the bank could divert these resources into a rapid expansion of its loan book, rapid expansion of its loan book, it preferred to build up its loan business more cautiously, be

The trading room in Lower Thames Street cost \$1.8m to build and has a staff of 50.

### Warburg most active in advising on bids

S. G. WARBURG was the most' active securities house advising companies in 1987 on takeovers involving the UK, according to a survey by Mergers & Acquisi-tions, a magazine published by the Financial Times group.

Morgan Grenfell was the most active house in blds for UK quoted companies, in spite of the adverse publicity of the Guin-ness affair, advising on deals

Adviser

Morgan Grenfell 8G Warburg

ranks 16th in bids for quoted UK companies, with deals worth Cower the past few years Morgan Grenfell has generally been the most active house for bid activity, closely followed by Warburg and Kleinwort Benson.

Kleinwort has slipped a little down the latest lists. After a slow start to 1987 it became involved in some of the biggest management buy-out, the involved in some of the biggest group by Asia the supermarkets

ness affair, advising on deals worth £5bn (see table one).

However, when bids for unlisted UK companies and overseas acquisitions or disposals by British companies are addad, Warbing emerges on top. (table two)

It advised on 75 deals, worth \$7.03bm, with Schroder Wagg in second place with 73 deals worth \$5.2bn, and Morgan Grenfell third with 58 deals worth \$55.4bn.

However, Warburg'e lead would have been much reduced in some of the biggest in biggest metagement of the Midnear the end of the year, but these are not included in the survey, which only covers bids concluded by December 31. Schroder Wagg has advanced strongly, helped by its successful defence of Pilkington in the £1.16bn bid from BTR at the start of the year.

Two of the biggest of the MFI furniture group by Asda, the supermarkets chain.

Samuel Montagu, the invest-only group on its audacious \$352m include advising the small WPP in the start of the year.

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Two of the biggest only covers bids concluded by its successful defence of Pilkington in the £1.16bn bid from BTR at the supermarket shain.

Two of the biggest only covers bids concluded by its include advising the small WPP in the start of the year.

Two of the biggest only covers bids concluded by its include advising the small wPP in the £1.16bn bid from BTR at the supermarket only covers bids concluded by its successful defence of Pilkington in the £1.16bn bid from BTR at the supermarkets only covers bids

SG Warburg Schroder Wagg Morgan Grentell

Samuel Montagu

BZW

were it not for its involvement in of takeover uncertainty and US bids in which American secu-internal dissension. Hambros for Hill Samuel and for British rities houses took e role in advis-rities houses took e role in advis-ing its clients. Airways in its \$250m battle to companies, with deals worth

US investment banks do not figure prominently in 1987 bids for UK quoted companies. However, in a year when British com-panies spent heavily on US acquisitions, they do feature in the combined UK and interna-

Sachs — eighth in the table — with deals worth about \$4.1bn. That excludes its advice to British Petroleum in the biggest deal of the year — the \$7.9bn (\$4.37bn) buy-out of minority shareholders in Standard Oil — which is cutride the serve of the which is outside the scope of the

survey.

Among other US banks, Morgan Stanley ranked 11th, with deals worth \$2.97bn and First Boston 14th with deals worth \$2.5bn.

BIDS FOR ALL UK COMPANIES

AND BRITISH BIDS ABROAD

Note: Value of some private bids not disclosed by advisers; totals do not include tender offers and buy-outs of minority stakes

6,223 5,401 5,293 4,923 4,752 4,343

4,153 4,130 3,333

#### **US** estate group sets up London branch

By Paul Cheeseright, Property Correspondent

JMB REALTY, one of the biggest

JMB REALTY, one of the biggest US property investment and management groups with investments normally of about \$1bn a year, has set up its second overseas office in London.

The London business is intended to attract UK and European capital for investment in US property and find opportunities for US investment in UK property.

property. Its eetabiishment marks a Its eetablishment marks a departure from normal US practice: hitherto US involvement in UK property has been through owner-occupiers, like the big banks in the City of London, or through the leasing of premises.

The JMB move comes against the background of uncertainty about tha property intentions in London of the US securities houses following the collapse of equity prices last October.

JMB has a \$20bn property portfolio which includes 65m sq ft of retail space and 55m sq ft of office space in North America. It draws its funds from 350,000 US

draws its funds from 350,000 US investors and 300 US financial

The London office, under the control of Mr Theodore Stern, will not be confining its activities to the south-east, the area most favoured by overseas inves-

### Lawson urged to cut total of unemployed by 1m

even if Mr Lawson goes shead

The package would also more direct action to cut the dole queues.

The package would also include higher spending to rebuild the country's infrastructure, increased benefits for familiary and increased b

pressure group, says a responsi-ble package of measures would add 54bn to the level of public borrowing next year. Three-quarters of that is already allowed for in the Government's below half of that needed to genmedium-term financial strategy.

A CALL for the Government to use the Budget in March to begin a programme which would cut Im from the unemployment, economy, minimising any danger total within three years is made that a stimulus to the economy today by the Employment Institute.

In a series of recommendations

In a series of recommendations to Mr Nigel Lawson, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, the institute says that on the besis of present policies the true level of unemployment is likely to rise again this year.

Tax cuts in the Budget would be the least effective way of tackling high unemployment but even if Mr Lawson soes them.

erate extra jobs through tax cuts.

The institute, an independent lies and pensioners and extra

### **APPOINTMENTS**

### New director at Yorkshire Bank

Mr F. Graham Sutherland. ASSOCIATED NEWSPAPERS general manager of the YORK-SHIRE BANK since 1978, has been appointed managing been appointed a director. Mr Sinclair was deputy sutherland, who will continue as the bank's chief executive officer, is the first general manager in the 128 years history of the Yorkshire Bank to be appointed to the board of directors. A director of all the bank'e wholly-ish Ports Holdings. Mr John Yorkshire Bank to be appointed to the board of directors. A director of all the bank's wholly owned subsidiaries, he is also shairman of Eden Vehicle Rentals, e vehicle contract hire company in which the bank recently development subsidiary of Grospurchased a controlling interest.

Mr Ranjit Mathrani and Mr COUNTY NATWEST has Jonathan M.K. Pearson have been appointed directors of Mr Stephen Moore as directors. Mr Kaye joins from the armed CHANT BANK. Mr Mathrani was forces, and Mr Moore was a nexecutive director of Lazard Brothers & Co., and Mr Pearson remains managing director of Standard Chartered Bank Asia, Singapore, a wholly-owned subsidiary. Mr Lee J. Palmer has been promoted to e director to head international fixed income sales.

Mr Michael Yorke has been appointed marketing director of

been appointed an assistant director.

### Mr Michael Torke has been appointed an assistant director.

### Mr Michael Torke has been appointed marketing director of REED EMPLOYMENT. He was European marketing director of Holdings, Appleby Castle, Cumbria, has appointed Mr Ian Bonas as a non-executive director. He is a director of Widney, and chairman of ICC Electronics and of Bonas Griffiths. and of Bonas Griffiths.

COUNTY NATWEST has appointed Mr Graham Dewhirst as associate director to lead the venture capital team based in Leeds. He joins from Robson Rhodes, where he was a corporate finance partner.

Mr Peter Malpas has been appointed a non-executive direc-tor of PENNY & GILES INTERtor of PENNY & GLESS deputy NATIONAL. He was deputy senior partner of Quilter Goodison, stockbrokers to Penny &

Mr Stuart G. Sharkey has been Mir Steart G. Sharkey has been appointed executive director finance of DOWTY MARITIME SYSTEMS communications division. He joined the group in 1980 Mr Mike Hyslop, a director of the communications division in addition becomes financial controller of Dowty Maritime Systems.

Mr Steve Keeling is appointed managing director EXPRESS DISTRIBUTION in succession to Mr Colin France, and joins the board of Express Foods Group.

Mr David Oswald has been appointed to the board of H.H.PEGG. He joined the associate company Pegg Haindl last

SYSTEMS DESIGNERS has appointed Mr Philip Wallbank manager, has been appointed e director of LOMBARD CONTItressurer and group accountant.

\*\*Mr Andy Laing, deputy general manager, has been appointed e director of LOMBARD CONTINENTAL INSURANCE in addition to bis content responsibility. Following the death of Mr ties, he will be taking control of the company's London market man and managing director of non-marine underwriting.

### **Flight Departures BRITISH AIRWAYS BRITISH CALEDONIAN** BRITISH AIRWAYS **BRITISH CALEDONIAN BRITISH AIRWAYS** BRITISH CALEDONIAN AS SCHEDULED BRITISH AIRWAYS **BRITISH CALEDONIAN BRITISH AIRWAYS** BRITISH CALEDONIAN

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### **British economy** 'to outperform rest of Europe'

BY ALAN PIKE

THE UK's prospects for the coming year are better than those for most of the other larger European economies. Cambridge Econometrics concludes in a forecast published today.

Manufacturing output is forecast to grow by 3 per cent in 1988 which, although down from 5-6 per cent last year, would be about double the expected level of growth in industrial production in West Germany. Although the UK's overall industrial production is likely to rise by only 1.4 per cent, this is largely because of a continuing decline of North Sea oil.

of North Sea oil. The UK construction sector should see growth of 6 per cent this year, suggests Cambridge

However, the report adds that the "dramatic declines in unem-ployment of late 1987 are expected to come to an end in 1988 as the economy slows down." If anything, it predicts, unemployment will rise slightly to 2.8m in 1989-90 before declining over the 1990s to 2.5m.

Economy to the Year 2000.

Balance of payments deficits of the last two years are also forecast to worsen again as both the sterling price and output of North Sea oll show further declines. The growth of exports at 28 per cent a year is expected to be significantly below that of imports at 4.3 per cent in 1988. In the longer-term, the report, which looks at prospects for

standards." Above-average growth is likely in construction standards."

and services.

Cambridge Econometrics, the commercial wing of a Cambridge University Department of Applied Economics research team, also looks at the possible consequences for the economy of world recession.
A collapse of the dollar to an

A collapse of the dollar to an average sterling value of 1.88 this year, accompanied by world recession on a comparable scale to 1975, would, suggests the report, increase unemployment by nearly 400,000 by 1990 and halve the growth rate to 1 per cent a year by 1988-90.

However, the report says the UK is likely to be less affected by a world recession than most industrial countries. This is

industrial countries. This is because North Sea oil and gas output is likely to remain rela-tively unaffected and because, compared with other countries, UK imports tend to fall further

than UK exports in a recession.

Industry and the British

Economy to the Year 2000.

Cambridge Econometrics, 21 St

which looks at prospects for industry and the British economy to the year 2000, predicts 2 per cent annual growth in GDP more effective in generating real - "lower than in recent years but demand if it were carried out as good by average UK post-war a co-ordinated European policy."

### Heath urges backbench revolt over secrets act

MR EDWARD HEATH, the for- the need for reform had long mer Prime Minister, vesterday urged Tory backbenchers to defy a government three-line whip a government

He joined with Mr Roy Hattersley, Labour's deputy leader, in deploring the Government's decision to depart from precedent by whipping its supporters on what by tradition should be an occasion when the front benches on both sides leave backbenchers free to decide for themselves whether to support or oppose the Protection of Information Bill.

Speaking on BBC television, Mr Heath described the decision

Bill to reform the Official Secrets for civil servants who make Act when it is debated in the Commons on Friday that they are furthering public

interests.
Its chief sponsor, Mr Richard Shepherd, Conservative MP for-Alridge Brown Hills, confirmed that Mrs Thatcher, the Prime Minister, had refused to meet him to discuss the bill. He stressed that if the bill

secured a second reading, the Government would have the opportunity to introduce amend-ments at the committee stage.

#### Owen sets out plan to keep SDP separate

yesterday announced the next stage in their plans for preserv-ing the Social Democratic Party as a aeparate entity, initially under his leadership, in apite of the attempts to merge it with the

tution by ensuring that his views have secured majority support in

leader by his two cohorts in the Commons, Mr John Cartwright, MP for Woolwich, and Mrs Rosie Barnes, MP for Woolwich.

Mr Mike Thomas, who was among those who defected from the Labour Party when the SDP was formed, forecast that by continuing as a separate entity the SDP would attract widespread and growing support.

#### US aero group in bank venture

Nelson, an executive, said details would soon be released.

The authorisation is a rare example of an industrial concern Speaking on BBC television, ments at the committee stage.

Mr Heath described the decision to impose a three-line whip as monstrous and urged his backbench colleagues to show their independence on an issue where ments at the committee stage.

Mr Shepherd cited the recent disclosure that the Macmillan Government concealed the extent of the disaster at the windscale nuclear plant in 1957.

### Peter Riddell assesses the careers of Lord Whitelaw and his successor Lord Belstead

DR DAVID OWEN and his allies

the attempts to merge it with the Liberals.

The move is certain to infuriate Mr Robert Maclennan, who since taking over the leadership of the party from Dr Owen has shown skill and determination in trying to ensure that the essential principles on which it was founded are not undermined in joining forces with the Liberals.

Dr Owen has sought to keep control of the key levers of powers provided by the SDP's constitution by ensuring that his views

the party's national committee.

It was this body which yesterday issued a consultative paper outlining the procedures Dr Owen and his followers wish to see followed when on March 1. the newly-merged party is expec-ted to announce interim arrangements to take over the roles of the decision-taking executives in the SDP and Liberal parties. The SDP national committee

announced that on March 1 it would continue to operate under

### LORD BELSTEAD, the new

McDONNELL DOUGLAS, the US alreraft manufacturer, has obtained a licence from the Bank of England to open a banking business in London.

The operation, to be called McDonnell Douglas Bank, is expected to be based around the company's aircraft leasing and financing activities. Mr Anthony



depended on him. Replacing him involves finding not only a new leader of the Lords, but also a chairman of several key Cabinet committees, and a fixer who has resolved conflicts between minis-

resolved conflicts between ministers.

Lord Whitelaw has been famed, and widely liked, for his calculated indiscretiona — Willieisms — funny, and at times apparently naive, remarks which often got to the core of a problem, or defused an awkward situation. He has been the classic Tory squires and paternalists, example of the clever and shrewd professional appearing to be a bluff English amateur. His warning in the 1970 election class professionals and business. warning in the 1970 election class professionals and business against "stirring up apathy" is men.

would continue to operate under the party's 1985 constitution, with all major office holders continuing in their posts until September 1989, when there would be fresh elections.

Dr Owen will be nominated as leader by his two cohorts in the Commons, Mr John Cartwright, MP for Woolwich, and Mrs Rosie Barnes, MP for Woolwich.

Lord Whitelaw's career when the salways supported his leader of the moment. For instance during the Tory leader instance during the Tory leader to challenge Mr Edward Heath in the first ballot, even though he was the obvious and popular successor. This allowed Mrs well as occasional bursts of Thatcher to take the initiative and win in the second ballot. He

leader.

More recently, Lord Whitelaw strongly backed Mrs Thatcher during the Westland crisis in January 1988 and was, and has remained highly critical of the allegedly disloyal behaviour of Mr Michael Heseltine when he resigned as Defence Secretary.

At times, his loyalty has been tested – and he has shown his irritation in private. But publicly he has been loyal except once at the Conservative Party conference in Bleckpool in 1981 when Mrs Thatcher ostentatiously applanded speakers who attacked his record as Home Secretary, Afterwards, there was a row, and strains.

Lord Whitelaw's critics – and there have been some among his

Lord Whitelaw's critics - and there have been some among his former allies - have argued that he has had a one-sided relationship with Mrs Thatcher. He has been loyal, and she has given acting in return. The actusation is that he has always compromised and has never been prepared to fight for the paternalists and their causes.

Yet he has been the highly skilful conciliator of the Cabinet ensuring that in most cases arguments do not become too open and can be sorted out. In this he has worked closely with Mr John Wakeham, now the leader of the Commons, and previously the Chief Whip - as he did during the Heath administration with Lords Pym and Prior.

Lords Pym and Prior. Cambridge — where he was a golfing blue — Lord Whitelaw was then immediately caught up wative leader of the day, first in the war. He served as an offi-

1951 general elections, before being elected in 1955 for Penrith and the Border which he repre-sented until he was created a viscount in 1983.

He moved to the Lords in June 1983 with obvious relief but he quickly discovered the upper house as difficult as his former job

He then quickly rose up the insiders' route — first as parliamentary private secretary to Lord Thorneycroft as President of the Board of Trade and as Chancellor, then from 1959 in the whips office. From July 1962 until October 1964 he served as parliamentary secretary to the Ministry of Labour, before returning to become Opposition Chief Whip when the Tories lost office.

deputy, acting as a bridge with the former supporters of Mr Battalion), winning the Military Heath who initially dominated the shadow Cabinet and were pain and being twice mentioned highly sceptical about their new leader.

More recently, Lord Whitelaw strongly backed Mrs Thatcher and early 1950s as a farmer, the helped to pretect Thatcher. He helped to pretect Mr Heath from considerable party criticism in opposition up to 1970, as he did with Mrs Interpretable in disaptiches. He spent most of the late 1940s and early 1950s as a farmer, the helped to pretect Thatcher. He helped to pretect Thatcher. He helped to pretect Thatcher. He helped to pretect Thatcher are considerable party criticism in opposition up to 1970, as he did with Mrs Interpretable party criticism in opposition up to 1970, as he did with Mrs Interpretable party criticism in opposition up to 1970, as he did with Mrs Interpretable party criticism in opposition up to 1970, as he did with Mrs Interpretable party criticism in opposition up to 1970, as he did with Mrs Interpretable party criticism in opposition up to 1970, as he did with Mrs Interpretable party criticism in opposition up to 1970, as he did with Mrs Interpretable party criticism in opposition up to 1970, as he did with Mrs Interpretable party criticism in opposition up to 1970, as he did with Mrs Interpretable party criticism in opposition up to 1970, as he did with Mrs Interpretable party criticism in opposition up to 1970, as he did with Mrs Interpretable party criticism in opposition up to 1970, as he did with Mrs Interpretable party criticism in opposition up to 1970, as he did with Mrs Interpretable party criticism in opposition up to 1970, as he did with Mrs Interpretable party criticism in opposition up to 1970, as he did with Mrs Interpretable party criticism in opposition up to 1970, as he did with Mrs Interpretable party criticism in opposition up to 1970, as he did with Mrs Interpretable party criticism in opposition up to 1970, as he did with Mrs Interpretable party critic

served first as leader of the Commons, then as the first Northern Ireland Secretary from 1972 when direct rule was suspended and the first attempt was made at a power sharing agreement between the communities. When the industrial relations situation descriptated in late 1973 he was briefly Employment Secretary, attempting to reach agreements with the trade unions.

When Mrs Thatcher was elected leader he became her deputy, and from January 1976 home affairs spokesman, later giving up responsibility for the thorny subject of davolution. After May 1979, he became Home Secretary, where he faced considerable internal party criticism over his attempts to deal with the rising crime figures and with the hiner-city riots of 1961. It was with obvious relief that he moved to the Lords in June 1983, but he quickly discovered that the upper house was every bit as difficult as his former job. The Government does not command an automatic majority and has been regularly defeated—more than 100 times between has been regularly defeated -more than 100 times between 1983 and 1987 - over its more controverisal legislation. Before his stroke Lord White-

Before his stroke Lord White-law had been talking for some time of retiring later in the cur-rent parliament. Yet he had hoped to oversee the passage through the Lords of the first batch of the Government's radi-cal legislation. His enforced res-ignation leaves a gap which can-not be filled by a single minister.

### Testing time for a popular and painstaking peer

Leader of the House of Lords, is the supreme exam-ple of the solid, hard-work-ing and unambitious peer who forms the backbone of the Government's team in

the upper house.
As such, he will inevitably appear a stopgap in view of Mrs Thatcher's unwilling-ness to contemplate a wider Cabinet reshuffle at this stage, as well as the reluc-tance of Sir Geoffrey Howe to be shifted.

Lord Belstead will thus be seen as a competent interim appointment until a more senior figure is appointed in a reshuffle in the middle of this parliament. He may be in a similar position to Lady Young, who served as leader of the Lords from September 1981 until June 1983 before having to step

two in the Poreign Office

she then served as number two in the Foreign Office for four years.

Yet Lord Belstead has the advantage not only of considerable popularity in the Lords but also a wide range of ministerial experience. He has served as minister from 1879 to 1974, and since 1879, starting as a junior to Mrs Thatcher in the Department of Education and Science for three years, and then briefly in the Northern Ireland Office before the Tories lost office in 1874.

Over the past eight and a half years he has been a minister in the Home Office, the Foreign Office, the Ministry of Agriculture and, since last June, the Department of the Environment where he has been responsible for water privatication, environmental protection, the countryside and

want them fast. Here are a few.

with the minimum of fuss.

uments. He has also served as spokesman for trade and

as spokesman for trade and industry, employment, the arts and the Civil Service.

Throughout he has built up a reputation for assiduity and common sense well above the average for the hereditary peers who form the bulk of Conservative ministers in the Lords and who have backgrounds similar to his. lar to his.
Lord Belstead is 35 and

was educated at Eton and Christ Church, Oxford. Hewas a preparatory school-master and farmer in Suffolk before becoming involved in politics. He heraws a page to 1955. became a peer in 1958, succeeding his father, the first baron, a former Conserva-tive MP, and chairman of mittee.



Land Bolstead; talent for defusing argument

Lord Whitelaw as leader of

respected by his follow peers for his reasoned, painstaking efforts to defuse arguments and reply in detail to points made during debates.

However, he has never been seen as a leader or a particularly political figure—safe rather than exciting. His tact will now be tested as he attempts, mainly after Kaster, to atter the Government's legislation on educament's legislation on educa-tion and rates reform through a sceptical House of Lords where the Govern-

ment does not enjoy an atomatic majority.

Lord Whitelaw has already predicted treable, notably over the proposal to allow schools to opt out of local authority control, and Lord Beistead will be telled on by Mrs Thatcher and fellow ministers to min-



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WIGAN

'VE GOT A LOT TO O

### DTI launches strategy to boost smaller businesses

BY HAZEL OUFFY

THE NEW style of the Department of Trade and Industry will be unveiled by Lord Young Trade and Industry Secretary.

A revised approach will mark the end of sponsorship of indus-trial sectors and is designed to give the department a sharper profile in pronouting a climate of enterprise. The aim is te strengthen support for business across sectors and to encourage expansion of smaller and medium-sized companies.

Financial assistance to companies investing in the regions is

nies investing in the regions is expected to be administered more selectively. Lord Young, who has formu-

lated the strategy following an internal review of all the depart-

internal review of all the department's activities, will present it as new, even revolutionary.

In many respects, however, it represents the culmination of the process started by Sir Keith Joseph when he went to the Department of Industry in 1979 and sought to curb government intervention in industry.

However, ministers found that there was a continuing role for government in industry, notably in encouraging the spread of new technology. The need to promote in vestment in the regions became greater with the contraction of traditional manufacturing industry.

The regional offices of the DTI last October.

\*\*Respirate entiture\*\*

will be given an enhanced role in making the department more in a enhanced role in making the department more in making the department more in a enhanced role in making the department more in a enhanced role in making the department more in making the department more in a enhanced role in making the department more in a enhanced role in making the department more in a consider companies.

Advisory support will be chanced to chart the sector agencies, such as local enterprise aid and that their capital and human resources are being absorbed by the south. He advocates phasing out tax allowances = mortgage interest relief, pension contribution relief pension contribution relief pension sources are being absorbed by the south. He advocates phasing out tax allowances = mortgage interest regions are paying for 95 per cent of their own regions at these regions are paying for 95 per cent of their own regional and that their capital and that their capital and that their capital and the advocates phasing out tax allowances = mortgage interest relief, pension contribution relief pension contrib



Lerd Young: promoting enterprise culture

cleared of dumping charge These are:

To encourage competition and

tackle restrictive practices.

To improve the provision of information to businesses about AN ANTI-DUMPING investi-AN ANTI-DUMPING investi-gation of Komatsu has found the company not guilty of effending EC rules on components at its Bir-tley earth-moving machin-ery plant near Newcastle upon Tyne.

Results of the investiga-tion are not due to he released until later this mouth However, it is under-etood that European new methods and opportunities.

To create a larger market by privatisation and deregulation.

To increase confidence in the markets by achieving a fair level of protection for copsumers and investors.

Under the new strategy more effort will be put into extending support to the inner cities, in co-operation with other governmonth however, it is under-etood that European machinery makers which initiated the investigation have been told the Japa-nese company is operating within yardsticks set for camponent content. ment departments.

A paper published by the Bow Group today says government taxation policy is draining resources away from the poorest regions. Mr Rodney Atkinson, the author of the regions

Imports of Komatsu hydraulic excavators were subject in 1985 to 26.6 per

Komatsu

subject in 1985 to 25.6 per cent anti-dumping levies.

Komaton subsequently set up an operation at Birtley to produce excavators and wheel loaders and is now building these at the rate of 100 a month.

Grants from government and local authorities are

and local authorities pro-vided more than \$2m of the plant's initial cost of \$12m. The Committee for Euro pean Construction Equip-ment makers last year asked Brussels to examine whether Komatsu was still whether komaten was still bringing in more than 60 per cent of components by value from Japan.

The committee was suspi-cious because Komaten is still importing from Japan all its diesel engines, the most expensive component

most expensive component To circumvent anti-dumping duties Komatsu had to show it was sourcing at least 40 per cent of compo-nents by value from outside

The Birtley plant has been criticised by Komatsu officials in Japan for not being as successful as hoped.

Swedish company to set up Telford plant

EWAB, a Swedish manufacturer of production equipment, is to set up a small plant at Telford, Shrop-shire, to make automatic

conveyor systems.
Telford Development Corporation said the 16,000 sq ft plant represented an investment of \$1.2m with a grants package of \$90,000.

Our Industrial Staff examine problems caused by exchange rates

### Companies get the dollar jitters

admit.

Their reticence to spell out the potential pirialls of wildly fluctuating exchange rates is understandable given the victous mark-down last month in the share prices of those companies deemed to be most exposed to dollar exprises.

deemed to be most exposed to dollar earnings.

Another consideration is that companies cannot predict the impact of the dollar's volatility on their earnings, particularly those with a spread of subsidiaries and worldwide markets. Soma say that it is swings and roundabouts. GEC points out that the decime in the dollar has benefits for some of its US businesses. Its Cleveland medical equipment interests, for

instance, have won export orders in the Far East on price.

The group's exports from the UK are mainly capital goods and systems, which are less vulnerable to price than consumer goods. For some UK-produced items sold to the US, such as Marconi's head-up displays for military aircraft, there is no comparable alternative product.

Behind the search for the silver light powerer British com-

ver lining, however, British companies are nervous. The exchange rate is one concern, although for companies with considerable US exposure and which have tended to sign up dollar deals six to a suppliers to try to persuade them to price materials in dollars. However, companies which refuse to be down-hearted, whatever the stock market has been saying. The list are the saying. The list are the saying to persuade them to price materials in dollars.

although for companies with ever the stock market has been considerable US exposure and which have tended to sign up dollar deals six to nine months ahead, worry is not immediate.

The dollar has moved much refuse to be down-nearted, whatever the stock market has been saying. The US accounted for nearly half of Jaguar's total sales in 1987, and US targets for the current year have been set higher. The company predicts

BRITISH COMPANIES have a further than anybody expected. continuing buoyant demand for its will be worth less. But I do not think US demand for than many are prepared to implications of such movements, Jaguar has bought dollars for imports will be affected quickly. implications of such movements, not just for the US market but

also for markets in the European Community which are three times more important for UK 1989, the purchase rate averages around \$1.65. If the dollar continued to fall during the current The Confederation of British year, the company would delay Industry says exchange rates have emerged as the main factor influencing business confidence in its talks with companies as it

decisions on buying currency decisions on buying currency beyond the middle of next year.

The Rover Group, which went back into the US market nine months ago, shares Jaguar's view that the market is still buoyant. prepares its Budget submission.
At the individual company For the current year, it is cov-ered by currency bought for-ward: but it would be difficult level, a few are highly exposed. British Aerospace says it is pre-paring to make "substantially larger financial provisions for future years" to cover possible retain credibility with dealers trading losses from the fall in the dollar, since all civil aircraft tinued to slide.

benefits for some of its US businesses. Its Cleveland medical equipment interests, for instance, have won export orders in the Far East on price.

The group's exports from the UK are mainly capital goods and systems, which are less vulnerable to price than consumer goods. For some UK-produced items sold to the US, such as Marconi's head-up displays for military aircraft, there is no comparable alternative product.

products for more expensive, less price sensitive sectors.

The declining dollar does not benefit only US exporters. Low cost producers of textile and clothing in the Far East, their currencies linked to the dollar, are taking advantage of the lower rates to accelerate exports.

Mr. Richard Leffrey exponers to have sealing at a content to have sealing at a content to the sealing at a content

Mr Richard Jeffrey, economist at Hoare Govett, says stock mardone. "Companies will find it spread of manufacturing sites harder to export and dollar prof- and markets."

not think US demand for imports will be affected quickly. And the alternatives, i.e. dollar Jaguar has bought dollars for-ward for 1938 at an average rate And the alternatives, i.e. dollar of \$1.54. For the first half of stabilisation, would have to be higher interest rates in the UK."

Share prices in the pharmaceuticals sector, which derives a good part of its earnings from US sales, have been hit hard. Yet Glaxo, with a third of its sales in the US, maintains that the currency effect is "mainly presentational." The company says that prescription drugs, its only products, are generally little affected by price movements. by price movements.

ward: but it would be difficult for the group to pull out and retain credibility with dealers and customers if the dollar continued to slide.

Dawson International, the Scottish textiles group, is highly oriented towards the US. It hopes to increase the volume of its sales of luxury knitwear to compensate for the impact of the dollar on its earnings. At the same time, it intends to develop products for more expensive, less price-sensitive sectors.

The declining dollar does not benefit only 11S exporters. Low benefit only 11S exporters. Low

to have sterling at parity to the dollar or at \$2 to the pound. ket reaction to companies with However, it emphasises the dollar exposure has been over- strength to the group of its

### City regeneration to be studied

BY ALAN PIKE, SOCIAL AFFAIRS CORRESPONDENT

A THREE-YEAR project to seek practical solutions to the problems of economic regeneration in lems of economic regeneration in righer than those which have favoured parts of the north can stand age economic regeneration age economic regeneration age economic regeneration age economic regeneration age economic regeneration. The programme, sprported by a \$270,000 grant from the Lever-hulme Trust, is intended to produce policy recommendations for the revival of Merseyside and other urban areas affected by the property of the north can stand age economic regeneration age economic regeneration age economic regeneration age in some with the favoured parts of the north can stand age in some ways superior to them.

Some towns in the north, says the report, have more to offer, materially and environmentally, than their southern counterparts and great of the north can stand age in some ways superior to them.

the revival of Merseyside and other urban areas affected by economic decline.

Staff at the university's Centre for Urban Studies will be assisted by Professor Dennis Judd, director of the Centre for Metropolitan Studies at the University of Miscouri, St Louis.

A scering committee of local economic leaders is being set up to involve the business community in the project and to prepare for the implementation of the solutions it is heped will emerge.

economic revival it will draw tegether material on urban regeneration in the UK, US and Europe as well as conducting its own research.

A report by Spatial and Economic Associates, formed at the Earnity of Urban and Regional studies at Reading University, challenges the "widespread contemporary belief that the north of England is in an advanced state of economic decline.

The report to Voltan and Regional contemporary belief that the north of England is in an advanced state of economic revival it will draw tegether material on urban regeneration in the UK, US and regeneration in the UK, US and Regional as conducting its own research.

A report by Spatial and Economic Associates, formed at the Earnity of Urban and Regional contemporary belief that the north of England is in an advanced state of economic revival it will draw tegether material on urban regeneration in the UK, US and regeneration in the UK, US and regeneration in the UK, US and the Survey as well as conducting its own research.

A report by Spatial and Economic Associates, formed at the Earnity of Urban and Regional content in the UK, US and regeneration in the UK, US and rege

A THREE-YEAR project to seek conditions which could encour- eral areas of the north can stand

the report, have more to offer, materially and environmentally, than their southern counterparts and are simply awaiting discov-

A twin strategy of simultaneously regenerating depressed areas and promoting winners is required and the north has a bewildering variety of agencies and programmes attempting this regeneration.

economic leaders is being set up to involve the business community in the project and to prepare for the implementation of the solutions it is hened will emerge.

Mr Michael Parkinson, director of the Centre for Urban Studies, says the project will focus on growth and quality of life "sev-

#### Tory backbenchers urge business rate rise limit

will urge the Government to promise that, when the uniform business rate is introduced in England in 1990, small busi-nesses will not be subjected to a rise in excess of 12½ per cent in

Mr Michael Grylls, MP for North-west Surrey, who is chair-man of the Conservative back-bench trade and industry committee and of the small businesses bureau, will begin consultations on the framing of an appropriate amendment to the Local Government Finance Bill when the House of Com-mons reassembles today after the

Anxieties among small busi-nesses, particularly in the south of England where, as a conse-

BACKBENCH Conservative MPs quence of revaluation the uniform rate will make the greatest impact, have already led Tory backbenchers to make strong representations to ministers to

> They have received a sympa-thetic response, but Mr Michael Howard, Minister for Local Goverrument, who will be in charge of the bill when it is considered by a Commons standing commit-tee, may be reluctant to accept an amendment that links a safety net for small businesses with a specific figure.

Ministers also plan to reassure further the CBI and other organisations representing business which view a uniform national business rate level as a poten-tially dangerous weapon.

#### Call for end to the Post Office's letter monopoly

encourage a national postal ser.

companies to develop a competvice in competition with the Post ing national letter service.

Office, according to a report published today by the Adam Smith its proposals, the report argues, Institute, a right-wing think to allow sub-postmasters to work for the competing postal companies.

The report backs the abolition of the Post Office's letter monopoly on the grounds that it discourages choice for postal users and leads to poor industrial relations.

The institute dismisses fears that abolition of the Post Office's monopoly might result in a worse or more expensive service in rural areas.

However, the institute suggests that because of the time needed to build up rivals to the Post Office "simply removing the letMall.

ter monopoly would not necessarily be the best way to introduce such beneficial when a postal strike seemed on
competition." Instead, the report
says, the Government should folsays, the Government should follow the route used in telecomSmith Institute, 28 Great Smith
The report is aimed at rekindlength when a postal strike seemed on
the cards

Letter of the Law. Adam.

Street London SWIP 281 competition." Instead, the report the cards says, the Government should fol.

Letter of the Law. Adam low the route used in telecommunications by inviting offers

Sireet, London SWIP 8BL.

THE GOVERNMENT should from companies or groups of

In order to prevent unfair com-petition, the report argues, the Government would also eventu-

ally have to privatise the Royal

Madrid and Auckland Thai International's newest destinations.





Madrid, Spain, City of sunshine, cool breezes and romance. Of flamenco dancers, singers and guitarists. Of toreadors and picadors. And now That opens its doors to this picturesque city. Flights commence December 5 from Bangkok via Rome every Saturday and Monday. Returning to Bangkok via Rome every Sunday and Tuesday. Auckland, New Zealand. The perfect starting-off point for a holiday to remember. Skiing, boating, fishing, touring in the land of the famous All Blacks Rugby team. New Zealand has it all. Now Thai touches down there December 6, direct from Bangkok (leaves Saturdays), returns every Sunday.

#### FINANCIAL TIMES CONFERENCES

### CIVIL AVIATION IN THE PACIFIC BASIN:

### THE PATTERN OF THE FUTURE

Singapore, 25 & 26 January, 1988

The Pacific Basin, civil aviation's fastest growing air transport arena, is the subject of the Financial Times fifth Asian Aerospace conference on 25 & 26 January, 1988. The rapid growth in the region is already imposing, and will continue to impose, strains upon the airlines, airports and the aviation infrastructure overall. It will generate a massive demand for new aircraft and the money with which to buy them for many years to come. The aim of this '88 conference is to define these problems and indicate possible developments and solutions.

Speakers taking part include: Sir Colin Marshall Chief Executive British Airways Plc

Dr Cheong Choong Kong Managing Director Singapore Airlines

Mr Mitsunari Kawano Senior Managing Director Japan Air Lines

Mr Michael Miles

Cathay Pacific Airways Limited

Mr Frederick W Bradley, Jr Senior Vice President, Airlines & Aerospace Department Citibank NA

Mr Michihiro Sekiva

Director Mitsubishi Trust Bank Senior International Executive, Transportation

Corporate Financial Services National Westminster Bank PLC

Mr Michael J S Jones Director, Aviation Unit

Mr Colin J Hood

Wardley Capital Limited Mr James F Choriton Vice President, International Sales

Boeing Commercial Airplane Company Mr Gareth C C Chang President McDonnell Douglas China Inc.

Mr Stuart Iddies Senior Vice President - Commercial Airbus Industrie

Mr Sydney Gillibrand Managing Director, Civil Aircraft Division British Aerospace plc

The Conference has been timed to precede the Asian Aerospace '88 Exhibition to be held at Singapore Changi Airport, 27-31 January, 1988.

#### **CIVIL AVIATION** IN THE **PACIFIC BASIN**

Please send me further details.



A FINANCIAL TIMES INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE

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Position\_

Recording industry

### EMI gets the rhythm -and dispels the blues

David Thomas on the music group's quest for a sounder footing

than EMI Music, the only UKowned concern among the
giants of the music industry,
that standing still in the volatile world of the recording
business is a recipe for decline.

Dought in recording of Japan, and the PolyGram of Japan, and the PolyGram of Japan, and the PolyGram important factor in attracting new acts in this image-conscious business. It also released
other side, the often quicker of the polyGram of the Netherlands, and, from the
scious business. It also released
other side, the often quicker of the polyGram of the po Bhaskar Menon, the suave businessman who runs EMI's worldwide music business from

the rest of the decade.
Two factors formed the backdrop to these plans: the first helpful, the second unsettling. The first was the steady gains in profitability of most music companies, spurred on by booming sales of high-price, high-margin compact discs.

The second were persistent rumours that EMI's parent. Thorn EMI, was interested in selling its music division as part of its own thorough-going restructuring.

Thorn, having sold several of its largest businesses in 1987, top management has shown itself to be unsentimental about disposing of activitles which do not come up to

EMI's golden days were in tha 1960s and early 1970s, when it had the pick of the British pop stars who dominated the world scene. But the has not been big enough to parallelled in the rest of EMI's very success of those years generate profits there. In business. New people have generated complacency. 'EMI Menon's words, the company been appointed to head many ost its competitive edge," acknowledges Menon, who aggressive talent acquisition... joined EMI as a management We are signing more acts, trainee from Oxford some 30 entering into much higher levyears ago and who has in the els of commitment.

past year carried out the first

This has involved major management restructur-

NO COMPANY knows better than EMI Music, the only UK-owned concern among the giants of the music industry, that standing still in the volational transfer of the Netherlands, and, from the Netherlands, and from the Netherlands, and from the Netherlands and from the Nether independents.
EMI's capacity to respond to

such challenges was blunted by it being viewed as a cash cow by Thorn EMI immediseries of actions designed to put it on a sound footing for the rest of the decade creating an attitude of caution, when other music businesses were investing heavily," according to Bob Nellist, Thorn EMI's finance director.

> 'We are signing more acts, entering into much higher levels of commitment.'

worse shape than many of its as a whole EMI's market share rivals to cope with the down advanced to 9.5 per cent. its largest businesses in 1861, now says firmly that It has never seriously considered selling its music wing and that it counts music as one of its core counts music as one of its core the charts of the UK.

The days of the UK.

the rest of the world. North America EMI has been investing financial year. heavily to boost its market

This has involved the company's North American record as had been the custom. ing of EMI since the company labels hiring more staff skilled was acquired by Thorn in 1979.

"Looking back, EMI was not the subtle arts of talent spotting. Extra people were also able to withstand as well as we

ate the feeling that things were North America, leaving him free to concentrate on its

worldwide strategy.
Extra investment went hand in hand with paring back on costs, a process which still has some way to run. The latest example was last month's decision to close EMI's last remaining blank tape operations in Virginia. In June, the group merged two of its North American labels, EMI America and Manhattan, to form an east-coast based label of similar weight to its Los
Angeles-based Capitol Records.
Menon points to last year's
results as proof that the North
American strategy is working.
Sales were up by 38 per cent, more than double the esti-ln consequence, EMI was in mated rate for the US industry

even in the charts of the UK, it was a breakthrough year. its home base. Yet its most it is unrealistic to expect that pressing problem was in North level of growth consistently, America, which is both the says Menon, who adds that he world's biggest market and the would be disappointed if EMI largest source of pop talent for does not reach breakeven in North America in the next

The management shake-up share in North America which in North America has been has not been big enough to parallelled in the rest of EMI's in the US set out on an active, of EMI's key divisions. The business was reorganised so that the UK, the only country to rival the US as a source of new acts, reported directly to Menon, rather than indirectly

A new international marketing division was given the job promoting EMI's wished the impact of the sudden surge of competition from two different sectors, Menon continues.

brought into the very top levals and the US Anglo-American records in countries other than the US and the UK, freeing executives in those countries to search for a common industry practice.



Bhaskar Menon with Tina Turner, one of the superstars wh repertoires EMI is now putting on high-margin compact discs

appreciating. In 1986, EMI opened two compact disc plants — an American one in Illinois and a British one in Swindon - allowing it to exploit more fully in the new medium its reservoir of superstar repertoire such as the Beatles, Tina Turner, David Bowie, Pink Floyd, the Beach Boys, Frank Sinatra and Cliff

The new strategy showed up in sharply improved results for other businesses. EMI in New the year ending March 1987. York for instance, is helping Thorn does not disclose EMI out with these functions for increase was a major factor in sumer electronics rental chain, the near tripling of profits in bought by Thorn in July.

Thorn's music division (which and were Thorn's board ever also includes some unrelated businesses) from \$8.8m to \$25.4m on sales up from \$579m to \$666.4m. The division was reported last month as doing well in the first half of 1987-88.

compact disc sales, a music tile - but volatile around much revolution which Menon higher profit levals, adding acknowledges EMI was late in that the corporation is prepared to be patient with the new management."

Nellist atresses that EMI's international spread – it is directly represented in 35 countries and has licence countries and has licence ing is out of their control. arrangements in a further 32 is a key resource for the whole group in its drive to increase its overseas business. Thorn is drawing on EMI's cash and tax mation is rarely held in any quate management control one place, that companies It believes that cash invariably do not know exactly advances for business travel group in its drive to increase Music's profits, but their Rent-A-Center, the US con-

And were Thorn's board ever to turn its mind to selling its exciting, but volatile music arm, it would no doubt take comfort in the thought that Sony's \$2bn purchase of CBS's music business, generally regarded as a very full price, shows there are groups around prepared to pay heftily for a world-ranking music company.

#### Business travel

### A cost that is running away

cent of companies expected

executives to fund all expenses

diture for those companies sur-veyed was £1.2m. Of this

companies had accounts with travel agents for buying airline tickets, for example, the survey

found that more than a third

of airline tickets are still bought direct by the traveller

or company travel manager regardless of whether or not

the company has a designated

The American Expresa

answer is that a properly man-aged travel and entertainment

system can be more flexible

travel agent.

BY DAVID CHURCHILL

BRITAIN'S business travellers are likely to spend approaching says Rodrigues.

\$20bn this year on all forms of travel and entertainment for their companies – more than their companies – more than total UK corporate expenditure on advertising and corporation tax combined. Yet it is a business cost about which few tainment The amount of cash ness cost about which few tainment. The amount of cash

- including travellers' cheques companies seem concerned. companies seem concerned.

A survey by American

Express, the charge card and financial services group, to be published later this month, found that in 46 per cent of the 771 companies surveyed, spending on travel and entertainment last year had risen faster than their turnover.

— including traveliers' cheques among the survey companies was as high as \$500,000, the survey reveals.

The survey also found that in spite of cash advances and the use of traveliers' cheques and charge cards, some 44 per cent of companies expected faster than their turnover.

Moreover, some 48 per cent employees to fund at least part of the finance directors quizzed of their expenses themselves from companies in a wide and reclaim them later. One in range of industries and in both every ten companies expects the private and public sector - executives to fund a expected such expenditure to for reclaiming later.

continua rising faster than turnover this year.

"Companies which would fight to the last drop of blood and the overall average expensions."

The average annual spend per head by business travellers, the survey shows, was \$4,600 and the overall average expensions. fight to the last drop of blood to get a good deal on a new photoopier are cheerfully tossing away thousands of pounds expenditure, the largest slice - because they fail to get to grips some 62 per cent - went on with simple fundamental airfares, followed by 28 per issues like who can spend how cent on accommodation and much and on what, points the rest on entertainment out Christopher Rodrigues, While just under half of all managing director of American Express's UK travel management services division.

American Express is particularly interested in the subject because it has a consultancy service aimed at helping companies improve their control of business travel and entertainment expenditure. It believes

"It is because the true costs of travel and entertainment and responsive to travellers'

managers have cards and yet by sheer weight of numbers it is the middle and junior man-agers who account for the majority of business travellers and incur the most expenses.

The problem, says American Express, is that charge cards are seen as a perk for manage-ment rather than a means of managing travel and entertain-ment - thus, nine out of every ten directors and senior execu tives have the company's

American Express is well aware that its attempts to improve the control of travel and entertainment costs for cli-ents is not always supported by some of their executives who perceive it as diminishing their power or making airline travel even more unpleasant than it

Companies that apply a blanket policy of economy-only flights in order to control costs, for example, may save a few pounds in the short term but invariably leave the travelling executive disgruntled and exhausted at the end of a journey. Moreover, morale is often made worse by senior directors flouting the rule and flying

But many companies continue to believe that such a system need not apply to them. Yet these are the very ones which have a fragmented and inconsistent policy which probably costs more in executive time seeking to outwit the system than it saves in any badly-applied cost-control system, says Rodrigues.

#### **Business** courses

February 2. Fee: members \$110

Routes to global leadership, London January 28. Fee: members £150 + VAT and non-members £125 + VAT. Details from the Strategic Planning A chief executive's guide to Society, 15 Belgrave Square, JIT and MRP 11, London. London SW1X 8PU. Telephone: 01-235 0246.

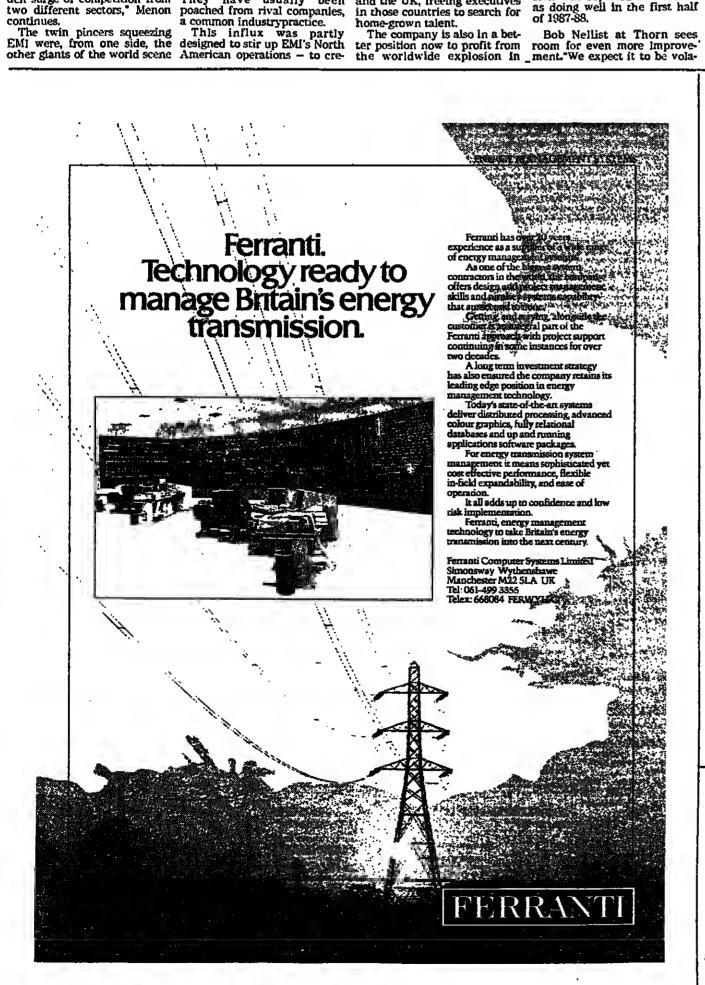
Marketing Training, Moor Hall, Cookham, Maidenhead, Berks, SL6 9QH. Telephone: 06285

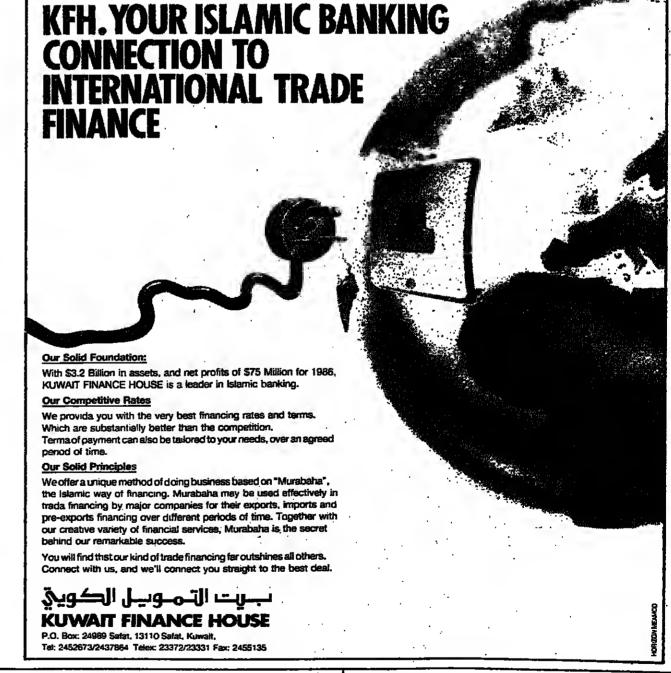
Offshore tax planning through companies, London. February 24. Fee: \$190 + VAT. + VAT and non-members \$140

Selling and customer relations from The General Secretary, BPICS, 45-47

South Street, Bishop's Stortford, Herts, CM23 3AG. Telephone: 0279 56695.

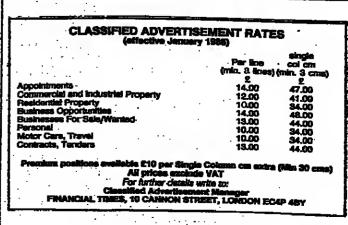
Selling and customer relations from Christine Richard Christian Christ













Which has swent down from Canada to Texas, and given a new meaning to the Deep South, is relatively mild in Washington; said the properties of the supermarket, shelves and the offices. There is even a rate the supermarket, shelves and the offices, There is even a rate that publication of some important figures may be delayed, as the "supisiticals and throw another log on the fire."

Not even this emergency, the supermarket of 1988, There is even a rate of the fire of the financiers is beginning to make the difference between a bank and a retail store or an oil company, are going to need a new though, nor the publication of the free latinety of 1988, The relatively one of the financiers is beginning to make the disconstitute of the supermark for the supplication. The sheer glee which most proble feel as the disconstitute of the financiers is beginning to not be fire.

Not even this emergency, the transportant political fact of 1988, The relatively and the free latinety of the financiers is beginning to need a new they of the financiers is beginning to need a new they of the financiers is beginning to need a new they of the financiers is beginning to need a new they of the financiers is beginning to need a new they of the financiers is beginning to need a new they of regulation.

This is hardly an original to tent the supplication of the financiers is pool for the financiers is good for the financiers in the supplication of the financiers is beginning to need a new there are the supplication of the financiers is beginning to need a new the publication of the financiers is beginning to need a new there are the supplication of the financiers is beginning to need a new there are the supplication of the financiers is good for the financiers is good for the financiers of the financiers is good for the financiers of the financiers is good for the financiers of the financiers of the financiers is not purpose in a reasonation. (The Federal to the financiers of the financiers is good for the financiers of the financiers o

The great winter storm

prevened the amountament that the Senate Banking Committee is going to mount its own investigation of the October 19 market crash, and so is the House Committee is going to mount its own investigation of the October 19 market crash, and so is the House Committee is going to mount its own investigation of the October 19 market crash, and so is the House Committee an Committee is going to mount its own investigation of the October 19 market crash, and so is the House Committee an Committee is going to mount its own investigation of the October 19 market crash, and so is the House Committee and Congress is the House Committee and Congress is still is own investigation of the October 19 market crash, and so is the House Committee and Congress is still refer to the most important result of the crash has been to blight the first green growth of computerised ones, involving for measuring risks and exposures of the kind spring of deregulation, an effort to turn back this particular tide may not make much particular difference for the land opt for self-regulation of the bank in gentled to its intellectual effort, these store its intellectual effort its intellectual effort, these store its intellectual effort the true will be good its

Not even this emergency, though, nor the publication of the massive Brady Report, has prevented the amountement that the Senate Banking Comtant the Senate B

pany, are going to need a new style of regulation.

This is hardly an original love affair with these unapthought. It is not just an pealing machines has a lot to attachment to the old ways do, I suspect, with the beautiful word l'informatique to which made the Bank of ful word l'informatique to developing countries in terms which made the Bank of ful word l'informatique to describe the subject.) Mr Bressert with the peautiful pay purples describe the subject.) Mr Bressert with the peautiful pay proprience of the real which made the Bank or England opt for self-regulation as the basis for the new markets, for it is devoting most of its intellectual effort these days to devising new meanings for self-regulation. The pruden-

a cold morning. It is often provocative rather than persuative than average in many imporsive, though. Even Mr Bressand, whose picture of the financial future as a network of networks looks as convincing as any science fiction can be, is too ready to believe that

The collection is sufficiently tal controls, contrary to the terse and opinionated to give a spirit of the club. He does not good kick-start to the brain on seem to notice that these coun-

assume that what is good for the financial sector is good for everyone. Some of them make a spirited case for this point of view and at least three, dealing with developing country debt, are sharply critical of the banks. The collection is well worth reading (especially, perhaps, for those like myself who are inclined to disagree with much of it); but its drift goes

against the post-crash tide of

opinion Wall Street, it is worth

private flows and is likely to do so if the trade balance improves in a reasonably strong economy. The odds on this outcome are shortening. For the longer term, the forecasters might study the last two essays in the Amex collec-tion, which explain how long the structural adjustment is bound to take on both sides of

But few critics outside New York will bother with the intel-lectual arguments. They sim-

#### INTERVIEW

### Disputed Wizard of Oz

are no strangers to centro-versy, so much so that they have managed to imbue the

cent stake in the expectation that someone would launch a

full bid and hand him a quick insurance companies, having profit. That is precisely what happened when the Trustee growth in a depressed and Savings Bank made its offer in September.

The fact that Mr Adler got a pre-stock market crash price techniques and his successful market.

David Lascelles and Chris Sherwell meet Larry Adler, the Australian entrepreneur

called FAI Insurances Ltd) 1971: reverse takeover of

FAI General Assurance 1987: premium income I buy shares to make money, immigrants. The country had then I plead guilty," he says. become insular when it top A\$100m.

"Hill Samuel's shareholders became a federation at the

tor his investment and seemed identification of useful market describes himself as "very suctor have got his timing absolutely right only made his criticles, such as workers compensation and professional fied with what we've done inderanity insurance. But by A recent Australian example far the largest part of its says. "We won't be doing anythe sale in August of his growth comes from his lucrastakes in Ploneer Concrete and tive forays into the stock marin the related company Ampol ket.

A large router is a very successful dagger-like paper knife, he describes himself as "very successful": "We're perfectly satisfied with what we've done over the past 25 years," he says. "We won't be doing anything different in future."

The we', he admits, is royal. dagger-like paper knife, he

in the related company Ampol ket.

All the Perth hustnessman Mr Robert Holines a carned last year, no less than Court, again virtually at the Allthough mande Allthough Mr Adler acknowlhis already significant reputation for reading the market, also successful investors. It is already significant reputation for reading the market, also successful investors. It is already significant reputation for reading the market, also successful investors. It is already significant reputation for reading the market, also successful investors. It is already significant reputation for reading the market, also successful investors. It is already significant reputation for reading the market, also successful investors. It is also successful investors and only Aller points of hims extend by his office overlooking Sydney of the lift. It is must investored to successful investors and only Aller points of hims extend by his office overlooking Sydney of the lift. It is always the same of the successful investors and the success

them. the also gives short shrift to the notion that institutional investors should be looking to the long term rather than seeking quick bucks. "The long term versus short term argument is one used by losers," is his blunt riposte, although Mr. Adler points out that FAI has owned shares in some companies for 15 years. "Very short term," he mutters.

For all these comments, the impression he gives of an arrogant speculator is countered by the press, as he acknowledges - alone among the entrepreneurs he has continued to give interviews since.

him at closer quarters. They found that the press treats me comment on his keen intelliwell, he says. Insurance is gence, and the sureness with boring. But the press loves the which he identifies his invest-excitement of high-profile

stitutional Law in the Uni-

versity of Edinburgh, adds

He is quick to spot the weak-nesses or ironles in the argu-ments of others. His shrewd are no strangers to control.

Adder, the Australian entrepreneur
where managed to imbue the
way word entrepreneur with
all of them flattering.

To meet Hungarian-to-sa life
Larry Adler, the 56-year-old
Larry Adler, the

one of them his son Rodney. If they are against it, he won't they are against it, he won't the proceed. His investment philosophy, he says, is "responsive" (meaning reactive). No particular sector is watched more company Ltd (now called FAI General Insurance Company)

1968: acquires 86 per cent of the publicly listed Anitra-lian and International Insurances Ltd (now called FAI insurances Ltd (now called FAI insurances Ltd)

The publicly listed Anitra-lian and International Insurances Ltd (now called FAI insurances Ltd)

The publicly listed Anitra-lian and International Insurances Ltd (now called FAI insurances Ltd)

The publicly listed Anitra-lian and International Insurances Ltd (now called FAI insurances Ltd)

The publicly listed Anitra-lian and International Insurances Ltd (now called FAI insurances Ltd)

The proceed. His investment philosophy, he says, is "responsive" through the air with the greatest of ease," he says.

The won't they are against it, he won't the won't the says, is "responsive" called His investment philosophy, he says, is "responsive" through the air with the greatest of ease," he says.

The when billions of dollars fly through the air with the greatest of ease," he says.

The won't they are against it, he won't the won't the won't the says.

The won't they are against it, he won't ties when billions of dollars fly through the air with the greatest of ease," he says.

The won't they are against it, he won't the won't they will have any it is watched more of ease," he says.

The won't they are against it, he won't the won't they won't the won't they are against it, he won't they won't they won't they are against it, he won't they won't they won't they are against it, he won't they won't they are against it.

The won't they are against it, he won't they won't they are against it.

The won'

ested in betting on takeovers FAI's progress, in his view, is than on running an insurance also proof that Australia has book: "If the accusation is that benefited from its inflow of should be lighting candles to turn of the century, when the me for the service I did to sons of the pioneers decided to them." He also gives short shrift to the new blood, immigrants like

gant speculator is countered by tinued to give interviews since those people who deal with the collapse. "Generally, I have



## JUSTINIAN

A DISTINCTIVELY legal

academic journal has formed a singular service by uncovering a 17-page pamphlet entitled The Judge Over Your Shoulder Judicial Review of Administrative Decision, prepared by the Treasury Solicitors' Department in conjunction with the Cabinet Office. The pamphlet is addressed to all civil servants responsible for taking decisions on behalf of ministers, alerting them to the dangerous areas of administrative action that have become susceptible to challenge in the courts, Since the paraphlet is not on sale at Her Majesty's Stationery Office, the conclusion is that it is not meant for public consumption.

The tone of the pam-phlet is defensive of pub-He administrators and not a little critical of contem-

### Administrators v the courts

porary judicial intervention. It does not start from the premise that all sound: administration rests on a sound legal basis. If it did, the more apposite title would have been A Judge at Your Elbow. Instead, the pumphlet bemoons the activism of the courts in going beyond what the administrator can read in the precise language of Parliament. The pamphlet states that what makes administrative law difficult is that the courts have amplified the provisions of statute law in such a way that the administrator cannot rely on the words of the legislature alone, but will need to know what additional requirements the courts impose." The pamphlet seeks to expound the recent expansiveness of the judges. There are references to the courts' requirements about the giving of reasons by administrators, of acting fairly in the decision-mak-ing process, and the need for acting reasonably in making the decision itself. A section on the giving of reasons is indicative of the authors' approach. The pamphlet does not

describe FAI as one of Austra-lia's most successful general insurance companies, having

state that the quality of decision-making may be enhanced by the practice of formulating specific reasons appropriate to each administrative deci-sion. Instead, it provides tips for civil servants, such as "it is generally better to give two good reasons than to give three good reasons and one bad reason." The authors find it necessary to remind their colleagues that, "quite apart from any legal obligation, ordinary courtesy may require the giving of reasons."

On the duty to act fairly, the pamphlet is dis-tinctly cautions. It states: The circumstances in which the courts will impose the duty to act fairly towards persons likely to be affected by a decision are now almost limitless." One would have expec-

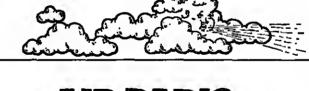
ted the pamphlet to say that fairness - a notion to be preferred over natural justice - should permeate every administrative action, whether the courts would deem it a legal obligation or not in any specific instance. The editor of the academic Journal, Prof A.W. Bradley, Professor of Con-

his own mordent co that the pamphlet might have stated that the requirements of sound administration do not pull in contrary directions, but comprehend the need to avoid illegal action, action that would lead to ombudeman-type injus-tice, waste of public resources, and so on: "As it is, the present leaflet does not avoid giving the impression in its approach to Judicial review that the requirements of legality are something external to, and different from, what good administrators left to themselves would wish to be doing. The danger in this approach is that the administrative task then becomes one of avoiding the toils into which the judges have, for inexplicable reasons, sought to entangle the administra-

The journal quotes from Richard Crossman's diaries. An entry for December 3 1966 records: "Last night I went to Oxford to a great conference at All Soul's. Richard Wilberforce (Lord Wilberforce, a Law Lord from 1964-82), and Mr Justice Salmon.

(also a Law Lord from 1972-80), had about 40 lawyers there with some civil servants, including Lady Sharp, to discuss administrative law. Some professor suggested introducing the French system of administrative law and fortunately everybody said it was non-sense." Perhaps this pro-fessor, revealed now as Prof Bradley's late colleague at Edinburgh, Prof John Mitchell, was not after all talking nonsense. For the greater part of the intervening 20 years, English administrative law has grown apace, to administrators are, almost desperately, learning how best to protect their decisions from challenges in the courts. Whether English administrative law still falls short of what the French demand of their public administra-tors will continue to be the subject of debate. That debate should be advanced when the longawaited report comes from that academic institution visited by Richard Crossman in 1966.

\*Public Law, Winter 1987, Stevens, £18.50.



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A sharp intake: Up to 216 direct flights o week. More destinations and frequency to France than any other airline. (There are in fact direct flights from London to ten major cities throughout France.) That includes London to Paris up to fourteen in all - each way

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But then, even Economy Class offers not only more legroom but in-flight catering with complimentary wine or drinks. Just one call books your flight, hatel, hire car. Air France, Breathe the words.

AIR FRANCE MI

TAKE A DEEP BREATH.

#### Dover ferry berths to be improved

The Port of Dover's three year \$55m investment pro-gramme goes into a new phase early in the New Year when a start is made on the construction of an elevated roadway to further sepa-rate inwards and ootwards traffic at the Eastern

Docks. FAIRCLOUGH CIVIL ENGINEERING bas won a \$5.6m contract to build a four-lane roadway to carry traffic arriving from the Continent from the berths above vehicle embarkatioo assembly areas to the immi gration and customs controls at ground floor level.

#### Starts today

Faircloogh begins work on the project today and completion is scheduled for May 1989. The 650 metre long roadway will be con-structed using steel beams laid on precast reinforced coocrete columns. About 1.200 tonnes of British Steel girders and 7,000 cu metres of concrete will be

required.
The roadway, 15 metres wide, will be accessed by three ramps from the berths. One ramp will link No 6 berth with the elevated section, another for berths Nos 4 and 5, and the third for berths Nos 3 and 2. the latter of which is scheduled to open oext win-

Traffic flows onto the elevated section will be con-trolled by a signal and traf-fic light system. A heating system will be built into the road surface to ensure traffic is oot affected by ice and soow in the winter.

The cootract also involves the demolition of berths 1 and 2 portals following the taking oot of service io November of Britain's first

commercial ferry linkspans which were opened in 1953. The north wing of the reception building is also to be demolished to make way for the "J" shaped roadway. This office area is to be replaced by a new building to be coostructed in the

### **CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS**

### Tunbridge Wells retail scheme Curbs for

contract for the soum Royal vic-toria Pace shopping centre in Tunbridge Wells, Kent, by MEPC Developments. The scheme will provide over 200,000 sq metres of retail space plus 1200 car parking spaces. It will comprise a two-level shopping mall with basement service access, a four-level palm house with food court, a new market square plus all associated management and service facilities. As well as a new department

store, the scheme includes extensions to the existing Marks and Spencer, British Home Stores, Spencer, British Home Stores, Boois and Woolworth stores to link them to the new mall and finished to a very high standard

MOWLEM MANAGEMENT has service areas. Other facilities will including escalators and two been awarded the management, include a feisure community glass wall-climber lifts. Extencent of the \$40m Royal Victoria Pace shopping centre in a market.

Construction work will include extensive underpinning to the odjoining shops to which service areas will also have to be maintained throughout the building programme. Work on site is not expected to start until early 1989. Mowlem's early appoint-ment is to enable them to fulfill a construction consultant's role prior to commencement to assist the client and design team to meet scheme objectives.

all new stores will have goods access via the basement service area which includes four vertical area which includes four vertical services cores with a total of eight goods lifts leading to access corridors at the rear of the shop units. Improved traffic facilities will be achieved by realignment and impovements to Victoria Road.

A leisure building suitable for alternative uses will be formed alongside the new market square. The residential element will be created on two adjacent sites alongside.

#### £4.5m orders for Willmott Dixon

have been awarded to Willmott Dixon Housing, based in Shef-ford, near Hitchin. One, worth \$940,000, is for the construction of 27 homes for St Albans City and District Council. The second

Contracts totalling more than is for the Royal Borough of retail units for new Homebase \$45m have been won by companies belonging to WILLMOTT bixon. Two of the contracts in Maidenhead in a contract for Ravenside Investments. worth £980,000.

Bush Gould of Norwich is con-Willmott Dixon Construction, also of Shefford, has been awarded a contract worth in the region of \$2.3m to build two

#### Column-free concrete car park for Bristol

worth \$1.92m, is for a 1,156 space multi-storey car park at Broadmeads, a development by Ladbrokes in the centre of Bristol. It will feature Dow-Mac's Spanpark product: column-free parking areas which allow greater visibility for drivers and reduce the risk of surprise muggings for pedestrians.

At Tobacco Dock, London

brick arch vaults.

In Chipping Barnet, Lovell Limpopo line, It involves supplying complex, The Spires, while Dow-Mac has been awarded a \$955,000 contract for a three-level multi-storey car park based on the Spanpark system and accommodating 400 for Brent (250,000); box culverts for the River Tame (\$151,000)

member of the Norcros Group, has won three contracts for car parks and other projects worth nearly \$6m. The largest scheme, worth \$1.92m, is for a 1,155 space with the basement of original 1830 brick arch vaults.

The development borough. For Cheltenham Race-course grandstand the company is to supply \$292,000 worth of products for an extension.

Dow-Mac Concrete has gained a \$370,000 order for work on the basement of original 1830 brick arch vaults.

pedestrians.
At Tobacco Dock, London
Docklands, Dow-Mac will manufacture and supply a \$1.2m mul
cars.

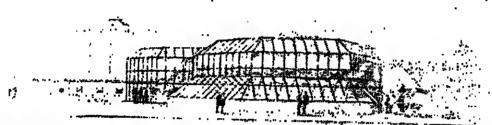
Cars.

Cars.

The company has an order for provided beams on the for the River Tame (\$151,000)

\$300,000 bridge beams on the and pre-stressed heams for A15 Glinton by pass near Peter
Stockport (\$140,000>.

#### Chichester Festival Theatre complex extension



£1.5m design and contruct

SIR ROBERT McALPINE & Theatre complex. The project, Society Club and offices. The SONS has been awarded a due for completion in Octo- hexagooal-shaped boilding sold and contract ber, comprises a 240 seat stu- will be of brick construction, \$1.5m design and contract contract to build a studio the atre as an additional facility at the Chichester Festival at the Chicketter Festival at the Chichester Festival at the Chiches

### the River Avon

MILLER CONSTRUCTION has been awarded two contracts in Rugby which form one part of three-phase scheme which will free the town centre from the risk of further flooding and release unusable land, along a four kilometre stretch of river for development.

The complex contracts – worth \$800,000 – include strengthening the foundations of a number of bridges which cross the River Avon as their founda-tions will be seriously at risk once work to lower the river bed by up to two metres is com-pleted.

To protect foundations sheet-piled coffer dam will be constructed around each of the abutments with a total driven length of six metres. As the headroom under each bridge is less than three metres it has been decided to adopt a system of welding extension piling.

During the project Miller Construction will both deepen and widen the existing river channel

Extensive stabilisation of the channel banks is also necessary due to the presence of a band of coarse gravel. This will be undertaken using a combination of gabion and concrete armouring.

#### Office projects in Toronto

Two contracts, together worth C\$14.8m (\$6.1m), for the con-struction of an office building and a retail and commercial cer tre have been awarded to TAY-LOR WOODROW CONSTRUC-TION CANADA. The larger order, valued at \$11.3m (\$4.6m), has been placed by Monarch Construction, also part of the Taylor Woodrow Group, it is for an airly to the transfer of the transfer an eight-storey office building -the final phase of the Heron's Hill complex in Toronto. The building will have a gross floor area of 175,000 sq ft with a basement car parking level. The structure will have a reinforced concrete frame with a combina-tion of facing brick and gold tinted curtain walling external

cladding.
The other contract, worth
\$3.5m (\$1.4m), is for a 50,000 sq ft retail and commercial centre for Shiu Kwan Lo & Sons Lim in Scarborough, near Toronto. Work is due for completion in May 1988. The development known as the Silverland Centre will have two buildings, each two-storey, as well as 146 car parking spaces.

#### FINANCIAL

Finale;
Appletree
Body Shop intl.
Caudon Group
Fleming Claverhou
London Scotlish F Lowe (Robert H.) Sturge Hidgs. Torridas (F.H.) Interiors

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TODAY Commons: Second reading of Housing (Scotland) Bill. Lords: Merchant Shipping Bill, third reading. Local Government Bill, second reading. Question to government on the maintenance of the therapentic regime at Grendon prison.
TOMORROW

Commons: Progress on remain-ing stages of Social Security Bill. Motion on Industrial Training Levy (Construction Board) Order.
Lords: Copyright, Designs and Patents Bill, committee. Farmland and Rural Development

Bill, third reading. WEDNESDAY Commons: Completion of Lords: Legal Aid Bill, commit-remaining stages of Social Secu-rity Bill. Second reading of ment (Immunities and Privi-lncome and Corporation Taxes leges) Bill, second reading.

Bill Motion on the Scottish Affairs Select Committee. Lords: Debate on devolution for Scotland. Debate on environmen-tal pollution. Question to govern-

Lords: Debate on the White tal pollution. Question to govern- Paper on Human ment on the establishment of a and Embryology.

#### Trade Fairs and Exhibitions: UK

Current
London International Boat Show
(0932-854511)(until January 17)
Earls Court
Wembley Conference Centre Carrent
International Toy Fair (01-226 January 30-February 3
6653)(until January 14)
Harrogate
Hobby Fair (01-701 7127)
Earls Court

Current
International Lightshow Exhibition (05884-658) (until January 14)

Clympia

January 17

Antiques and Collectors Fair (01-883 7061)

Alexandra Palace

January 13-22:

Court

February 2-3

Electronics Industry Show (0273-675131) - ELECTRO WEST

Bristol Exhibition Centre

February 2-4

London International Safety and Health Exhibition (01 446 8211)

Nevoted January 19-22 Which? Computer Show (01-891

February 7-11 5051) NEC, Birmingham

January 22-24

Holiday Exhibition (0895 58431)

February 7-11

International Spring Fair - Hardware and Housewares Show (0604 22023)

NEC. Birminham NEC, Birminham

#### Overseas Exhibitions

Current
Middle East Electricity Exhibition (01-935 8537)(until January 13)

APPROFAL - and Take-away Goods for the Home Exhibitions - INTERKIT (01-225 5566)

Paris

January 13-16
International Home and Household Textiles (01-734 0543)
January 13-19
Hong Kong Toy Show (01-930

Dubai
January 22-29
Bahrain Fair (01-486 1951
Bahrain
January 22-24
International Clothing and Footwear Exhibition - CYPROMODE (01-734 4791)

### **Business and Management Conferences**

January 13
International Business Communications: Implementing a strategy to prevent computer fraud in retail electronic banking (01-236 don W2 don W

January 15

HS Conference Studies: Winning planning appeals (01-437 9090)

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- and -IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Order of the High Court of Justice, Chemcery Division, dated the 7th day of December 1987 confirm-ing the reduction of the capital of the cased the 7th day of December 1997 confirming the reduction of the capital of the above-named Company trus £990,000,000 to £128,577,073 and the Minute approved by the Court showing with respect to the capital of the Company as altered the several particulars required by the above-mentioned Act were registered by the Bandster of Companies on the required by the above-mentioned Act were registered by the Repletar of Companies on the 31st day of December 1987.
Dated the 7th day of January 1988 Gifford Chance Blackfrars House 19 New Bridge Street London ECAY 6BY Ref. RWC

### **Company Notices**

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In accordance with provisions of the notes, notice is hereby given that for the interest period from January 1986 to 11 April 1988 the notes carry on interest ris on 7% cont per annum. The interest psychia on the revolent interest psymbol 11 April 1986 against coppor No 10 will be USD 940.02 per USDS0,000 note.

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CITIBANK, N.A. London CSSI Dept January 11, 1988

LEUMI INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENTS N.V. US \$20 MILLION GUARANTEED FLOATING RATE NOTES 1990 SERIES "B". RATE MOTES 1990 SERIES 18.

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To the holders of the U.S.\$30,000,000

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ble from the Secretary,

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Wandsworth Borough Council

Contractors wishing to be considered for nelection to tender for the returbishment of lifts (Phese 3) at Allon East Estate, should submit names to the Chief Esecutive and Director of Administration, Room 111, Town Hall, Wandsworth High Street, London, SW16 2PU by 22nd January 1988, quoting reference DH/S.

The work will involve the removal of redundant fifts which serve Bisnetworth, Easting and Hindhead Points on the above estate, a total of alx fifts, and the installation of six their fifts together with all associated building and electrical

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### **PARLIAMENT**

proposed press standards council similar to the Broadcasting Standards Council. Select committees: Employ-Select committees: Employment: subject, Manpower Services Commission. Witness: Sir James Nunn, MSC chairman. (Room 17, 4.15 pm).

Treasury and Civil Service: subject, European Community finance, and the proposed approximation of indirect taxation. Witnesses: Mr Peter Brooke

tion. Witnesses: Mr Peter Brooke,
Paymaster General, and Peter
Lilley, Economic Secretary.
(Room 8, 4.30pm).
THURSDAY Commons: Debate on a motion approving the Chancellor's Autumn Statement.

> FRIDAY Commons: Private members'

HS Conference Studies: Winning planning appeals (01-437 9090)

Cafe Boyal, London WI

Jamuary 19.

Management Forum: Expert systems in business and the professions (0483 570090)

Cafe Boyal, London WI

Jamuary 19-20

Crown Eagle Communications: Successfully acquiring unquoted comparies (01-242 4111)

London

Jamuary 19-20

Institute for loternational Research: Creating, implementing and projecting an effective corporate identity (01-434 0201)

Park Lane Hotel, London WI

January 20

Legal Studies and Services: Share schemes for executives and employees - the new law practice

Angone wishing to attend any of the clove events is advised to

Anyone wishing to attend any of the above events is advised to telephone the organisers to ensure that there have been no changes in the details published

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(is) names and addresses of three techni-cal referes and the name of the Company's Santer; (c) details of similar work undertaken during the past three years; (d) copies of the lest two years audited accounts; and

Merch 1968 with an act

#### Architecture/Colin Amery

### Display shows 'God in the details'

It was the great architect Miss van der Rohe who said that "God is in the details." He was right. On show in London's Building Centre (Monday to Friday and Saturday mornings until January 27) is an exhibition that proves the point. The Brooking Collection is showing a fraction of its enormous holdings of elements

of buildings.
It is a wonderful and rather moving exhibition. As everything on display comes from demolished buildings, it is an exhibition that reveals the tragic

exhibition that reveals the traffe depths of waste and destruction.

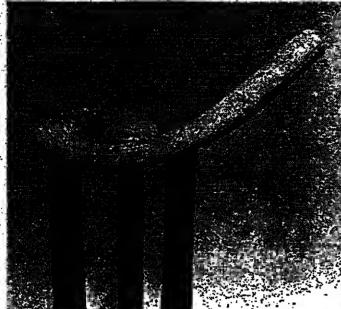
The individual behind the rescue operation is Charles Brooking, who since the age of three has been the saviour and collector of fragments of past buildings. It might be thought that he was just one of those magnic collectors who simply collects for the sake of it. However, his collection is a well-ordered slice of building history.

Although he has limited himself to doors, windows, staircases, fireplaces and rainwater heads, there is a side display of some 40 wall-mounted postboxes. There is something romantic about these thry bearers of human messages and only Brooking's vigilance has stopped them all going the way of the telephone boxes. Wherever one of these sturdy boxes has been removed from a fine village wall, it is inevitably replaced by a miserable steel box stuck on a concrete post. erable steel box stuck on a con-

erable steel box stuck on a con-crete post.

It would be a fair question to set the point of a collection like this. I would say that it is far more significant than anyone realises: it offers the architect or the owner of an historic building accurate and real examples of all the necessary elements to ensure accurate and sensitive restora-

Drawings and photographs are one thing but to have the real thing is perfect. It would be pos-sible from the mixture of actual



A fine handraft from Henry Holland's Cutiers Ware-house, partly demolished in the 1980s

they are available for reference and copying. Sometimes dupli-cates from the collection are actually sold.

objects and the comprehensive collection of trade catalogues dating from 1820 to the present to utilise the most exact available reference for the restoration of a building.

The most moving thing about the show at the Building Centre is the poignant sight of all the lost craftsmanship that went into the building trades in the 17th, 18th and 19th centuries. The collection continues to the 1960s but it is in the 18th and 19th centuries that it is strongest.

To see the beauty of an indi-vidual faulight or a carved ram's head or a pine and gesso capital is to look at a lost civilisation. But there is a positive point to the reacting of all these ele-ments, and that is the fact that

ripped spart and many original details lost during its rebuilding as the Chinese Embassy. Charles Brooking casually says he has some 150 fanlights in his collec-

The array of fire grates at the exhibition shows a remarkable embetton shows a remarkable and beautiful range A mysterious early 20th century one with a scene of the Epiphany is included to see if any visitor can help identify it. The exquisite duck's nest grate in cast iron with the emblems of the United Kingdom and the head of George III was removed from the Royal

Kingdom and the head of George III was removed from the Royal Military Academy at Sandhurst only in 1985.

This magnificent collection is the work of one dedicated enthusiast. It is at present housed in a series of sheds in the Surrey garden of Charles Brooking's long-suffering parents. It deserves a new home and sponsorship from the building world, and that is part of the collection at the Building Centre.

Last year, the Prince of Wales presented Charles Brooking with one of the prestigious National Art Collections Fund Awards for his personal commitment to this remarkable collection. Stories are legion of deals struck with demodition

they are available for reference and copying. Sometimes duplicates from the collection are actually sold.

There is a fine teak door from Lutyens House, designed and buildings heing conveyed to Guildford by taxi, but the serious Duildford by taxi, but the serious Collection is the weakness of the listing system to protect interiors and the folly of so much facadism. What is the point of keeping facades alone without the interiors and the fittings that actually make up a historic building? Mr Brooking is the personal commitment to this close of control of the serious Duildford by taxi, but the serious Dui

New \$70m home for Houston Opera

**Andrew Porter** 



Central escalators at the Wortham Theater Center

for Shnitke's present standing that one feels no surprise at

ish players at the Wigmore Hall.
This was the Britten Quartet,
whose account of the piece on
Thursday left no doubt as to its

and Evelyn de la Rosa's, as Con-

stanze, was accomplished. in the city where Mies Pel Pelli, Johnson, Stirling, Renzo Piano (the elegant, economical pavilion for the Menil Collection) are prominently on display the Wortham Center is architecturally a disappointment. But Houston needed a new theatre. Jones Hall (where the Symphony remains) has a romantic lobby with a splendidly theatrical feel about it. For the first time, the about it. For the first time, the Houston Opera can play a season, not one opera, a gap and then the next. It is one of America's leading companies with a fine record for doing new works: in recent years Carlisle Floyd's Bilby's Doll and Willie Stark, Glass's Akhmaten,
This is the first in a series of

This is the first in a series of articles by the writer on musi-

unexpected confidence Here every player seemed full of dramatic intent and they played like demons in the second move-

Not a great deal of this aggressive intensity carried over to their performance of Schubert's Death and the Maiden quartet.

Britten Quartet/Wigmore Hall

Richard Fairman

A few years ago there could in the last movement, where a hardly have seemed a figure less deep-seated common triad representative of traditional announces that the composer is Soviet values than Shnitke a composer who unsettles audiences with his darting intelliginate of no little cumulative

gence and quirky humour, for power.

ever raking over the music of the in their opening item, the secpast with a none too respectful ond of Beethoven's Op 18 quar-

eye and writing works which deny the official mood of optimism. Now it all sounds very much in the spirit of the times.

The chamber works, in particular have a wide currency at the moment and it says something for Shnitke's present standing.

that one feels no surprise at meeting his recent Third Quartet meeting his recent Third Quartet ment, where Shuitke deviusing (1983) given by a recently throws everything into the melting-pot.

strong and typically compressed line of thought.

As always, Shnitke teases. A couple of quotations from di Lasso start followed by a little Beethoven and Shostakovich's favourite 'DSCH' motif: but the value of his music, at its best, goes beyond such games The moment of reckoning bere comes

Man to Man/Royal Court

### The Nine Night

#### Ciaire Armitstead

and their British-born children; in a family of three children, two have "gone native" this is how the Jamaican patriarch regards shacking up with whites.

His wife has effected her own small betrayal by finding herself a steady job in the white estab lishment; only one son remains true to his perceived roots, and his father tolerates him least of all precisely because he is unassimilible.

The theme is framed within a comic structure, but one far more subtle than the production allows: postures are cunningly exposed, attitudes explored and the little hypocrisies of life

zenship. This shrewd miniature is offset hy Kalamu Ya Salaam's ironi-cally titled Black Love Songs No I, which makes a case for a new black nation by denoishing the rape, betrayals and toadyings of the old Director Heather Good man, stepping in at the last min ute, gives a performance of illu-minating brilliance changing from the fractious mother of Herbert 111 to a black every woman who is raunchy charis-matic and universible

matic and vulnerable.
Patrick Miller joins Goodman and Doyle Richmond for this second piece which, with balletic precision, apportions guilt not only to whites but to the blacks uncovered

When an Edgar White charac

The use of direct appeal to the ter moans that football is just andience strikes an old note in a not cricket, you know sport is not all that is at stake Calvin Simpson has his moments as the cantankerous Hamon Williams, while Victor Romero Evans turns in an easy performance as his wayward Rasta son who lives

The estimable Temba Theatre Company begin a four show season at the Young Vic with Black Love Songs, a challenging and stylistically diverse double bill other hand, the production vinges identity firmly at the top of the agenda.

Would that Umoja, another of London's leading black companies, had the finesse to follow their example Edgar White's The Nina Night presents them with the opportunity for a far more sophisticated look at race and its repercusations than is realised in Gioria Hamilton's doggedly ribald production.

The show, which takes off on a sport of a generation of hacks and their British-born children.

This shrewd miniature is offset on the gap between West Indian imigrants of the '50s and their British-born children.

This shrewd miniature is offset on the gap between West Indian imigrants of the '50s and their British-born children.

This shrewd miniature is offset on the gap between West Indian imigrants of the '50s and their British-born children. invoement idea and how these may be exposed and then united into a close yet complex unity. One of the earliest and most memorable images in the piece is of a line of dancers sweeping round the stage like the second hand of a clock, and indeed, the ballet has at times the frankness ballet has at times the transmess about its components of a skele ton clock in which we may see the parts, beautifully machined, ticking and clicking merrily away contained nonetheless within a clear purposeful frame-

Thus there are sequences when the dancers seem busy at disparate activities which are suddenly pulled into alignment, when duets are seen without

when duets are seen without their participants actually work ing together, or when diffuse energies suddenly congeal into groupings which break to form further cells of activity

No less fascinating is Mr Page's willingness to distort or extend an idea to extravagant or teasing lengths: in a pas de trois, odd things happen to a girl as she continues a movement to the floor, or leans on one of her cav

#### Pursuit/Covent Garden

#### Clement Crisp



Bruce Sanson and Karen Paisey

Arts guide

PARIS

alters, and we see the absurd logic of a step. But nothing appears anarchic: this is a creation as surely classical as Ashton's Scenes de boillet, whose heir 40 years on it seems.

The performance by a largely criginal cast Rosalyn Whitten a welcome newcomer was clear welcome newcomer was clear and true, with Floria Chadwick and Jonathan Cope excellent, as they were at the first performance, in the mysteries of the final duet Here the choreographer's sense of dynamic theatre dance as forma is marvellously apt as Miss Chadwick leans sud-

### **Instant Composers**

Pool makes

UK debut

The Dutch collective, Instant Composers Pool, and British sax ophonist, Evan Parker appear together at London's Queen Elizabeth Hall on Tuesday Febru ary 9 as part of an Arts Council Contemporary Music Network

Now in its 21st year, the Dutch group is making its first tour of Britain Among the places to be visited are Birmingham, Liver pool, Manchester Leicester and Brighton

solo turn About the play itself it is per-haps too easy to leap to symbolic conclusions. The woman who assumes her crane-driver hus-January 9-14

assumes her crane-driver hus-band's identity and job survives the war to swig beer and swear about the boring telly in arid post-war affluence, her persona irremediably split, her values reduced to immediate gratifica tion and moral cynicism this self-willed Frankenstein monster of self-preservation is all too apt an emblem of the new Germany

an emblem of the new Germany
Although allegedly less 'political' than Brecht (in the sense
that political assumptions permeate Brecht'a writing, even
when themes are not explicitly
political), Karge makes an inescapable political statement in the
very negativism, the shrugging
indifference, of his final image;
even if the statement is by implication anarchic.

About the performance there

**Martin Hoyle** This 80-minute monologue by the East German writer Manfred hacked, punkish blonde coiffure, eyes dark-ringed like a merciless clown's, strides round the stage Karge was reviewed by Michael Coveney at the Edinburgh Festi-val last summer it has come Coveney at the Edinburgh Festival last summer it has come south from the Traverse Theatre to Stoane Square and has, imagine lost none of the impact of Tiida Swinton's extraordinary solo turn macht [rei'], and gradually unfolds her story a history of disguise whether as a man, farmlad or factory worker not to mention the weekend reversal to femininity with which she engineers the infatulated factory. ry-owner's downfall: a fair haired, coarse-voiced androgyne, the Good Woman of Szechwan as

played by David Bowie.
Stephen Unwin directs in Bunny Christie's antiseptic white box of a set, technological toys and dreck furniture speaking volumes for the priorities of the new materialism. Ben Ormerod (lighting) and George Tarbuck (sound; a judicious use of such sweet, sweet poison to the age's tooth as Beethoven and "Sentimental journey" abet the actress in her seifless performance of Anthony Vivis's excellent trans

performer or audience, but a return to substantial and nour About the performance there is no doubt. The actress, her face isking fare after the souffles of plastered with grease, her hair a

#### Tulsa art museum completes expansion

Doubling the size of the museum founded in 1949 by one of the state's legendary oil tycoons. Thomas Glicrease, the addition opens a new view on one of the country's most prolific and least known collectors.

flis trove had grown, by the time he died in 1962, to 10,000 paintings by the likes of Thomas Bakins, John Singer Sargeant. Winslow Homer, Albert Bler stradt and Frederick Church

The expansion doubled the

#### As if to belie the problems in the dates only a third of the collection and the collection are determined in Tulsa is celebrating at the collection are determined in the collection are determined are determined in the collection are determined are determined in the collection are determined are determi it shows Gilcrease as a man

the completion of a \$12.5m fascinated by the history of habi expansion tation in North America canging from pre-Columbian sculptures and 16th century judicial records in Spanish to the glamourising

views of cowboys and Indians by Frederic Remington and Charles Russell. Himself part creek Indian, Gil crease used a suddenly made for tune to visit Europe where he was inspired to amass a record of

his own civilisation long before American art held wide appeal. Early on, he was as likely to buy works in Europe as America, since an embarrassing succession number of works on view Benjamin West who became a though the sizeable space, spread founder of the Royal Academy out on three floors overlooking had better luck selling their the Ozark hills still accommo works abroad than at home of American artists starting with

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Title ..... Company Address: Tet Tallis Scholars. English Renaissance Music by Tallis, Byrd, Sheppard (Man). Saint-Germain L'Auxerrois Church. (43 30 15 16).

Orchestre National de France conducted by Vaclav Neumann, Christa Ludwig, mezzo-soprano, Mahler's Lied von der Erde (Mon). Theatre des Chumps Elysses. (47 20 36 37).

Christiane Edge-Elerre, Soprano. Alexandre Tharaud Piano: Schubert Lieder Ravel, Chopin (630pm): Trio Rostropovitch/Mutter/Gluranna: Beethoven (6.30pm). Both concarts Monday TMP-Chatclet. (42 33 44 44).

Basemble Orchestral de Paris conducted by Antonello Allemandi, Pascal Roge, Piano: Faure, Saint-Saens, Beethoven The). Salle Pieyel. (46 63 07 96).

Orchestre Francais d'Orstorie conducted by Jean Perisson with Elisabeth Brasseur's choir Mozart (Tue). Saint Roch Church. (42 61 93 26).

Orchestre Colonne conducted by Philippe Entremont: Haydn, Mozart (Tue). Theatre des Champs Elysees (47 20 36 37).

Orchestre de Paris conducted by Semyon Byehkov Peter Serkin, Piano: Stravinsky Berlicz (Wed, Thur). Salle Pieyel. (46 63 07 96). **NETHERLANDS** 

Amsterdam, Concertgebouw The
Netherlands Philharmonic under
Horis Andreescu, with Lians Isakadze, violin: Tchsikovsky, Shosta
kyrtch Dvorak (Tue, Wed).
Amsterdam, Recital Hall. The
Amsterdam Locki Stardust Quartez:
Freecobaldi, Jenkins, Sweelinck,
Bath (Tue). Ruud van der Meer,
baritone, accompanied by Rudoli
Jansen Vanghan Williams, Brahms,
Mahles Faure Dupare, Chausson

(Wed). Anner Bijsma, cello, with George Piezerson, clarinet, and Ger ard van Blerk, piano: Weber, Schumann, Brahms (Thur). (71 83 45). The Hagne, Philipozzal. The Hagne Philipozzal. The Hagne Philipozzal. The Hagne Philipozzal. Wosel, Barcok, Brahms (Wed). (60 98 10). Growinges, Oosterpoort. Frans Bruggen and Bour Cream: De Machaur, Kondo, Lloyd, Boeke, Bach, Cornysh (Tue). Renaissance vocal music from the Scholars (Thur). (13 10 44). Eindhoven, Globe Theate. The Willianov Quartet: Beethoven, Szyma novski, Bartok (Thur). (11 11 22).

Bosse. Anditorium in Via della Conciliasione. Juri Termirianov conducting Sibelius Dvorak (Mon and Tue). (66 41 044).

Bosse, Teatro Okimpico (Piazza Gentile da Fabriano). Claudio Scimone conducting Solissi Veneti and the Ensemble de Trompettes Guy Toyvron, Handel, Vivaldi, Bach and Haydn (Wed). (39 33 04).

Bosse, Oratorio del Gonifalone Via del Gonifalone 32/A). Works for oboe and string quartet by Boccherini, Bach and Mozart Thur) (68 75 862).

Milan, Testro Alia Scala. Tenor Peter Schreier accompanied by Norman Shetier Beethoven (Mon). (80 91 26).

Juilliard String Quartet. All
Brahms programme (Tue); MarcAndre Hamelin piano recital Ives,
Haydn Liest (Wed). Carnegie Hall
(24 78 00).
New York Woodwind Quintet play
Original instruments. Mozzart, Kross
mer, C.P.E. Bach (Mon); Gilbert
Kalish piano Mozzart, Rosseman,
Picker, Thuille (Tue) Merkin Hall
(Goodman House). 67th w of
Broadway (36 28 719).
Chamber Music at the Y Jaime Lar

**NEW YORK** 

# edo director Schubert, Mozart (Tue, Wed). Kaufmann Hall 1365 Lexington Av. (83 18 603). New York Fallbarnsonic (Avery Fisher Hall). Zubin Mehta conducting, Yvonne Loriod piano, Jeanne Loriod, ondes martenot. Messiaen (Thur). Lincoln Center (874 2424). Waverley Comsort (Alice Tully Hall): Celebrating Eleanor of Aquitaine and her world with 12th century music and verse when the troubadours flourished under the patronage of the queen of two realms (Thur). Lincoln Center (36 21 911).

TOKYO

Zoltan Rocais (piano) Mozart, Lizzt, Schubert. Tokyo Sunka Kaikan recital hall (Mon) (57 33 588). Robert Bickerstaf (baritone) with Shun-ichi Ohba (piano). Handel, Brahms, Verdi, Leoncavailo. Komaba Eminence Hall. (Mon) (95 4) 580).

Komaha Eminence Hall. (Mon) (95
4) 580).
Shinaci Nikon Sympkony Orchestra, conducted by Hideaki Muto,
with Zdenek Tylsar (horn) Strauss,
Tchaikovsky Tokyo Bunka Kailaan
(Tues). (98 54 836)
Shalley String Quartet. Haydu, Bartok, Dworak Casals Hall Ochanomizu. (Wed) (29 12 525)
Lazar Betwana (piano) Schumann,
Liszi, Tokyo Bunka Kaikan recital
hall (Thurs) (28 56 351)

### **FINANCIAL TIMES**

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Monday January 11 1988

### Brady's wrong analysis

THE WHITE HOUSE has made it clear that it intends no early action to carry out the recommendations of the presidential task force on the October 19 stock market crash. Some delay is natural the Securities.

The report also makes much delay is natural; the Securities and Exchange Commission has yet to be heard from, and both the Senate and the House of Representatives are just launching their own hearings. launching their own hearings, to think that those who use the But since the measures proposed in the task force's Brady report are ill-defined, and the analysis on which they are based is debatable, delay is not only natural but welcome.

and the importance of disap-pointed takeover hopes, followsis of this history is open to

The report lays heavy stress on two technical facts. One is the influence of programme trading, which has already been denounced by the Chairman of the New York Stock Exchange. The other is the closure to the securities markets themselves.

that these factors made the col-lapse faster, it is quite another One conclusion of the report lapse faster, it is quite another

#### Single authority

caused real damage, it is not also be a warning to central peace movement is ill-placed to clear what action, if any, banks to be niggardly with the campaign effectively against should follow. If computerised liquidity and market credit the Euro-bomb.

"Is this what we achieved?", bles But Well Street is not the letter. deal of money and the practice urgently needs to be heeded were reminded sharply on Fri. market, and it is only a little sation (END). Did our efforts growing similarity of the disarday, this did not happen. less risky thanks to this swift to get rid of the missiles in mament ideas of the Social Equally, if the futures markets but quite modest correction.

only natural but welcome.

The report's narrative of the week of the crash is fascinating, but not particularly surprising. The most striking findprising. The most striking findings are the large influence of
a small handful of institutions
and the importance of disappointed takeover hopes, followpointed takeover hopes, following hostile tax proposals in books are cleared daily and Congress. However, the analyon their own account, needs quite different rules from the securities market.

#### Enhanced risk

The most sensible proposal for the stock market seems to be the one most favoured by sure of the futures markets for the witnesses heard by the task from Western Europe will take the greater part of the crisis force: higher capital adequacy away the rallying point of the requirements for market-mak-ers. The silliest is surely the idea that the stock market accentuate the in-fighting that days, which diverted selling requirements for market-mak Now it is one thing to argue should react to sharp move- has already broken out about

to conclude that the fall went too far. The trading of the last three months suggests, on the contrary, that in spite of nearpanic on the day, there was good thing too. It will be a long remarkably little overshoot. After its shock, the market again that they can chase a found a relatively narrow bull market out of all touch traded ever since. Nor have the financial markets proved as fragile as the report suggests. They have absorbed a fall of a third in values in two days without any major failures.

Is valid and important: the crash dld a great deal to politically potent "peace" party of the INF negotiations have also spurred talk of greater west European defence co-operation and, in the nuclear field, of a "Euro-bomb". Britain is now discussing a new airtiborne nuclear missile with France, which in turn is planning a joint army brigade with which lead to crashes, espetially if investors remember without any major failures. to conclude that the fall went is valid and important: the man Greens, Europe's most

traders would have lost a great place where this lesson most would have died out. As we The single market is a global

### Nurses deserve better treatment

NURSES DO not go on strike at career structure for nursing, the drop of a hat. The brief, Salary rates for this are due to but extensively publicised, \$465m a year bill for special duty payments for working minally ill. The plan is popular nights, weekends and on Bank Holidays.

minally ill. The plan is popular and commendable.

Now, however, the Govern-

It may be, as ministers claim, that there is widespread mishave not exerted themselves to clear up such misunderstanding It may even be, though ministers argue this less convincingly, that no nurse would suffer any overall loss of income through the proposed introduction of a flat-rate unsocial hours payment of

\$1.20 an hour.

However, it is hard to escape the conclusion that the Government has added unnecessar ily to its already considerable problems over the National Health Service. The attempt to tinker with special duty pay-ments, which make up between 10 per cent and 15 per cent of nurses' average earnings, smacks of short-term expediency when the nursing recruitment issue demands fresh and imaginative think-

#### Commendable plan

After events of recent weeks, most people are conscious that localised shortages of nurses are one of the biggest problems facing the NHS. But the out-look is even worse. Traditionally, nursing recruits 25 percent of girls who leave school with between five O levels and two A levels. But this age group is shrinking at precisely the time Britain's ageing population is dictating an expansion of the nursing workforce. Pessimistic projections suggest the NHS could by 1995 be as much as 50 per cent short of the required annual training intake of 32,000.

be recommended this spring bywalk out by less than 40 night the profession's pay review duty staff at a Manchester hos-body and the result should be pital suggests that the profes-sion is deeply alarmed at the career nurses, particularly Government's move to trim the those with specialist skills such as care for children or the ter

ment is trying to help finance this revised salary structure by understanding of the move. It may be, as they say, that nurses' trade union leaders they are trade unio duty payments. While it could be argued that if nursing con-siders Itself a profession it should be all in favour of higher all-inclusive salaries, rather than industrial-type overtime payments, the Government has come dangerously close to stampeding a suspi-cious group of its key employ-

changes in tax rates and in the level of public borrowing.

Crucial figures

Moreover, the clash seems peripheral to the questions raised by what has become known as nursing's "demographic time bomb." Other big employers of school leavers, such as the high street banks.

are taking contingency steps ahead of the recruitment squeeze. The NHS, which is never going to match the pay offered by such as the banks needs to counter with radical initiatives of its own.

Solutions such as the cheap mortgage scheme for London nurses, the recruitment of more men and the use of Youth Training Scheme can only be of limited value. Of central importance is the attraction back of women who have left the profession to start families and who, surveys indicate, would welcome the opportunity to return if flexible working hours, transport and child care facilities were available to fit in with their domestic commitments.

To train a nurse costs an estimated \$13,000, excluding salary. Turnover is such that is an an area of the recruitment of son is not renowned for sharing her honour. Dove-Edwin quietly intervened to stop the scrum getting out of hand. Let the foreign visitors pass, he instructed the soldiers and a determined language at which the Bank excels, gave a powerful signal that Lawson should keep a reasonably right rein on his tax-cutting ambitions in March, though he also seemed to support the carefully-coded language at which the Bank excels, gave a powerful signal that Lawson should keep a reasonably right rein on his tax-cutting ambitions in March, though he also seemed to support the carefully-coded language at which the Bank excels, gave a powerful signal that Lawson should keep a reasonably right rein on his tax-cutting ambitions in March, though he also seemed to support the scheme of the soldiers and a determined Nigerian lady, who were blocking longuage in the carefully-coded language at which the Bank excels, gave a powerful signal that Lawson should keep a reasonably right rein on his tax-cutting out of hand. Let the foreign visitors pass, he instructed the soldiers and a determined Nigerian lady, who were blocking longuage at which the Bank excels, gave a powerful signal that Lawson should keep a reasonably right rein on his tax-cutting out of head. Nigerian lady, who were bloc

estimated \$13,000, excluding salary. Turnover is such that the 500,000-strong NHS nursling workforce renews itself Not quite out So far, the Government's principal response has been the negotiation of a revised figures.

These, not special duty rates, are the crucial telaw stayed in active politics so long was not just to only the

### David Buchan and David Marsh report on how Europe's peace groups are reacting to the INF treaty

EUROPE'S peace movements have a problem. The effect of the champagne with which they toasted last month's US-Soviet treaty scrapping medium-range nuclear missiles has worn off and they are ponderworn off and they are ponder-ing the decline in membership, if not morale, that 1988 is expected to bring.

The peace movement – that

The peace movement — that catch-all label covering people narrowly focused on unilateral nuclear disarmament, groups advocating wider East-West detente and "green" parties that also push a variety of ecological and social issues — is suffering from success. But the movement which brought thousands of demonstrators on to the streets of Western thousands of demonstrators on to the streets of Western Europe in the mid-1980s and helped forge an "alternative" culture, is not about to go out of business, particularly when It is at last beginning to strike a faint echo in Eastern Europe. But credit for the intermediate Nuclear Forces (INF) treaty is hotly disputed between Western governments and peace groups. Moreover, while the treaty will only scrap some 3 per cent of the superpowers' nuclear arsenals, the peace groups expect a far bigger pro-portional fall-off in their membership and support. Why? Unilateralism seems less relevant to many people when a leader like Mr Mikhail Gorbachev is ready to negotiate reciprocal arms cuts with the

West. Washington and Moscow are now discussing a far bigger governments have been able to mount a plausible claim that the lNF pact was negotiated despite, and not because of, peace movement pressure,

Wherever future historians

finally allocate credit for the INF deal, the very removal of Pershing and Cruise missiles

without any major failures.

Single authority

Even if the practices which worry the task force bad worry the task force bad siles be a warning to central base of the bad siles be a warning to central base of the bad siles be a warning to central base of the bad siles be a warning to central base of the bad siles be a warning to central base of the bad siles be a warning to central base of the bad siles be a warning to central base of the bad siles be a warning to central base of the bad siles be a warning to central base of the bad siles be a warning to central base of the bad siles be a warning to central base of the bad siles be a warning to central base of the bad siles be a warning to central base of the bad siles be a warning to central base of the bad siles be a warning to central base of the bad siles because there has not been much of a anti-nuclear move-ment in France, the European Union (WEU).

edition of the London-based destag, built on their capture journal of the European of 8.3 per cent of the vote in Nuclear Disarmament organi- last year's elections, is the Europe merely result in a Democratic Party (SPD) to reshuffle of the geographical their own. For example, the cards, with Western Europe taking over the defence role of a nuclear free zone in central the US?" Her dismay is shared in Germany. "Just when the two main blocs are becoming more human," complains Ms Petra Kelly, the passionate oped into "a typical German and Cruises will leave peace activists a missiles gives peace activists a since it is usually urban areas that have declared themselves NFZs, and since nuclear weapons are usually made and cruises will leave peace deployed well away from



### Marching in search of a new cause

founder of the German Greens party, Europe is on the way to becoming another world mili-

tary power."
Part of the peace movement's problem is that, outside France, established parties have taken on some of its clothing. In the UK the veteran Campaign for Nuclear Disar-mament (CND) has influenced the Labour and Liberal parties towards nuclear unilateralism.

In Germany, the Greens' for-mer claim to be a bridge-builder between East and West loses much of its appeal as the gulf between the two narrows. For instance, Mr Franz Josef Strauss, the ultra-conservative Bavarian leader, who was for years labelled by the Soviet Union as an archetypal Cold Warrior, is greeted in Moscow with open arms by Mr Gorbachev. Such changes make the Greens links with Moscow suddenly seem a lot less useful.

More dangerous to the Greens' current parliamentary strength of 44 seats in the Bun-

complains Ms Kelly. "The time for us has never been so good, but we have not used it." In but we have not used it." In the past, she made a virtue of the party's plurality of opinion. But the persistent feuding between the party's pragmatists (the so-called "Realos") and its strong fundamentalist wing (the "Fundis") has, in Ms Kelly's opinion, dashed hopes that they could become a genuine reform movement towards an alternative society.

an alternative society.

On present form, she says "there is scarcely a chance" that the Greens will achieve the 5 per cent of the vote necessary for them to remain in the Bundestag after the next general election in 1990. The general election in 1990. The party's in-fighting can only benefit its near, and therefore arch, rival, the SPD.—Willy Brandt always used to say the SPD would cut the Greens down to size," Ms Kelly concedes." I am beginning to think Britain has some 180 local NFZs, West Germany 150, Belly Research of the University of Nottingham, Britain has some 180 local NFZs, West Germany 150, Belly Research of the University of Nottingham, Britain has some 180 local NFZs, West Germany 150, Belly Research of the University of Nottingham, Britain has some 180 local NFZs, West Germany 150, Belly Research of the NFZ move-to-more than 180 local the NFZs and the NFZs are the NFZ move-to-more than 180 local the NFZs and the NFZ move-to-more than 180 local the NFZs and the NFZ move-to-more than 180 local the NFZ move-to-more the NFZ move-to-more the NFZ move-to-more the NFZ move-to-more the NFZ move-to

clearly here to stay as grass France has been notably cool roots organisations. Assuming the US Senate ratifies the INF

priest turned CND President, concedes that CND's national CND membership in 1979, the which is seen by peace groups year when Nato decided on as enhancing the likelihood of INF deployment.

CND membership in 1979, the which is seen by peace groups year when Nato decided on as enhancing the likelihood of INF deployment.

Though peace activists have only indirectly affected the policies of national governments, they have had a direct impact at the local level. Following the policies of the local level. lowing the British town of Manchester's decision in 1980 to declare itself a Nuclear Free But while Western Europe could lose its only parliamentary "peace" representation, the peace movements are clearly here to stay as green west Germany 150, Belgium nearly 300, the Netherlands 400, Spain more than 400, Italy almost 500, and Japan more than 900. Among Western countries.

in its response, he says. treaty this year, the three year period of phasing out of the missiles gives peace activists a target for protest until 1991.

The NFZ movement has come in for much ridicule. Since it is usually urban areas that have declared themselves NFZ and since nuclear wears. The NFZ movement has

and social organisations, at a city areas banning fox-hunt- evoke the kind of emotive gut higher plateau than when the missiles started arriving in the idea that the Soviet Union "nuclear winter" do. 1983. Bruce Kent, the Catholic might respond by targetting its membership, which exceeded an effect in frustrating the how much rein East European 100,000 in 1982-3, is now down transport of nuclear waste — governments give their fledg-to 75,000. But he points out civil or nuclear — and in ing peace movements. that this is far above the 2,500 obstructing civil defence. A grass-roots peace and ecol-

of preparing against it... No cities in the Soviet bloc have declared themselves NFZs, but there are changes taking place in the the Eastern. peace movement. Until recently it was sharply divided. On the one hand, there were official peace councils run by government stooges who were only too happy to push the Kremlin line on Western peace activists. On the other hand,

small groups of dissidents regarded Western imilateralists Kremlin line, and of weaken-ing the West's ability to deter attempting a total crackdown on human rights. In short, the

never found common ground.

and about military disparities (hinting at Soviet superiority in certain categories). More important, dissidents in Hungary, the Charter 77 human rights group in Czechoslovakia and the new Freedom and Peace organisation in Poland are beginning to put military matters on their agenda, just as Western peace activists, chiefly through END, are showing greater concern about human rights in the East.

Ms Kaldor of END believes

Ms Kaldor of END believes will persuade the West to lower its guard. Making this virtuous circle of

Making this virtuous circle of events a reality looks like a recipe for multilateral diplomatic negotiation, rather than unilateral nuclear disarmament. The problem, however, for the peace movements is that the further they move from their absolute moral priority of unilateral nuclear disarmament, the more they armament, the more they become just another arms control/detente lobby group.

CND, for instance, is confident it will weather any post-INF doldrums by remaining as

INF doldrums by remaining as committed as ever to getting rid of the British nuclear deterrent unilaterally (which Mr Kent denounces as not only immoral but as useless 'as a troupe of war elephants locked up in Windsor Castle'). Mr Stephen Brown, CND's international officer, believes that precisely because CND is the only substantial European peace movement with its own movement with its own national nuclear weapons to campaign against, its support will fall off less than elsewhere. Issues like conventional party beset with theoretical groups, whose membership cities, its practical effect has disarmament, detente, ecology, debate and factional rivalry, overlaps with many ecological been compared to that of inner even buman rights rarely

"nuclear winter" do. In West Germany, the furweapons away from Western ther course of disarmament NFZs. But NFZs have have had may be heavily influenced by an effect in frustrating the how much rein East European

ogy movement in East Ger-many is growing increasingly important under the protection of the Protestant church, It achieved a major victory at the end of last year when the state was forced to release environmentalists arrested in East Berlin. A more indulgent line by the East German authorities towards such groups could strengthen the strategy followed by both Moscow and East Berlin of trying to win the nuclear-free zone in central Europe - regarded favourably by the West German population, but which runs counter to Nato policy.

But sustaining the kind of

cross-Europe momentum that ing the West's ability to deter existed at the height of anti-Soviet bloc governments from INF protests will be difficult. especially given the problem of France, the only other Euro-Westerners just cared about disarmament, the (independently minded) Easterners were preoccupied with human pride than protest rights, and the two groups

France, the only other European country with its own nuclear force, where nuclear weapons are more a source of pride than protest.

As Mr Brown said: For

As Mr Brown said: For many countries without Nowadays, official peace nuclear weapons, there is no councils in the East are talking solid centre of protest to keep more about mutual arms cuts the peace movement going.

#### The Governor must be staying

■The Bank of England, it is said, has influence rather than power. As he waits for the Prime Min ister to announce his re-appointister to announce his re-appoint-ment for a second five-year term, Robin Leigh-Pemberton, the gov-ernor, is becoming more confi-dent in using It.

His speech last week on the need for "caution" and "steadi-ness" in economic policymaking

was a classic example of the Bank's ability to shape expecta-tions in financial markets - and in turn influence the Treasury's

decisions.

The Bank has only an advisory role in the framing of the Budget judgement - the balance between changes in tax rates and in the

The state of the s

### *OBSERVER*

Prime Minister. He wanted to be around to preside over the suc-cession and to see that there was cession and to see that there was no unseemly fight. The system of direct election to the Tory leadership by Conservative MPs, introduced after the controversy surrounding the choice of Sir-Alec Douglas-Home, was anathems to him. He wanted a new leader to 'emerge' in the old style Since he remains denuity style. Since he remains deputy leader, he may still have a say.

#### Man to watch

■When President Babangida asks for a report on how Bernard Ingham, the British Prime Minister's press secretary, got a rifle butt in his stomach in Kano last Friday, he can draw on a useful eye-witness, George Dove-Edwin, Nigeria's High Commissioner to Britain.

The burly, benign Dove-Edraised by what has become known as nursing's "demographic time bomb." Other big employers of school leavers, such as the high street banks, are taking contingency steps ahead of the recruitment squeeze. The NHS, which is never going to match the pay offered by such as the banks, needs to counter with radical initiatives of its own.

Solutions such as the cheap mortgage scheme for London



"The second half of your treatment will have to be in the new financial year, I'm afraid."

Reagan's task force investigating the Crash of '87.

beyond the chairmanship of Dil-lon, Read & Co, the Wall Street investment company. During the Reagan years, he has ranked as a versattle political troubleshooter serving on two other important presidential panels, on Central America and the development of the MT said the MX missile:

Every member of the great and the good needs a political base: Brady's lies in his long-standing friendship with Vice President Bush. Both are Yale men, and Bush appears to value Brady's gritty self-confidence and judgement by some accounts, Brady was virtually managing Bush's presidential campaign last year.

indicted in the Abscam bribery scandal. Hence Brady's title-for-life of "Senator", despite the fact he was never elected to office. The administration seems to have turned against his report even before it was published, though it was only coincidence that the Dow Jones Industrial Average fell another 140 points when it came out last Friday.

#### Mellor to mellow?

Wichor to michow:

Wavid Mellor, the junior minister at the British Foreign
Office, who made a name for himself by denouncing Israeli excesses in the occupied territories last week, has another challenging engagement ahead. He is going to the Leipzig fair in March. No doubt he will enjoy telling the East Germans to pull down the Berlin wall.

#### Another Monopoly

Another Monopoly

Scoop, a long forgotten
board game in which the players
aim to be successful journalists,
is to be revived by Waddington.
One new feature is that imaginary newspaper titles such as
the Daily Bugle and The Beast
have been replaced by four titles
owned by Rupert Murdoch. The
Times, Today, News of the World
and The Sun.

Mike Ganley, Waddington's
sales and marketing director,
said: We saked for permission to
use the titles because we felt

use the titles because we felt-that people could relate to them far better than they could to the

far better than they could to the old names.

"The only other choice for us, was Robert Maxwell's newspapers and there was no way we were going to approach him."

Maxwell made two unsuccessful takeover bids for Waddington.

He has not been forgiven.

#### U.S. \$200,000,000



Eni International Bank Limited orporated with limited liability under the laws of the Commonwealth of The Behames)

Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes due 1991 Unconditionally and irrevocably Guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by Ente Nazionale Idrocarburi

Notice is hereby given, that for the times months interest Period from January 11, 1988 to April 11, 1988 the Notes will carry an Interest Rate of 71/16 per annum. The interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, April 11, 1988 will be U.S. \$183.28 per U.S. \$10,000 principal amount of Notes.

By: The Chase Manhatten Bank, N.A. London; Agent Bank January 11, 1988

#### U.S. \$500,000,000 & National Westminster Bank PLC (Incorporated in England with limited liability)

Primary Capital FRNs (SERIES "A") in accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the six months interest period from January 11, 1988 to July 11, 1988 the Notes will carry an interest Rate of 74% per annum. The interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, July 11, 1988 against Coupon No. 6 will be U.S. \$3,918.06 and U.S. \$391.81 respectively for Notes in denominations of U.S. \$100,000 and U.S. \$10,000.

By: The Chase Manhatism Bank, N.A. London, Agent Bank January 11, 1986

U.S. \$50,000,000



SOTEREICEISCHE VOLKSBANKEN-AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT Floating Rate Subordinated Notes due 1995

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the Interest Period from January 11, 1988, to July 11, 1988 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 7 % by parameter. The interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, July 11, 1988 will be U.S. \$194.32 per U.S. \$5,000 Note.

By: The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A. London, Agent Bank January 11, 1968

Nick Garnett reports on how US air conditioning makers are defending their dominant position

### A chilly blast for the Japanese

IN THE NEAT Baptist town-ship of Tyler, north of Dallas, a

After gaining a near strangle-hold on many of the national markets in their Asian back-yard, the dozen or so Japanese companies in the industry made a push into North Amer-Carrier of the US has managed ica with small, window to retain its position as the mounted home air condition-wurld's biggest supplier of air-

systems away from the custom- kets in which they were once ary "ducted" system towards keen to make a mark.

ally winning – against the cations, or type approval for Americans, the fight for the cations, or type approval for \$9bn (\$4.8bn) world market rier the Japanese themselves for air conditioners has not have employed so successfully gone according to plan. In their to inhibit imports into their attempts to break the power of own country. This problem, particularly over heat exchangers, has sumted Japanese sales. ers, has stimted Japanese sales penetration, which remains almost non-existent in countries like West Germany and

Italy.

As a result of all this, the mounted home air conditioners. Their assault was so ferocious that it wiped out a lot of American competition during the early 1980s. Frigidair and General Electric were among those who withdrew from that slice of the business.

Since then, however, the Japanese drive into the US and Europe has run into a clutch of presence in Asia and seems world's biggest supplier of air-conditioning equipment, while other American companies, like Trane and York, Snyder and Dunham Bush, have ably set np a plant in Europe. At the same time, the Japanese are trying to weaken the position of their US rivals by extending their technological maintained a substantial sales in the production of compressors the heart of the air-

ship of Tyler, north of Dallas, a mention of the Japanese risks exciting that mixture of exasperation, annoyance and begrudging respect so common in smokestack America. At the factory run by Trane, the second biggest US maker of airconditioning equipment, it also prompts a chuckle.

"We are looking hard at the second by the second tide of the second by the second tide of the second by the second tide of the s

ond biggest US maker of airconditioning equipment, it also
prompts a chuckle.

"We are looking hard at the
Japanese, but right now they
are not really a threat," says
export manager Mr Bill Russell, his smile turning into a
laugh. "Still, I guess that is
what General Motors once
said."

Paying a visit to the Texas
plant from Trane's head office
in LaCrosse, Wisconsin, Mr
Russell can afford to make
inght of it all. Among the batfor elobal industrial domi
They are trying to leverage
that split-room system on the
whole world, says Mr Glenn
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The Tries are no really hig indigenous
their American competitors.
The are trying to leverage
that split how they
had precision engine

### The Japanese drive into the US and Europe has run into

a clutch of difficulties

As a result of all this, the aggressive and tough-minded Carrier of the US has managed to retain its position as the world's biggest supplier of air. assembly operations in Europe.
Daikin already has a plant in
Ostend, Belgium, and Hitachi
has indicated that it will prob-

presence in Asia and seems pressors, the heart of the air-determined to take the battle conditioning system. Using fac-to the Japanese. Europe has run into a ciutch or difficulties. In the US, which represents half the world market, their gift for knowing They appear to have been advanced and cheaper to operate, their gift for knowing taken aback by the resilience ate than the Americans, they have achieved supremacy in have achieved supremacy in the compressor types, once failed them. For example, of the Americans. A few com-their attempt to move the resi-dential market for large have turned saide from mar such as screw and scroll

will come. Opening up the reasonable price Many Amerimarket in 1992 will help can manufacturers have been slow to update equipment and reduce very high manufacturing costs. By contrast, Hitachi's robotised plant in Shimizu, manufacturing is almost totally automated from casting to

manufacture them for US companies. Carrier, based in Syracusa, New York, has a Hitachi and the companies interest programmes intact, a lot of second string players and to be planning the launch of a scroll compressor under trial, and the companies which shough this could be useful to American companies in them have been forced into a them options on manufacturing these compressor types.

"Okay, the era of doing nothing and sitting back has gone," says Mr Russell. "But, I think we've caught the changes early larger US equipment makers, ago and subsequently bought as well as Arco Air. This trend prove otherwise.

ufacturing altogether. Some American companies two years. York, which was have been lured into co-opera-owned by Borg Warner, was tion agreements. York, for sold off in 1987 to a group of

example, will soon market investors, some Mitsubishi-made air-con-Meanwi nously, Mitsubishi has intro-duced a ducted system of the ducer, and Whiripool has dis-type the American companies have used to secure their posi-tion in their domestic markets. tion in their domestie market.

The Japanese have another card up their sleeve because of the growing importance of the Pacific Rim, the huge market-ing area the Japanese view almost as their own fief. It now accounts for a third of world air conditioner sales and this is expected to top 40 per cent by the middle of the next decade. This would give the Jepanese

an even bigger power base.

Even in a growing industry

global sales are expected to reach \$15bn by 1995 - the US domestic industry has shown plenty of signs of stress because of the fierce competi-tion among indigenous produc-ers. Names like Chrysler, Worthington and Westinghouse were important suppliers in the industry 20 years ago, but all dropped out in the 1970s.

final assembly.

The Japanese are dangling More recently, while the larthese compressors in front of gest two or three American nese competitors. But Trane is the Americans, offering to manufactures have kept manufacture them for US comthemselves and their big introduced a screw compressor introduced a screw compressor in 1989.

Carrier, based in Syrain investment programmes intact, and to be planning the launch of a scroll compressor in 1989.

has accelerated over the par

ditioning equipment. Omi- has hought Copeland, an nously, Mitsubishi has intro- important compressor pro-

the last few years in new products and the modernisation of some rather tired-looking manufacturing lines. The This system has worked up to

the efficiency levels of Jepa-nese competitors. But Trane is now confident enough to have which now use 44 per cent of

Meanwhile, Emerson Electric

conditioning business to inter City Gas of Canada. show every willingness to defend themselves. Carrier, which has a turnover of \$2.8hn has great \$600. \$2.8bn, has spent \$68m in the new entrants cannot obtain past year or so on product slots. The allocation of slots for research and development. Even at the reletively small operation in Tyler, Trane has invested more than \$60m in based on their ability to

ufacturing lines. The Americans are investing heavily in developing advanced controls to produce what they call "comfort has not been seriously constructions". in the early 1980s, US manufacturers were severely criti-

#### **Airport policy**

### An obstacle to competition

By David Sawers

COMPETITION in the airline industry received little nourish- tive unless airlines can increase ment from the Department of the frequency of the services Transport and even the they already provide, or can

Airport capacity - measured in "slots", the time needed for an aeroplane to land or to take off - is allocated at the busier European airports by scheduling committees, on which all the user airlines are repre-

These committees follow rules laid down by the International Air Transport Associa-tion, the most influential of which is that airlines can retain the capacity they already pos-

strained except at Heathrow. Canacity at Gatwick and some continental airports has cised for their inefficiency and recently become constrained as lack of quality control. Some of well, and the preferred solution, their plants still lag far behind at Gatwick and at Heathrow, is

> This method of allocating airoport capacity is difficult to reconcile with the efforts to liberalise European air transport. The measures recently agreed by members of the EEC relax the 50-50 shares of capacity between scheduled carriers on most European routes, and allow new services to be started

between some major airports and provincial airports.

Neither measure can be effec-Transport and even the Monopolies Commission over the British Airways/British Caledonian affair. But the department has a chance to redeem its reputation by acknowledging that the methods of allocating face more difficulties if it has capacity at airports can stultify the modest progress within the European Community towards a more competitive industry.

Airmond Commission over faunch new services. An airline that has expanded at the expense of its competitor on a route may be able to exchange slots with the loser, but it will face more problems still; it will be barred from Heathrow altogether. So that it will probably

choose Gatwick. When it applies for slots at a busy airport it may find that it is given priority over existing charter operators, but it will also find that demand exceeds supply, especially in the peak periods when a new service is most likely to be scheduled. It may also find that its competitors control the committee that

allocates the slots.

These difficulties for new entrants will increase, the more numerous they become; and the success of the liberalisation measures depend upon their becoming numerous. Competi-tive bidding for slots is the obvious method of allocation, but it has been rejected in the past because the airline indus-try is still so riddled with monopoly that the entrenched operators could afford to outbid the new entrants in order to prevent them starting new services. But it also seems that the present system may lead to payment for slots, if new

entrants are to obtain any at monopoly power of existing air-lines with the desire to introduec competition between them and with new entrants may, in consequence, require more than the introduction of competitive bidding for slots and the abolition of "grandfa-ther rights". The fundamental review that the subject requires would best be made by outsid-ers with experience of controlling restrictive practices; the subject should, therefore, be referred to the Office of Fair Tradiog in Britain, and the European Commission should

investigate it in the Community The author is an economic con

#### Attitudes to work

From Professor Simon Domber-

ger.
Sir, In his interview with John Lloyd (January 4), Lord Jakobovits suggests that British society has undergone "a veritable are retreating out of sight," any
revolution of attitudes." He goes mere than it is true that there is
on to say: "I believe that work in e worldwide adoption of the itself has an intrinsic value, not only because it helps us to earn a

only because it neights to earn a living, but because we pay our debt to society in this way.

Is this to be interpreted as the essential change of attitude or is there an alternative explanation? Contrast the words of the Chief Rabbi with those of the father of modern economics, Adam Smith, writing in 1776: Every individual necessarily

much he is promoting it..he intends only his own gain and is led by an invisible hand to promote an end which was not part of his intention.

part of his intention."
Surely the triumph of Thatcherism lies in creating conditions in which the pursuit of self-interest and self-reliance achieve greater economic gains for society as a whole. The promotion of the proposition and extrapreneurial ety as a whole. The promotion or competition and entrepreneurial behaviour is likely to lead to greater prosperity overall, but also to greater inequality (as reported in the FT on the same dey by Andrew Teylor). In explaining these developments it is more realistic to speak of changing economic incentives which have confronted the Britwhich have confronted the British people, rather than of e fun-damental change in their pro-Simon Domberger, 38 East End Road, Finchley, N3

#### Spiritual beliefs are not retreating

From Mr Antony Chapman. Sir, Joe Rogaly is uncharacter-istically mistaken on several points ("The Empty Markets," December 24). It is regrettably

#### Letters to the Editor

early Victorian times.

What is more surprising is that

you have nothing': that also is not true. Has Joe Rogaly never heard of the code of ethics which

e worldwide adoption of the market economy as the standard by which policies are judged.

The change in the "overall social norm" from one of being a believer to one of not taking much notice of religion has been going on — in this country at least — for well over a century, since the heyday of religiosity in the carty Victorian times.

Fyom Mr David Duncon.

Sir, It is encouraging to note in Mr Amin Rajan's letter from the Institute of Manpower Studies (December 29) that there is a trend among City institutions approach towards a more strategic approach towards staff development through better resource planning.

However, Professor Martin Walker's letter on the deprival value approach to accounting on what is more surprising is that
Libours to render the annual revenue of the society as great as he
can. He generally indeed, neither
intends to promote the public
include communism) still main
whether these valuable human
interest, believes nor knows how
tain such a strong grip on society
assets will ever be accurately

inchole comminism) still maintain such a strong grip on society worldwide. After all, both Mrs Thatcher and President Reagan profess to be Christians.

It is not "the market" that is leading people — though not their governments — away from ereligion. It is a realisation that the story is not true, and that the the story is not true, and that the the ethics, with their authoritarian basis, are flawed.

As for the statement "Take away the spiritually or religiously based ethical factor, and tyon have nothing": that also is not true. Has Joe Rogaly never yon have nothing: that also is not true. Has Joe Rogaly never heard of the code of chics which puts the welfare of human beings paramount, and is totally non-religious? I mean of course, thumanism — which incidentally, substantially predates Christianity.

Christianity.

Christianity.

Christianis is is an age-old non-religious winter festival taken over by the Christians, who even changed the date of birth of rapid change.

The costs can also be calculated by the unwillingness of puts the fact of redundancies of staff to work for such employers.

But the fact of redundancies so atter Big Bang' suggests that although historical costs and replacement costs have the degree of verifiability which is necessary for external financial reporting, they are misleading, and lack validity in the face of their god to coincide with it. If Joe Rogaly and other Christians want a religious celebration of inthe eyes of the employer, an

their god to coincide with it. If
Joe Rogaly and other Christians
want a religious celebration of
that event, let them have one,
perhaps on the correct date of
birth. They can hardly complain
if we non-religious are taking
back our own winter festival.
Antony M. Chapman,
Boddington East,
Hale Lane,
Wendover, Buckinghamshire

Redundancies are a recognition of negative deprival values
in the eyes of the employer of the employer and difficult to assess,
but to the employee they are
final, and their validity cannot
be doubted. That the employer
does not own them emphasizes
the negative value, as he cannot

Redundancies are a recognistor of negative deprival values
Stephen Cockburn,
Jove Investment Trust,
Friendly House,
21-24 Chiswell Street, EC1

If intended for publication,
letters to the Editor of the
Figure 1.

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make money from any sort of transfer fee.

Psychometricians have come to recognise that in developing tests to predict executive success fall down in practice because the criteria they try to predict are even less reliable. Accountants should stick to reliable historical cost accounting, but find supple mentary measures to repre accurately the dynamics of change. David G. Duncan,

TEAM, The Olde Barn House, High Road Eastcote, Pinner, Middlesez.

#### Well versed in the City

From Mr Stephen Cochbarn.
Sir, Clive Wolman's article on
Sir Kenneth Berrill (January 5)
states: "He became involved in
the City only eight years ago at
the age of 50 when taking over
the chairmanship of Vickers Da

Costa". When Sir Kenneth Berrill was appointed to the board of Jove Investment Trust on June 1 1972 he had been a director for some years of the small but then well-known merchant bank, Ionian Bank Ltd. He was at that time on the board of several other investment trusts, having been the Bursar of King's Col-lege, Cambridge, and responsible for the college's investments while pursuing his academie

The reality is that, rather like the Chancellor of the Exeche-quer, the chairman of the Securi-ties and Investments Board has intimate personal knowledge of the City acquired over many years. Perhaps that is why his Rule Book is causing such anxiety. Proverbially, poachers made good game keepers, didn't they? Stephen Cockburn, Jove Investment Trust,

# JESTAMARRIED TO THE BIR WORK WESTPER A SECOND SEATEREE.



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Beceuse travelling abroad continually can put a great strain

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#### ON

to India and the Maidives for example) it looks as though a business trip is about to turn into an unexpected holiday for two.

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123 PALL MALL, LONDON EWI

When inflation receded, resistance to change returned Sir, If Professor Walker on inflation of course it isn't quickly, in the belief that any could be ironed out later. However, I am less happy with history of current cost accounting he might be less inclined to recommend charting the ups and downs of apparent public acceptance. SSAP16 falled because it was not that CUA is based system — any new system— quickly, in the belief that any culckly, in the belief that

### FINANCIAL TIMES

Monday January 11 1988



Janet Bush on Wall Street

#### Anatomy of a market in turmoil

LAST WEEK was an educative one. It was also shot through with irony. On Thursday, the Dow Jones industrial average bow Jones Industrial average closed at its highest level since Friday, October 16, the nerve-wracking day which, according to the Brady Commission report, made a bout of heavy selling inevitable the following Monday because of the programmed sell orders stacked up to be executed. Release of the report by the Presidential task force on October's crash coincided with Fri-day's close, which saw the Dow record its third largest points fall

By 4pm, most people knew what was in the report, the powerful lobbies of the financial community had already scoffed at it, the White House had retreated from being identified too closely with its conclusions and Mr Nicholas Brady himself spent his Friday afternoon brief-ing denying his recommenda-tions were radical. And the Government in Washington was closed down by a snow storm.

Just as everybody seemed agreed that the last thing anyone wanted was radical change in the securities industry, the market collapsed. Some estimates suggested that as much as 100 points of Friday's 140 point decline could be attributed to programme trading, which takes advantage of arbitrage opportu-nities between the futures and

the cash market. Friday's stampede out of stocks did not only focus attention on the serious analysis in the Brady report about the dynamic and potentially disastrous interplay between stock index futures and actual stocks. It also knocked on the head a growing complacency among participants in the equity mar-

The cheerful mood with which the New Year started and the instant and substantially positive reaction to central bank intervention to support the dollar early last week, had always looked like hubris. Some on Wall Street had watched the Dow rising in leaps and bounds with a palpable sense of dismay. It had looked too frothy.

It is the kind of thing the

Brady Commission is deeply con-cerned about. It concludes that trading on October 19 was dominated by surprisingly few institutions (not surprising to many in the industry), many of them selling according to formulaic price-insensitive portfolio insur-ance strategies. The power of programme trades, executed in very large size, is well-known in the market and the expectation of programmes being triggered leads to defensive selling by other investors, accelerating the

The Brady report is a fascinating and detailed historical review of October's events. It argues there was a massive overhang of unexecuted portfolio insurance sell programmes by the close on October 16. It cites the example of one client who had followed exactly the instructions of his adviser from Wednesday to Friday that week. He was then told at the weekend that, based on the close on October 16, the client should sell 70 per cent of his remaining equities to "conform to the parameters of the insurance model."

There will be many a constant

There will be many a nervous investor as the market opens today, looking to see whether Friday's 140-point drop left a similar overhang of sell pro-

grammes.
It seemed on Friday that the Brady Commission's report was not destined to be a tremendous success. There seem to be two reasons. One is that its recommendations are far-reaching but not very specific - perhaps inev-itable in the time it was given to complete the study. This means they are not easy to criticise but, at the same time, may not be

taken seriously.

Brady suggested low margin requirements in the futures market should be raised to nearer that did not mean there should be raised to nearer those in the stock market but that did not mean there should be equal requirements in both markets. Brady suggests margins should "reflect the different structure of the two related market segments." The placatory tone of statements, in response to the report, from the Chicago Board of Trade and the Mercantile Exchange suggest that this is so wishy-washy that it need not worry the futures industry unduly.

The second reason for the report's probable lack of impact is that the task force does not seem to have worked out its politics. Its suggestion (tentative as

tics. Its suggestion (tentative as it was) that price limits and trad-ing halts should be formulated was treated with enormous diswas treated with entitions instanted by free-marketeers every-body who is anybody, including the President.
Its suggestion that the US Fed-

eral Reserve Board should be given an overall supervisory role is likely to annoy everybody. The last thing the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission want is to be bossed around by the Fed. And, it seems, that is the last thing the Fed wants too.

### Soviet reforms help Prague's tragic hero

MR ALEXANDER DUBCEK, the tragic hero of Czechoslovakia's 'Prague Spring', emerged yesterday as a new beneficiary of Soviet openness, writes John Wyles in Rome. He was able, in an unprecedented newspaper interview, to characterise the Gorbachev experiments in the Gorbachev experiments in the Soviet Union as closely related to his own abortive liberalisations

of 20 years ago.
In a notable journalistic coup,
L'Unita, the Italian Communist
daily, yesterday published about
18,000 words of the first interview given by Mr Dubcek since the Soviet Army quashed his reformist government in Cze-choslovakia in August 1968. L'Unita journalists submitted



leader, is due to visit Moscow today for talks with Mr Mikhali Frankly, I can say that if the Gorbachev, the Soviet leader, at which forthcoming economic reforms in Czechoslovakia are likely to be discussed. After the Soviet invasion in 1968, Mr Jakes was responsible for leading the purge of Dubcek supporters from the Communist Party.

While making it clear that his reason for agreeing to the interview was the refusal of the Ozech authorities to alter the official judgement that the Dubiemplying that the past 20 years

essayed 20 years ago is apparently unshaken. He says his resemblances between the Gorprinciple concern now is that bachov reforms and his government of control of the says his resemblances between the Gorprinciple concern now is that bachov reforms and his government of control of the says his programme of control of the says his programme of control of the says his resemblances between the Gorprinciple of the says his principle of the says his resemblances between the Gorprinciple of the says his principle of the says his programme of the says his principle of the says his principle of the says his programme of the says h

also to others who suffered from their involvement in the Prague liberalisations.

Mr Milos Jakes, the new Czech leader, is due to visit Moscow today for talks with Mr Mikhall Gorbachev, the Soviet leader.

autumn and received a long manuscript, which reads in parts like a manifesto, from Mr Dubcek's Still a prisoner.

Now in retirement after spending much of his internal exile as open-air encounter on December 19 in Prague's Wenceslas Square with the 66-year-old former Czech Communist Party first secretary.

Mr Dubcek: Still a prisoner.

Mr Dubcek: Still a prisoner.

Now in retirement after spending much of his internal exile as classification to a forestry corps, Mr Dubcek looks looks back without bitterness on the state forestry corps, Mr Dubcek looks spring has given inspiration to a spring has given inspiration to a that of a "prisoner with controlled movement in a limited area."

Robort Thomas Area of long in manuscript, which reads in parts like a manifesto, from Mr Dubcek revealed that he care, Mr Dubcek revealed that he was enjoying some small benefits out the Soviet system. He criticates the Czech authorities for dealing "more in words than forestry corps, Mr Dubcek looks back without bitterness on the leader's visit to Prague last spring has given inspiration to a that of a "prisoner with controlled movement in a limited area."

Robert Thomson in Peking profiles a bishop unbowed by penance or communism

### Chinese Catholic keeps the faith

AFTER 30 YEARS in prison, tunic, black cloth shoes, and a from his crimes against communings and death were the common reform through labour and a small black hat preferred by nism was influenced by the car-fate of imprisoned counter-revotough re-education programme designed to change his counter-revolutionary Catholic ways, the Rev Ignatius Kung, former Bishop of Shanghai, is unrepen-

tant. His release is seen as a gesture towards the Vatican by the Chinese authorities following a recent visit by Cardinal Jaime Sin of the Philippines but the Chinese deny there is any con-

older Chinese, the elderly hishon was alert and good-humoured. However, he clearly did not want to cause problems for his fellow priests, and so kept the interview brief. He was reluctant to be drawn on why the party has

now given him freedom.
"It is because I am not against the government. I am not against the social order, he said. In the early 1950s, he had urged young The bishop, at 87 a symbol of Catholic resistance to communist rule, refuses to recommunist rule, refuses to renounce the refused to support the land Pope, whom the party has seen as a threat to its rule. He said: "If I don't believe in the Pope, then I am not a Catholic I am loyal to the Pope."

Or reson and labelled a count-

dinal's advocacy.
Father Wang Zhuhua, 66, also
Shanghai-based, was apparently
released several weeks ago after 31 years' imprisonment, most of them in a labour camp in the hostile far west. He is said to be

dence adjoining Shanghai Cathedral. He rises each morning around five and shortly after says a private Mass in Latin at the Good Shepherd Chapel In the compound. It is unlikely that the Government will allow him to say Mass in public.

It is more convenient for me to say Mass in private, the bishop said. His release has been

The bishop is supervised by Mr Yuan Shaosheng, a lay official of the Shanghai Patriotic Catholic Association, who said Bishop Kung had broken the first com-mandment. The first command partially blind and very frail.

Bishop Kung now lives with 43

state-approved priests in a resithe motherland it is a crime

against the church."
Walking the party line, Mr
Yuan Shaosheng said that relations with the Vatican would be impossible until it recognised that Taiwan was part of the Peo-ple's Republic of Chins. He said the break was made in 1955, when the Vatican would not

THE LEX COLUMN

### Wall Street tries another trick

Anyone who thought that a mea-sure of calmness was returning to the world's financial markets to the world's financial markets swill have been suitably chastened by the events of the last week which saw the Tokyo stock market enjoy its second biggest one-day gain and Wall Street suffer its third worst daily fall. The degree of normality which was beginning to creep back into the financial markets has been badly jolted and the more superstitions investors may be wondering whether the 13th week after the Crash of 87 will be marked by a repeat performance of Black

repeat performance of Black Monday. While it would be very surpris-ing if the Tokyo and London ing if the Tokyo and London stock markets were not affected by last Friday's sharp drop on Wall Street, it is most unlikely that they will be anywhere near as badly damaged this time round. The 6.8 per cent drop in the Dow Jones industrial average on Friday follows a 16 per cent rise in Wall Street over the last month. A correction was overdue month. A correction was overdue in New York, and remains over-due in London, which has risen by more than 12 per cent since

by more than 12 per cent since early December.

However, there are a number of reasons for believing that any sell-off will be far less extreme than took place three months ago. Even after their recent rallies, the London and New York markets are 27.4 per cent and 29.9 per cent off their respective peaks and no longer look horribly overvalued. Global institutional liquidity is in a far healthier state than it was in the autumn, the cash calls on the autumn, the cash calls on the market have slowed to a trickle, and those foreign investors whose rush for the exit in October exaggerated the falls in the Far Eastern and European stock markets have long since retreated to the safety of their

Is a future of the Pope, the law is a catholic I am loyal to the Pope.

Bishop Kung, in his first interview since his imprisonment in 1955, said he would still not work within the Chinese Patriotic Catholic Association, which the Chinese Patriotic Catholic Association, which the property of the state and encourages but the Vatican which still recognises Talwan as China and has no authority on the main encourages but the Vatican does not recognise. The recognise the property approves of and encourages but the Vatican which the property approves of and encourages but the Vatican which with this association, said the bishop.

They enothing to do with this association, which were the property of the patry approves of the encourages but the Vatican does not recognise. The property of the patry approves of and encourages but the Vatican does not recognise. The property of the patry approves of and encourages but the Vatican does not recognise. The property of the vatican was a summer of the property approves of and encourages but the Vatican does not recognise. The property of the vatican was not appeared to the vatican was not appeared to the property approves of and encourages but the Vatican does not recognise. The property of the vatican was not the vatican to the property of the vatican was not to lead primary and the property of the vatican was not to lead primary and the vatican was not to lead property of the vatican was not to lead property of the vatican was not to lead primary and the vatican was not to lead property of the vatican was not to lead the vatican was not to lead property of the vatican was not to lead the vat

**US Airlines** Debt and Leases as % of

Delta Piedmoat US Air Pan Am Eastern TWA

0 20 40 60

stock options are in fact one market, and the dangerous speed with which serious financial problems can surface when the problems can surface when the various linkages break down. The behaviour of the financial markets over the next few days will give the first clues as to whether the lessons of last October have been learnt, or whether the authorities will be forced to undertake sweeping reforms of the way securities are traded and regulated in order to prevent a further erosion of confidence in the world's financial system.

**US** airlines

· With British Caledonian safely With British Caledonian safely tucked under its wing. British Airways will presumably stop peddling scare stories about the invasion of Europe's skies by the giant US airlines. BA's argument that, unmerged, it could not compete with America's deregulated carriers had in any case begun to look a bit thin: corporate power, after all, is a matter of corporate profit and, viewed from the bottom line, the US mega-carrier appears more log-

around for foreign holiday mak-

ers. Labour costs may begin to creep up as new pilots on under \$40,000 a year and new flight attendants on a fraction of that refuse further concessions. But with the vicious price wars of the past few years giving way to more gentlemanly skirmishes, all the signs are profits in 1988 will

top last year's.
So, after nine years of blood-letting, pricing battles and hectic corporate realignment, is the US airline industry finally on the edge of a new dawn? Hardly.

Corporate convulsions are still Corporate convulsions are still in prospect at the three most anaemic carriers: Pan Am (which plans to sack its chief executive in exchange for agreement from its unions on swinging wage cuts); TWA (which on the basis of annual profits less losses has contrived to make no money at all in 52 years of existence); and Texas Air (which has been pieced together in an overambitious fashion from ailing bits like Continental and Eastbits like Continental and East-

But overall the shake-out is nearing completion and the industry settling down to some thing like its mature deregulated form. That form looks only narrowly profitable; even if 1987 profits do hit record levels, \$900m would represent a meagre 1.9 per cent net margin on reve-nues of \$46bn. This is partly due in turn to the industry's heavy load of debt. If cash flow should falter in this most fragile of industries, not only those carriers with debt/equity ratios in or near double digits (Pan Am, 11:1; TWA and Texas Air, 9:1) could prove vulnerable.

In any case, strong revenues alone will not save Pan Am and TWA. The former, with \$880m in long term debt, needs a capital injection from a strong partner, but Braniff's Pritzker family has pulled out of merger talks and another suitor has yet to come forward. As for TWA, Carl Icahn seems to be spending more time on his chess game over Texaco than on sorting out the airline's

When the final episodes of merger-mania are complete the betting is on perhaps six big players winning through
American, Delta, Northwest,
United, US Air and perhaps a slimmed down Texas Air. Deregulation will have left all of them with lower costs than their counterparts in Europe, but it will also have left them weak-The current year, too, should bring lower fuel prices and strong traffic growth: domestic business travel seems largely to be ignoring Black Monday, while the dollar makes America the cheapest First World bargain Airways could turn out the bully

DISAGREEMENT between Bonn from the West to the East bloc. and Washington over controlling This is on the grounds that transfer of technology to the important components of the air-lines, in particular their engines. East bloc may come to the surface as a result of West German efforts to win orders for Airbus

and electronic systems, contain technology useful for military

efforts to win orders for Airbus airliners in Eastern Europe.

Government officials in Bonn say that Airbus Industrie, the four-nation European airliner consortium, has been in contact with both Hungary and East Germany on possible leasing or sale of wide-body Airbuses. Poland is also said to have expressed interest.

The US and West Germany agree that East bloc orders

with both Hungary and East Germany on possible leasing or sale with an Eastern European country ould prove a test case for also said to have expressed interest.

The US and West Germany on the US and West Germany on the East-West ould prove a test case for differing opinions between the US and West Germany on the East-West warranted by the East-West political thaw.

Mr Hans-Dietrich Genscher, the Bonn Foreign Minister, has issued a strong call to "adapt" Cocom rules to the new mood in East-West relations. Mr Genscher, the Bonn Foreign Minister, has issued a strong call to "adapt" Cocom rules to the new mood in East-West relations. Mr Genscher, the Bonn Foreign Minister, has issued a strong call to "adapt" Cocom rules to the new mood in East-West relations. Mr Genscher, the Bonn Foreign Minister, has issued a strong call to "adapt" Cocom rules to the new mood in East-West relations. Mr Genscher, and the complex of the East-West warranted by political thaw.

In the US and West Germany on the US and West Ger

could anger US

resources to checking high-technology trade with the East bloc. Washington also thinks that the Federal Republic should toughen penalties for infringements.

The US believes that Bonn backs the fundamental principles of Cocom. But there is suspicion that West Germany is attempting to tone down the warranted by the East-West political thaw.

Mr Hans-Dietrich Genscher, the Bonn Foreign Minister, has issued a strong call to "adapt" of the Basking a number of Cocom rules are made of political to "adapt".

The US believes that Bonn backs the fundamental principles of Cocom rules more quickly than the East Most of the East and said that Cocom rules were becoming less of a hindrance in view of political rapprochement.

The US is asking a number of European countries to tighten up Cocom enforcement. It is offer ing in return liberalisation of some controls affecting lower-technology trade.

### Israel's private war

Continued from Page 1

"The Islamic jihad was not a dominant factor before the events," said Mr Mohammed It is unclear how long such a Khass, a Gaza journalist and former local official, speaking in his seafront home. "But when the troubles began, it started playing a leading role."

Despite Israeli predictions that the unrest would be short-lived, Palestinian residents of the territories said people were determined to keep up the pressure.

"It's undelar how long such a boycott could be sustained given Gaza's economic dependence on Israel. But Gazans say that people are more prepared than ever to make sacrifices.

In Israel, despite international criticism of the handling of the disturbances, officials are insisting to keep up the pressure.

"It's unclear how long such a boycott could be sustained given Gaza's economic dependence on Israel. But Gazans say that people are more prepared than ever to make sacrifices.

In Israel, despite international criticism of the handling of the disturbances, officials are insisting to understances are a necessary priority to quell the demonstrations.

seen people so willing to con-front the Israelis. What young-

World Weather

rying new developments for campaign at the weekend to pre-Israel in the current wave of dis-turbances in Israel, where many industries "The Islamic jihad was not a rely on labour from the territo-

In Israel, despite international criticism of the handling of the disturbances, officials are insisting that tough measures are a necessary priority to quell the demonstrations.

seen people so willing to confront the Israelis. What youngsters are doing is really frightening, said one resident.

Organisers of the Gaza demonstrations appear to be trying to promote a "siege from within." of a long-term problem and their islamic Jihad, an extreme fundamentalist group, stepped up its demonstrations.

During a Cabinet meeting yesterday, Mr Yitzhak Rabin, the Israeli Defence Minister, Is reported to have acknowledged that the disturbances were part of a long-term problem and their intensity had taken the Governmentalist group, stepped up its

### **Bush-Dole class battle**

Continued from Page 1

that he has high name recognition but a fuzzy image.

The inevitable problem of being number two in the White House partly explains this. But it is aggravated by uncertainty in the public mind not only about what the Vice-President stands for but, in an odd way, also where he is from is be the tough self-made Texan he says he is? Or is he, as Mr Dole implies without ever mentioning his name, the upper-class New England preppie who went through some of the best private education America can offer before finishing school at Yale.

In the telavised debates between the candidates such as the one in Des Moines on Friday night the Vice-President never

that he has high name recogni- those who keep asking him what he was doing during the Iran-contra affair.

> So Senator Dole's approach redolent with real resentment in his voice when he addresses the theme, is to suggest that the Vice-President was born with a silver spoon in his mouth, cannot understand the real-life problems of ordinary Americans and, by implication, does not have the regional roots and values which Americans like their Presidents to have.

So far this strategy does not seem to be working badly here either. Some of the latest polls, the ona in Des Moines on Friday night the Vice-President never misses a chance to present himself as "fightin' George Bush", a man who can hit back hard at rhetorical challengers, especially

### AT&T's European plans

Continued from Page 1

continued from Page 1

other leading equipment manufacturers about closer collaboration.

A partnership joining AT&T and the Italians would probably be based initially on transfer of technology and managerial expertise from the American company aimed at solving the phone system.

Depending on the scope of the agreement, Italized might hope to improve its position in transmission, where it is relatively weak at present, as well as gain access to the large Italian market, as well as well as to those developing countries where Italized is starting to expert.

The talks between AT&T and the Italians have re-lit the heated debate about the future leading have re-lit the leaster about the future linking liaited and Telettra as Flat subsidiary, was aborted least than three months ago in considerable acrimony. Agreement, the US for its products. For its

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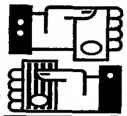
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Financial Times Monday January 11 1988

### SECTION III **FINANCIAL TIMES**



Banking deregulation has led to reduced exchange controls, and increased competition, writes Michael Field.

Bankers now favour closer links with the European Community, which would require the removal of what financial barriers remain between the region and the rest of the world.

### Looking at the market

IN A major speech last month Peter Wallenberg, vice-chairman of the Skandinavisko Enskilda Bank and chairman of the Swed-ish Industrial Federation. onnounced that the time had come for Sweden to join the

come for Sweden to join the European Community. It is thought in Stockholm and the other Scandinavian capitals that his speech was made after consultations not only with leaders of the Swedish banking and Industrial communities but also with some members of the Government.

ernment.
The official Government reacthe official Government reaction to Wallenberg's speech was hostile, but what he said has certainly focused Scandinavians' attention on their position vis-anis the Community. Denmark has been a member since 1973, and now, in o financial and trad-ing sense, looks far more to the Community than it does to its

northern neighbours.
The possibility of other Scandinavian countries following Denmark affects not only the expansion of the Industrial companies but also the demolition of barriers to capital flows between them and the rest of the world and the integration of their banks into the International

Until 1985 the Scandinavian banking community was unusu-

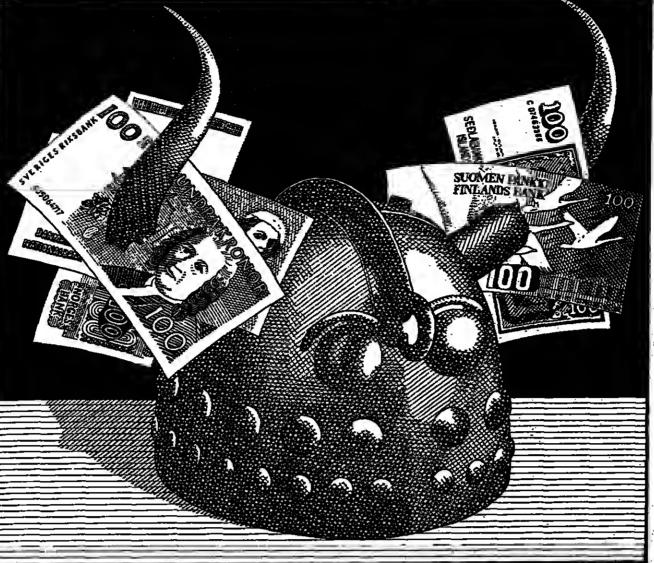
In 1985 and 1986 the authorities released the banks from many of the domestic controls, with the result that they have become more competitive, more con-cerned with profits than with balance sheet size, and more pre-pared to diversify into each other's established reolms of

In the last 12 months domestic liberalisation has been followed by partiol elimination of exchange controls - a process which will be taken further in

If any more of the Scandina-vian countries join the EC, or develop a close association with it without joining, the barriers to financial flows between them

financial flows between them and the rest of the world will have to be removed completely. In Sweden, Finland and Norway, the subject of EC relations has been a topic of growing debate for several years, and seems likely to be a major question in 1988 – particularly if Sweden and Finland, which have been faring much better economically than Denmark and Norway. move into recession Norway, move into recession during the year.

In Sweden there is no question but that the bankers and Indus-trialists would like to join the EC. They feel that, if it stays outside, Sweden will not get the



### The Nordic Countries

BANKING AND FINANCE

favourable treatment from other major economic powers that It would get if it dealt with them as part of a group with a dozen or more other countries.

The main obstacle in the case of Sweden is its tradition of neutrality, a cornerstone of Swedish foreign policy for nearly two centuries and a principle enjoying support at all levels throughout this, Sweden's attachment to its comprehensive social security system presents another probable. The politicians from the Socialist party, in power for most of the last 50 years, believe that, as the Community develops, governments' tax and spending policies will be brought increasingly within the orbit of Brussels in the context of the creation of an "integral market". the context of the creation of an internal market.

place in Norway, it now seems that a majority of the population would be in favour of joining the Community. The country is a member of Nato, so does not have the political qualms that its neighbours have. Strong lobbying against entry by the country's powerful agricultural and fisheries Interests resulted in a "no" vote in the 1972 referendum. The subsequent discovery of oil appeared to vindicate this stand, but, with the collarse in the oil price, Norway's economic vulnerability has again been highlighted.

In Finland, the Central Association of Industries, with the support of the banks, and to some extent the politicians, echoed Wallenberg when it said recently that the country could not afford to stay out of the EC — though it

What is likely is that the various Scandinavian governments will seek forms of association

will seek forms of association that will give them as many as possible of the benefits of membership of the EC with the minimum loss of sovereignty.

The type of agreement the Scandinavian governments might like would involve their healing access to Community might like would involve their having access to Community research programmes and high technology development effort in space, for example — and their companies being treated as Community companies in governments purchasing (the Scandinavians already have tariff-free access to the EC, and Community standards in Industry and other areas they adopt on their own accord).

In Finland, foreign banks were allowed to open in the early 1980s, though only four arrived, and one of them, Chase Manhattan, recently left. Its licence was taken by PK Banken of Sweden.

The major reform to date came in August 1986 when the banks' average lending rate was decontrolled. The cost of banks funds, though, is still regulated by the long-standing law that exempts

#### CONTENTS

Regional options market den's Credit Market

ments and after Foreign banks in Sweden Booming lostend: the problem Denmark: bank failures; debt Profile: Den Danske Bank

Finland: new banking laws; the stock market Profiles: Jaako Lassils; Den

□ Hustration by Robin Macfarlan

cial funds, and perhaps contrib-

cial funds, and perhaps contribute to Community aid programmes under the Lome Agreement.

Difficulties might occur in the harmonisation of agricultural policies, Scandinavion agricultural policies, Scandinavion agricultural policies, Scandinavion agriculture is heavily subaidised to compensate for the region's severe climate. Free movement of tabour would also be a sensitive issue, the Finns in particular follow o very restrictive policy on immigration.

The harmonisation of financian regulations would not be difficult. On December 9, the Swedish Government said it was willing to remove all barriers to capital movement between State in Swedish in Sweden one notices that the parallel to one onother in response to the policies of the Riksbank (the central bank) and the Finance Ministry. Now, how much profit to bank mokes is

Ing to remove all barriers to capital movement between Sweden and the EC, which in effect would mean between Sweden and the rest of the world. The Government had taken an important step in this direction last October, when it started to make foreign currency available for private portfolio investment overseas. Similar changes have been under way in Finland.

Finland.

The principle exchange control barrier that remains in Sweden, Finland and Norway is the prohibition on foreigners buying local bonds and money market securities. There are also restrictions on the amounts of stock that foreigners may buy in Scan-dinavian companies without ask-ing permission of the authorities.

In internal banking matters, deregulation started earlier, and in Sweden is almost complete. In payments deficit to adopt their the last three years the Swedish authorities have dismantled controls on the volume of banks lending and interest rates. In 1986 they allowed 12 foreign banks into the kingdom; all have found the competition tough and one. Paribas, has closed its branch.

allowed to open in the early and Norwegian companies have 1980s, though only four arrived, and one of them, Chase Manhattan, recently left. Its licence was taken by PK Banken of Sweden.

The major reform to date came in August 1986 when the banks 1987. All the banks are forecasting lever national recent recen

uniform rates among all the

In Sweden one notices that the banks' results no longer move parallel to one onother in response to the policies of the Riksbank (the central bank ) and the Finance Ministry. Now, how much profit o bank mokes is determined by its own abilities, and the discrepancies in the banks' results are striking.

Likewise, in Finland the deregulation of bank lending rates, and the permission given for companies to borrow abroad, have led to o big increase in liquidity in the market and o new atmosphere of competition.

The current enthusiasm for deregulation and the free play of market forces may wane loter this year or in 1989 if the Scandinavlan economies move into

The Norwegian Government acted two years ago to curb the growth in consumer spending that stemmed from the country's

In all countries these problems are being made worse by the col-Earlier, the authorities had allowed the issue of certificates last October. In Stockholm, of deposit and introduced market rate treasury bills, which led to the creation of the money market, the initial fall was not big by international standards, but the silde has continued standards and leavest the silde has continued standards.

ing lower national growth rates. Since October, the Svenska Hanother areas they adopt on their though, is still regulated by the long-standing law that exempts the Scandinavians would pay two or more banks are paying money into some of the EU's spetting. The cost of banks funds, though, is still regulated by the debstank, one of the most pessionistic, has revised its estimate for Swedish econonomic growth two or more banks are paying the same rates. This has led to

### Well-skilled in Scandinavia



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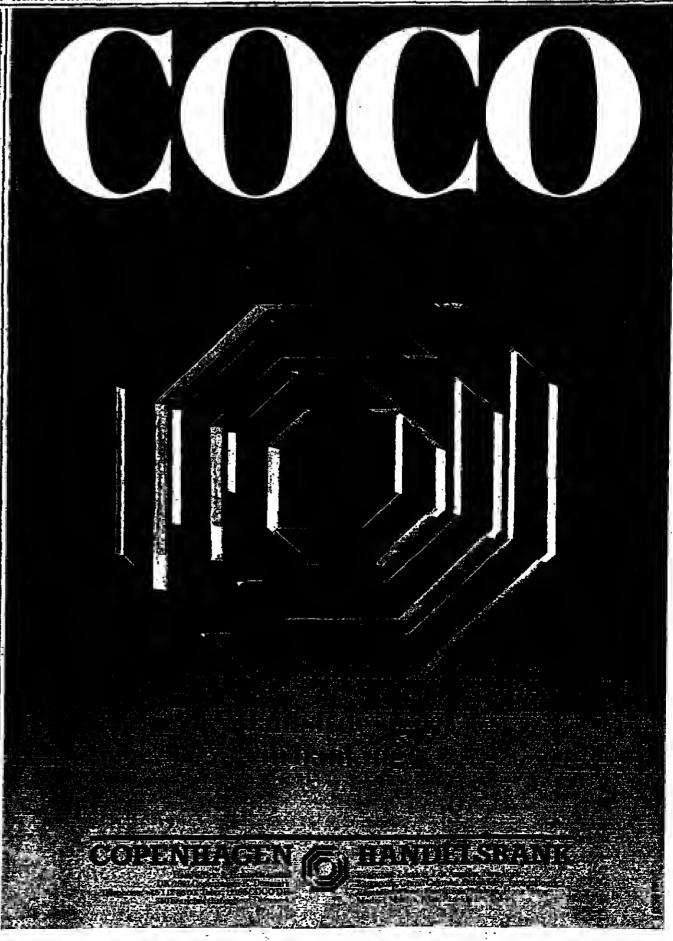
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liberalised.

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#### **NORDIC BANKING 2**

Michael Field on the dismantling of exchange controls

### Shedding a disadvantage

IN THE last two years the governments of Sweden, Finland and Iceland have done much to dismantle the comprehensive exchange controls that they have ed on themselves since the second world war, or earlier.

The original purpose of the controls was structural. The governments snw their economies as heing small and weak, and they wanted to protect their assets from foreigners while conserving domestic capital for domestic purposes.

In recent years these objectives have become irrelevant, and in Sweden espe-cially the economy has suffered from a become irrelevant, and in Sweden especially the economy has suffered from a aurplus of domestic capital. This has eaused a consumer boom and, hefore October, n particularly steep rise in share prices on the Stockholm stock exchange.

At the same time the deregulation and in Sweden especially flows, particularly free destabilising capital flows, particularly free destabilising capital flows, particularly free destabilising capital flows, particularly free daments destabilising capital flows, particularly free daments and is auryling for domestic money close to enjoying a completely free exchange regime. Denmark is an exception in that it has been part of the European Community since 1972.

The main recent exchange control changes - and expected changes - in the Scanding for the first forms of the first flows.

giohalisation of the world's financial markets, coupled with the removal of harriers to the flow of capital elsewhere narriers to the flow of capital elsewhere in the industrialised world, has increased the political pressure on the Scandinavian governments to demolish exchange controls. In effect, in the 1980s exchange controls have become both economically and politically disadvantageous.

The reasons why the governments

ance funds.
Governments want to proceed slowly
so that they can assess the impact of
exchange deregulation etage by stage
and uvoid having to take steps backwards. They may also experience a lingering socialist instinct to delay giving
up control of the supply and price of
domestic capital.
The two exceptions to the general pattern are Norway, which liberalised its
exchange regime in the early 1980s but
has recently been forced to reimpose

have not moved further and faster on has recently been forced to reimpose this issue is that they are afraid of causing destabilising capital flows, particular removed almost all its controls and is

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fation(%)	8.9	8.0	7.4	42	40	65	Inflation (%
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SWEDE

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inflation (%)	8.4	티	5.7	72	90	5.0
Content account halance (USBns)	1966	2976	2825	-4500	-4500	-2000

FINLAND

#### SWEDEN

Purchase of foreign securities: Until the beginning of this year. Swedes were greatly restricted in the purchase of financial instruments on foreign markets. What purchases they made had to be done through a pool of switch currency of limited size; and, 10 buy this currency, investors paid a premium.
In a major development in

October last year, the authorities announced that SKr3bn would be made available for new overseas portfolio investment in 1988; and it is thought by bank-ers that similar allocations of new money will be made in 1989 and subsequent years. This will steadily eliminate the premium paid for investment currency. and within a few years it is assumed that it will lead to complete freedom for outward portfolio investment.

Purchase of foreign real estate: in late 1986 the amount which Swedes could invest in real estate abroad was raised from SKr250,000 to Skr800,000. To make an investment one has to obtain permission from the authorities, but it is granted eas-

Finance of corporate expansion abroad: In 1986 the central bank (the Riksbank) abolished the rule by which Swedish com-panies making direct invest-ments abroad had to finance industrial companies. such investments by taking for-eign currency loans over periods of at least five years. Now comnanies can use income generated in Sweden to finance expansion. Profits made from foreign operations must still be repatriated, though the change in fin-ancing regulations means that this rule has now lost much of

Restrictions on foreigners

investing in Sweden: Foreigners are not allowed to buy short-or long-term Swedish fixed interest securities - whether issued by the Government or by companies. There is no indication that this restriction is about to be

Foreign investment in the equity of Swedish industrial companies is allowed, but the amounts are partially and indirectly restricted. Foreigners may only buy "free" shares, which sometimes do not carry voting rights and normally do not compaint the sand normally do not compared to the sand normal norma rights and normally do not con stitute more than 40 per cent of

a company's equity.

If a foreigner wants to buy more than 20 per cent of a company's total equity, or if the company wants to increase the proportion of its equity that is free, permission must be asked of the authorities. Normally permission is obtained easily.

So far foreigners have been totally prohibited from buying shares in Swedish banks, stockbrokers and finance companies though foreign banks were allowed to open in Stockholm in 1986. The Credit Committee, a body which has been working since 1983 and is about to present its report to the Government, ls going to propose that this restriction be lifted, though the proportion of free shares allowed to the banks will be less than the 40 per cent normally allowed to

Purchase of foreign securities: Until early 1986 Finns were not allowed to make portfolio

lation applies both to individuals and companies, though if a com-pany's investments can be classilied as. direct, rather than portfolio, no restriction is

hy Finnish companies: In August 1986 Finnish shipping and manufacturing companies were authorised to take foreign cheaper than Finnmark loans), provided they were for terms of at least five years. Late least abroad: For the last two years, both corporate and private Norwegian investors have been at least five years. Late least five years.

short-term import or export also buy bonds, up to the limits finance from abroad, but other of NKrlm for individuals and lypes of short-term loans and all foreign medium-term loans (of in the past 12 months regulathat short- and medium-term money market, or mainly money loan transactions are liable to market, funds registered in forticularly if large volumes of ulations are supervised by a medium-term borrowings were licensing system.

Finnish banks may borrow as Norwegian companies normally

not allowed to make portfolio investments abroad. Then a limit of FM10,000 was placed on their purchases, raised to FM50,000 (about \$10,000) in May 1987. This reform has not led to large capital outflows and it is thought

that the ceiling will be raised for a company to increase the further in the future. This regutive to restricted shares, and for a foreign buyer to expand its purchase of free shares above the authorised limit. Foreign investments in Finnish banks placed upon it.

and forest industries companies

Foreign currency borrowing are completely prohibited.

Purchase of investments provided they were for terms of at least five years. Late last year to buy shares on major foreign this concession was extended to Finnish companies of all types.

Companies may also take Norwegian brokers. They may also take the limits of the limits of

one to five years) are prohibited. tions have been introduced to The reason is that it is thought prohibit purchase of shares in lead to volatile capital flows, par- eign tax havens. All of these reg-Direct foreign investments by

much as they like abroad, are licensed, but individuals are though they have to observe the not usually given permission to above regulations when they establish companies abroad, lend in foreign currencles to Restrictions on foreigners Finnish companies. In 1986 a investing in Norway: Foreignban was imposed on the banks, ers have not been allowed to making domestic foreign curinvest in Norwegian bonds since rency loans that would be November 1984. They are financed by Finnish companies' allowed to purchase equity foreign currency earnings depossible them. ited with them.

Restrictions on foreigners late in Norwegian companies is investing in finland: Foreign- limited by the same types of ers are not allowed to invest in rules that apply in Sweden and Finnmark bonds or other money Finland. Direct investment by

ersonal use by individuals and companies from Norwegian banks or banks abroad for the purpose of trade finance or investment. Long-term borrow-ing is subject to quotas of NKr2.5bn in 1986, NKr7.5bn (1987) and NKr10bn (1988).

Real GEF growth (%)

Contest account belonce (USCar

At the end of 1986, after a period during which the krone had been under pressure, restrictions were placed on the Norwegian krone money market. It was ruled that companies could do forward business only on current transactions, not on long-term

Purchase of foreign securi-ties: Danes may buy any foreign securities they like in any quan-tities, though for tax purposes they must register their dealings with Danish banks.

Restrictions on foreigners investing in Denmark: For-eigners can invest in all types of Danish securities, except fixed interest paper with maturities of less than two years. This restric-tion should be eliminated by the time the European Community internal market is created in

Private dealings in foreign currencies: Danish citizens may only buy foreign currencies for-ward if their purpose is to back a commercial transaction. Individ-uals may not borrow in foreign currencies and may not have foreign currency current account -though Danish companies may have foreign currency current accounts if they will be using the foreign exchange for an external purpose within 60 days. These restrictions are due to be eliminated by 1992.

#### **ICELAND**

Purchase of foreign securi-ties: Since October 1987 Icelanders have been allowed to buy Icelandic securitles, issued by government entities and private companies, in foreign markets. They may also buy other good quality securities, though in these cases they must first ask the permission of the central bank. It is intended that investors' freedom will be expanded

Also in October, the Government announced that Icelandic companies would be granted wider permission to invest in companies abroad, in order to improve their competitiveness.

Restrictions on foreigners investing in Iceland: Foreigners may already buy Icelandic securities, but the Government does not guarantee the reconver-

tability of their money. It is expected that a guarantee on this will be given soon. Regula-tions governing investment by foreign companies in businesses in Iceland have recently been

Borrowing abroad by Ice-landers: It has recently been made easier for Icelandic companies to borrow directly from for-elgn banks. Previously they would approach their banks in Iceland, and the banks would take foreign currency loans on their behalf. Leasing companies that have recently been established in Iceland are allowed to obtain their funds from abroad. The present tax on foreign borrowing will be repealed at the end of 1988 – the delay being intended to encourage the postponement of foreign borrowings and to help the Government's anti-inflation policy.

#### A unified Nordic stock exchange? Sara Webb weighs the arguments

### Attracting the foreigner

ONE OF the more pressing wor-ries for the Nordic countries is how to survive global stock mar-ket developments and tougher

International competition.

It has led Mr Bengt Ryden,
chief executive of the Stockholm Stock Exchange, to press for, closer co-operation between the Nordic exchanges in Stockholm, Copenhagen, Oslo and Helsinki, to the extent of urging a computer link to allow automated share trading across borders.

"It is not realistic to think that we will ever be a significant market place for other, non-Nor-dic, shares, but the Nordic coun-tries - which account for 1 per cent of share trading in the industrial countries - shoold make sure that they are the most important market place for their own shares," says Mr Ryden.

His concern is not groundless. During the 1980s, the four exchanges grew rapidly, helped by the stimulus of special savings schemes in the case of Norway and Sweden.

The weekly turnover on the Stockholm market in 1987 exceeded the turnover for the whole of 1979. Foreign investors had significant holdings in the Nordic markets (though, with the bourse crash, the international investors have tended to pull out of the minor markets).

Foreign investors have played Foreign investors have played

an important role in the boom of the 1980s, and their attitude and participation in the Nordic mar-kets will be decisive for the

kets will be decisive for the future," says Mr Ryden.
Foreign ownership in Swedish shares rose from 3 per cent in 1980 to 12 per cent in 1986. But keeping foreigners interested depends on making the Nordic exchanges attractive market places, and in Sweden that has not been the case recently.

The Government doubled the share turnover tax in July 1986, which means that transaction costs in Stockholm are now

costs in Stockholm are now between three and five times as high as in London and New York where the major Swedish compa-

nies are listed.
Estimates of the extent to which trading in Swedish shares has moved abroad suggest 35 per cent of free shares in Asea, Electrolux, Pharmacia, Volvo and Ericsson are traded overseas. Traders complained that prices in Stockholm were increasingly

in Stockholm were increasingly driven by prices in London.

The Stock Exchange Board has already asked the Government to grant foreign investors exemp-tion from transaction costs, so, that they will be wooed back to the market. The Norwegian Gov-ernment decided to introduce a 1 per cent turnover tax on share trading apparently ignoring the effect such a tax had on its next-door neighbour.

Mr Ryden believes the solution is to have a computer link-up between the Nordic exchanges and much closer economic and and much closer economic and financial co-operation between the countries to match their co-operation in trade and services.

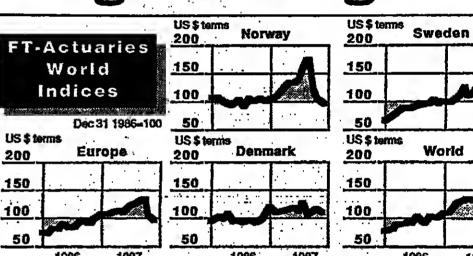
Today 643 companies are listed on the Helsinki, Copenhagen, Osio and Stockholm exchanges, but only 17 of these had a listing on another Nordic exchange, and only 11 listed companies had 10 per cent or more of their shares in another Nordic country.

"When it comes to goods and services, the Nordic neighbours co-operate in an important market, but when it comes to capital supply, the question comes way down the list of priorities, says Mr Ryden. He wants freer movement of capital between the countries.

countries.

countries.

The idea is that since all the Nordic exchanges are moving towards the introduction of new technology that will allow automated share trading, they could in theory be linked by computer.



1986 1987 1986 1987 1986 1987 conjunction with the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

This would allow an investor in, (these are in the process of being say, Sweden to buy shares from tightened in Stockholm, though his desk-top in a Finnish company that was not listed on the tough enough and should be Stockholm exchange, and would be broadened in scope to include create a unified Nordic exchange with improved services.

(these are in the process of being tightened in Stockholm, though many feel they are nowhere near tough enough and should be broadened in scope to include create a unified Nordic exchange with improved services.

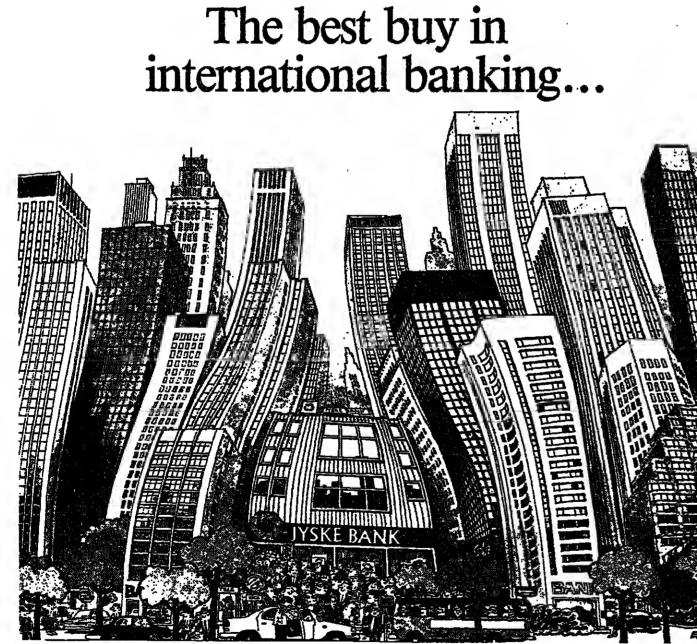
Experience so far suggests that dardisation of listing and disclo-Nordic shares listed on the other Nordic exchanges tend to flow our requirements.

It would also require the removal of exchange controls,

There are, however, certain decisions on which country the obstacles. Regulations concernships of example, insider trading in, and real-time market inforwould need to be harmonised mation between countries.

Opponents of this scheme argue that, apart from Stock-holm, the Nordic markets suffer holm, the Nordic markets suffer from liquidity problems; and they point to the difficulty some foreign investors had in selling out Finnish ahares during the bourse crash. They also fear that a unified Nordic exchange would be dominated by Swedish companies, which currently account for 80 per cent of the combined turnover, leaving the small and medium sized Danish, Finnish and Norwegian companies on the sidelines. the sidelines.

World



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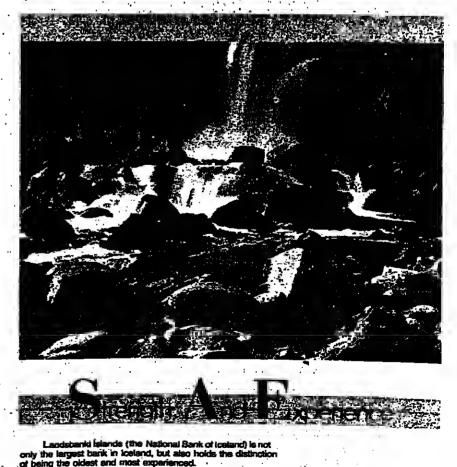
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#### **NORDIC BANKING 3**

SWEDEN PIONEERED the use of SWEDEN PIONEERED the use of options in the Nordic region, with the launch of its first options market (OM) in 1985 and its second (SOFE) in March 1987. Though the markets grew rapidly at first, they have not escaped criticism, and Nordic neighbours would do well to learn from Sweden's experiences in this field before pushing in this field before pushing ahead with the launch of their

own exchanges. Options markets need regula-tion and those who use them should be fully aware of the risks involved - not just the players on the floor, but the senior managers in the financial institutions need to be clear about the risks and have control systems in place to stop losses at a previously determined level. The growth of Sweden's options markets has taken

options markets has taken observers by surprise. During 1987. OM's average daily turnover was 30,000 index option contracts and 2,500 interest option contracts. SOFE started off strongly, claiming between 35 and 40 per cent of market share, but this has dwindled to between 5 and 10 per cent recently.

OM was set up by Mr Olaf Stenhammar, a Swedish entrepreneur who started his own swimming pool construction.

preneur who started his own swimming pool construction business at the age of 24 in order to finance his studies at university, and who later moved to the US to work as a broker with WE Hutton (which later went bust) and then with Bache.

Stephammar returned to Sweden in 1975 and started work with the Bonniers publishing and leisure group. He recognised the need for an options market in Sweden, won support from

In finance his studies at university, and who later moved to the US to work as a broker with WE Options, exchange should come under the control of the stock and then with Bache.

Stephanimar returned to Sveden in 1975 and started work with the Bonniers publishing and leisure group. He recognised the need for an options market in Sweden, won support from friends in the brokerage Carnegie and Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken, and started the market in June 1985.

OM took off rapidly, though there were complaints at first about the high transaction costs about the high ransaction costs and based on transaction costs and based on transaction costs and based on the open outcry system.

SOFE has since lost market the way that the Other hrokers and is a less popular exchange reason.

June 1985 and the market in June 1987. SOFE has since lost market in June 1987. SOFE has since lost market in the meantime. Goetabanken on transaction costs and based on the open outcry system.

SOFE has since lost market index options from rival privately owned in the planned options exchanges the time index options, which is calculated to halve the bank's 1987. Sofe has since lost market the meantime. Goetabanken of the planned options exchanges in Heisinki and Osio, though in the meantime. Goetabanken of the planned options exchanges in Heisinki and Osio, though in open for a competitor and SOFE has since lost market index options, which is calculated to halve the bank's 1987. Sofe has since lost market index options from the meantime for them. But the control of the stock way of the stock and the control of the stock in the watchdog for the financial markets, has suggested proposals the way to be a transaction in the meaning fallowing a spate of heavy losses and other the markets.

The first the control of the stock and other the watchdog for the financial markets, has suggested proposals the way to prevent the use of options markets, though the markets.

The first the control of the stock and other the market in start the way for the ma

showed a 35 per cent increase in involved and did not have adeprofits for the first six months of 1997 at SKr99.3m. The criticism of OM is that "it is a private enterprise with a strong profit with the 25 year-old trader but metive— the only thing they with the top management in the care about is high turnover, to banks. They must be aware of the detriment of the players," the risks involved in different according to one trader.



#### Regional options markets

### Hints from Sweden

mion is that the Exchange - would like to see

and is a less popular exchange trading activities of two employbecause players cannot be "anonges" of the way that the Other brokers and banks screen allows them to be "Anonges" neglected to ask for sufficient collateral from clients, and so medium-sized market," says had to bear the cost of losses Stenhammar.

Meanwhile, OM reported professional story is that senfor managers its of SKr151m in 1986 and were not aware of the risks showed a 33 per cent increase in involved and did not have adenomists for the first six months of quate controls in place to limit

The detriment of the players, the risks involved in different according to one trader.

All exchange is there to serve cated, says Stenhammer, a community not to make a living based on community not to make

which arose in Stockholm.
Norway also had plans for two
rival exchanges. Guidelines from
the Ministry of Finance are
expected to set out licencing
requirements, but the brokers
believe it will be harder for Oslo
to make the same kinds of mistake as the Swedes because, if
information on options is linked
to the share trading computer

to the share trading computer system, brokers should be able to

check that their clients have the necessary collateral.

in the Danish case, the options market (only one) has been established as a mutual fund by the banks and brokers' associations and is intended to be a new mention and is intended to be a at this stage, it claims that any profits would be ploughed back into the development of the market or would result in lower fees.

Co-operation with the Copenhagen Stock Exchange is expected to be close.

OM has been swift to market its expertise abroad it is behind the planned options erchanges in Helsinki and Osio, though in both countries it may face competition from rival privately-owned exchanges despite the small size of the market.

In Finland, OM is involved with Union Bank of Finland (the leading Finnish bank), Skopbank (the central bank of the Finnish savings banks), Pohjola (the leading Finnish insurance group), and H Kuningas (the stockbrokers).

The rival exchanga has the support of Kansallis-Osake-Pankid (one of the leading commercial banks), Okobank (the co-operativa banking group), Postlpankid (the post office bank), and 15 small brokerage firms, and is under the suspices of the Stock Exchange.

Though it is still not certain whether the two exchanges may

Though it is still not certain whether the two exchanges may merge (given that few believe Finland is large enough to need two exchanges), the Justice Minister has already called for a delay in their large, partitions. delay in their launch until the new securities markets legisla-tion comes into force, possibly this summer. Even so, there are doubts over whether the new the prevent the sorts of problems

#### Sara Webb on the proposals of Sweden's Credit Market Committee

### Rules to tame the 'wild west'

undergone major changes during the 1980s. The creation of a well-functioning money market has provided new funding possi-bilities - and a welcome alternative to bank loans - for corpo-rate players, municipalities and

The credit market is now almost entirely deregulated, the amost entirely deregulated, the not allowed.

The most important reform being the abolition of lending cellings.

"It is now a free-for-all in the credit market," says Mr Anders Kvist, treasurer at the Gota group. "As a result, the banks, finance companies and mortgage institutions have had to come up increase lending and put more emphasis on credit evaluation."
The most important step that remains to be taken is the removal of exchange controls. Other changes currently being discussed by the government appointed Credit Market Committee concern ways of introducing a more neutral set of rules for the various participants in the

market, as well as of improving protection for the consumer.
"It is time to take the wildwest mentality out of the market," says Mr Soeren Andersson, vice-president of Swedbank.

The committee – which consists of property the ket, says Mr Soeren Anderson, vice-president of Swedbank.

The committee — which consists of representatives of the Riksbank, Bank Inspection Board, Finance Ministry, the banks, insurance companies and finance companies — is due to present its report in the spring. It is preparing to recommend:

More liberal conditions for

D "Quality control" over finance have to think of the minority companies and money market interests when planning," according to Mr Kvist. banks;

O "Quality control" over finance

Innovations, says Mr Conny but, even with this proposal, the The insurance companies, Joerneklint, a committee mem problem is that we will still be which are important players in

The problem lies with the leg- Soeren Andersson.

islation which specifies what a bank can do - so that, by implication, everything not mentioned is forbidden. The committee wants far better protection for the continued is forbidden. The committee wants far better protection for the continued is forbidden. The committee wants far better protection for the continued is forbidden. tee wants to change this, so that alarm about the plethora of the law specifies only what is under-financed companies, not allowed.

described by Mr Joerneklint as a

allowed to invest in real estate

opment.
Some bankers are keen to see a some bankers are keen to see a change in the law covering bank ownership. One of the most important changes in the Swedish banking world took place at the end of 1986, when a group of financiers decided to set up a banking and financial services

tabanken and Wermlandsban-ken. Yet it wants 100 per cent

players;

Collimits to the activities of the insurance companies in the coredit market;

Collimits to the activities of the insurance companies in the committee proposals are accepted, banks will be allowed to invest in real estate and to participate in venture capital

arise Internationally," says Mr Joerneklint; this would eliminate the need to pass new legislation every time there is a new develpanies are involved in making loans to private individuals, leasing, factoring and credit card

"It is hard to see why we need so many," says Mr Kvist. "We want to raise the quality, because at the moment the Bank Inspection Board has problems in controlling so many finance companies, and there are often complaints that the Interest rates charged are too high," says Mr

The committee will recommend that only finance compa-nies with a capital base exceed-ing SKr10m should be authorised, as this would be sufficient to weed out the small fry and force mergers. On the basis of present figures, only 30 per cent of the finance companies

would survive. A similar minimum share capital requirement will be proposed ploughed back ent of the marent of the martin lower fees.

Despite deregulation, many bankers feel that the Swedish thanks are too restricted in their activities. We feel that the only a few per cent of the banks are too restricted in their banking system has to be made more liberal so that banks can "We really want to be in differ
We really want to be in differ
The committee nevertheless through a subsidiary. For players in the money market, though in this case, the committee recommends a minimum venture capital tal requirement will be proposed projects through a subsidiary. For players in the money market, though in this case, the committee recurrence twill be proposed projects through a subsidiary. For players in the money market, though in this case, the committee recurrence twill be proposed projects through a subsidiary. For players in the money market, though in this case, the committee recurrence twill be proposed projects through a subsidiary.

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The committee nevertheless through in this case, the committee nevertheless through i

problem is that we will still be very limited in future," says Mr Soeren Andersson.

When it comes to finance companies, the committee wants far better protection for the consumer, because of widespread Government to introduce restrictions. tions on the ownership of insurance companies (partly because of worries over control by foreigners) and certain limits on the companies' activities and invest-

> The main insurance companies have strongly criticised the recommendations, which they think are intended to stop them expanding into other financial isiness areas at a time when other countries are moving towards the development of financial supermarkets and freer financial services. The Credit Market Committee

The Credit Market Committee supports many of those proposals, and is keen that insurance companies should not diversify, for example by entering the finance company market. The reason is that the committee believes banks and insurance companies should be given an equal footing - at present, insurance companies have a more favourable tax situation.

However, such restrictions

However, such restrictions must eventually be dismantled. "We cannot keep insurance com-panies out of the competition from banks and finance compa nies in the long run, but we would have to change some of the other regulations first, such as tax, before we can allow them total freedom," admits Mr Joerneklint.

mittee is pushing for more free-dom for stockbrokers, who currently can have a trading reserve of SKr50m but whom thay believe should be allowed to increase this up to 100m if they are to follow international developments. This would pave the way for round-the-clock trading, though there does not appear to

### Beyond the Fermenta Affair

### A cautionary tale

SWEDEN'S BUSINESS community has learned some lessons it has been easy to put most of the hard way as a result of the blame for the Fermenta scandal that surrounded Fer scandal on Refaat El-Sayed, the menta, the antibiotics and anti-mal health groop. Many hope that such a disaster — where so many were hoodwinked for so long — could not possibly happen

in the wake of the Fernenta affair, a number of changes are purportedly taking place. The Stock Exchange Board is discussing how it can tighten up its listing agreement for companies. Leading bankers and industrialists claim that they now think more carefully about which company boards they choose to sit. pany boards they choose to sit on. And foreign businessmen admit they are less inclined to put their faith in traditional.

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Egyptian-born entrepreneur who built it from scratch and who is under investigation for serious fraud, book-keeping crimes, and breach of the Companies Act reg-ulations that forbid loans between a corporation and its

between a corporation and its managing director.

The lawyer representing minority shareholders in Fermenta has accused Refaat of "systematically abusing" his "extraordinarily strong" position in the company. He claims that Refaat manipulated Fermenta's assets on a large scale in order to direst up the company's results, booked "possible future revenue" as income, conducted united trained private trading with the company, took out loans or that auditors, brokers, analysis company, took out loans of

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Refast bought Ferments from

Refast bought Fermenta from the pharmaceuticals group Astra at the end of 1881 for around SKr39m. At the time, it was a loss-making subsidiary with one product (base penicillin) and sales of SKr71m.

Through a public offering in August 1984, he raised money for expansion and turned Fermenta into a leading producer of bulk antiblotics, with fermentation plants in the US, Italy, France, and joint ventures in South Korea and Egypt. The share price climbed rapidly—Fermenta was a star performer. Ferments was a star performer on the stock market, rising 1200 per cent from the time of its launch to its peak 18 months

By 1986, Volvo saw Fermenta as the key to building up a biotechnology and pharmaceuticals empire, together with Pharmacia and Leo. The group would have had annual sales of over Skrøbn.

had annual sales of over Skr9bn, and — temporarily at least — had the stamp of approval of Mr Pehr Gyllenhammar, Volvo's chief executive and Sweden's leading industrialist.

As it happened, the deal fell apart when it transpired that Refaat had lied about his academic credentials. He was removed from the chief executive post but stayed as deputy chairman. Volvo backed out of the deal, and the Fermenta share price halved.

Refaat had borrowed in order to buy Fermenta shares for the

Refaat had borrowed in order to buy Fermenta shares for the Volvo deal, and then tried to sell his shares to Montedison, the Italian chemicals group. His onoff courtship eventually so exasperated the Italians that they called off the deal. To outsiders it looked as though Refaat was reluctant to relinquish the hold on "his baby". A similar deal with Procordia, the Swedish state holding company, also colimpsed.

state holding company, also col-lapsed.
Worse came when the external auditors found irregularities in the figures. Fermenta had fore-cast profits for 1985 of SKr70om on turnover of SKr3bm. The auditors sounded the alarm and warned that profits for the first eight months would be wiped out. In fact, Fermenta made a loss of SKr612m in 1986.
The board resigned at a crisis

The board resigned at a crisis meeting in December 1988 and the new managament subscipuently set about trying to sort out the mess. As Refaat could not pay off his debts, Fermenta

Continued on page 4

### Is it our strength in Scandinavia that gives us an international edge? Or the other way around?



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### **High start-up costs** will delay profits

FOREIGN BANKS have faced tough times since they were allowed to set up subsidiaries in Sweden in 1986. Start-up costs are high, competition from the Swedish banks is tough, and the rewards are slow to emerge, if

Those foreign banks that chose to stick to a representative office, rather than a subsidiary. have been quick to point out that a subsidiary carries comparatively few advantages.

One frank admission of this

came from Banque Paribas, of France, which has closed its subsidiary and now continues as a representative office. Profitability was not high enough, and it felt that it could offer its investment banking services without having a fully-fledged subsidiary.

iary.

The high start-up costs experienced by the banks arise chiefly from the installation of computers, high rents and salaries, particularly since employers have to pay very high employee benefits

pay very high employee benefits and taxes.

As a result, few of the foreign banks showed a profit for 1986, and many do not expect to be profitable in 1987. Break-even targets have been fixed for 1988 and profits for 1989.

The 12 foreign banks

The 13 (now 12) foreign banks that were allowed to set up subsidiaries have pursued various strategies. The Finnish banks have opted for retail business and financing trade between Finland and Sweden, where there is a large Finnish community. The Norwegian banks (Den norske Creditbank and Christiania) have chosen to concentrate on Swedish-Norwegian trade fin-ancing while others, such as the French banks, felt that what they had to offer Swedish companies was a global network of offices, which the leading Swed-

"I admit that, in some cases, the foreign banks are very good, like Banque Indosuez and Citibank, because they have three times as many subsidiaries as us. But we tell our customers that we as a Swedish bank have their always the case with the foreign banks, says Mr Jacob Palms-

This may be a sound market-ing strategy, but it is not very profitable for the banks a according to Ms Louise Amell, managing director of Chase Manhattan's representative office. Chase followed that strategy
10 years ago - the Swedish companies go for the best deal in
each market, and it was not very

> Foreign banks are not allowed to build up large lending portfollos

profitable for us, she says. Though the French banks are strong in the Middle East and

Far East, she is sceptical about how much money can be made from this line of business.

She also doubts the need for a subsidiary in Sweden. We can't do the deal as a representative office, but we can take it close to

Perhaps rather predictably, it is the other Scandinavian banks (chiefly DnC, Christiania, Kansallis) and Citibank that Sweden's leading bankers regard as a threat for the future.

Foreign banks are not allowed to build up large lending portfo-lios, and are not in Sweden for the ordinary lending business. We are not here to do bread-and-butter stuff, because Sweden does that very well already and is highly auto-mated, says Mr Bo Hammerich, managing director of Citibank

the major Swedish companies, competition from the Swedish banks is very tough because of their long established ties within the financial spheres. "We can see it is very hard to break into the spheres," says Mr Hammer-ich, "but there is room for good professional international bank-

Both Citibank and DnC have been aggressive in the money interests at heart, which is not market and foreign exchange markets. Citibank has decided to banks," says Mr Jacob Palms-tierna, deputy chairman of Skan-dinaviska Enskilda Banken, the quisition advice, domestic trad-

ing in the money market, and possibly private client business for the high net worth individual

So far, it has concentrated on expanding its staff, especially on the foreign exchange and money market side, and says it will be ready to start options trading in 1988. Citibank claims to be very profitable on the money market side, but admits that it has faced disappointments on foreign exchange, where competition exchange, where competition was tougher than expected and where it became apparent that it would take time to build up a corporate customer base.

Bo Hammerich is optimistic about entering the retail banking side in the future — at least as for as a specific type of high past

far as a specific type of high net worth individual is concerned. "It might be an attractive market place if people ask for more and more services from the banks -it depends how you package these services, he says. Christiania, of Norway, is doing mainly financing for small and medium-sized businesses

which trade with Norwsy, as well as some Swedish import/ export companies. It has entered the foreign exchange market, but is not very active in the domestic money market, where it sees the competition as too tough and where it expects a whittling down of the number of players after the too rapid growth of the money market. DnC, which decided to open up

in Gothenburg, where rents were lower and staff recruitment easier than in Stockholm, has sought to create business with the Swedish companies, so that managing director of Clibank. it can offer stronger contacts to When it comes to dealing with its Norwegian customers. It is working mainly with export and project finance.

Whether the strategy of these banks pays off is naturally some-thing that the other foreigners

are watching closely; but, though many admit that it is impossible to tell what the business climate in Sweden will be like in five years' time, it is worth noting that, so far, there has not been a rush from the other foreign banks - whether Japanese, German or British - to join the list of subsidiaries.

Sara Webb

Michael Field on the problems associated with Iceland's booming economy

### Warmer sea helps to heat inflation

Estimated external debt service											
				(\$m)	9						
	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1983	1994	1995	2016	
Public authorities Principal Interest <sup>2</sup>	68 100	67 94	103	95 79	98 71	178 63	201 47	. 83 35	78 27	287 1,258	
Total Financial institutions	168	161	191	174	100	241	248	118	105		
Principal Interest <sup>2</sup>	· 51	50 27	50 24	47	48 17	52 14	40	25 8	39	70 466	
Total Private sector	81	77	74	67	60		51	34	48		
Principal Interest <sup>2</sup>	32 12	27	24	21 · 5	17.	12	18	7	4	3 166	
Total Total payments	44	36	31	26	21	18	20		· . : 4.		
Principal Interest <sup>2</sup>	150 142	144	1177	163	158 92	242	258 59	116 44	121	360 1,800	
Total	292	275	296	267	250	322	318	180	155	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

to have been the fastest growing country in the industrialised world, as it was in 1986, in both years, its economy has expanded by about 6.5 per cent. Unfortunately, high growth

has brought a new surge in the rate of inflation, which has been the great weakness of the Icelan-dic economy for the past 40 years, and the Government has recently had to introduce a tough deflationary package.

The cause of the country's

spectacular growth has been a rise in its income from fish, which provides between half and three-quarters of its exports, depending on the catch.

in recent years, there has been a marginal increase in the sea temperature around Iceland, which encourages breeding. World prices for fish products have continued their long-term upward trend; the Icelanders have improved the management of their fish stocks; and more of their catch is being sold fresh in Europe. which is how it commands the best prices.

Given that the fishing business is entirely in private hands and contributes 20 to 25 per cent of GDP, any increase in income from the catch has an immediate and substantial impact on the level of demand in the economy. Ironically, there has tradition-ally been a similar inflationary effect when the catch has fallen, because this has caused the Gov ernment to devalue the krona, thus raising the cost of practi-cally all the industrial goods sold

in Iceland.
Other long-standing inflation-

ary influences have been the highly unloaised state of Icelan-dic society, the political divisions in the union movement, which cause leapfrogging wage demands, and the long-standing consensus that there should be

full employment.
The labour market has been kept buoyant traditionally by high rates of spending on infra-structure. One per cent unem-ployment has been normal. At present, the number of vacancies is about five times the number of registered unemployed.

control in the 1970s, and in 1988 it hit 84 per cent. The conservative coalition that came to power in that year stopped wage index-ation and allowed interest rates to rise to high real levels, which curbed leelanders' tendency to borrow and spend: it also intro-duced a stable exchange rate pol-icy. The last formal devaluation of the krons, which has its par-ity calculated on a heavily dollar influenced basket of curren-cies, was in 1984.

After three years, the Government got inflation down to 13 per cent in 1986, but now the rate has risen again. In 1987 it rain at about 25 per cent.

An important contributory fac-tor in the recent increase was the unions' attempt, in the December 1986 wage negotiations, to raise wages for the lowest paid by much more than for the rest of the labour force. (The same attempt has been made in several other Scandinavian countries.) tries during the last year.) They negotiated an increase of some 25 per cent, but this only led later to higher-paid workers gaining increases to re-establish

their differentials.
The December 1986 negotiations took place at a time of pre-election relaxation by the Gov-ernment. They were followed by also sold what shares it held in a series of public sector strikes several factories in leelandar; in just before the election in April. and then, when the governing shipping company; and in the coalition lost seats, there was a Industrial Bank.

Much the most important dere-

cles are being increased. The banks have been told to improve their liquidity ratios, and interas well as nominal terms. The sury has increased its issue

of domestic paper.

The Government's prediction is that, in 1988, economic growth will be about 0.2 per cent, not only because of its recent ansterthere will have to be stricter limits on the fish catch. It seems

furthermore, that the rise in fish prices is levelling off.

The immediate package of measures is being matched over a longer time-scale by a steady deregulation of the economy and

In some ways, Iceland has siways had more of a market economy than the other Scandinavian countries. It has not experienced long periods of socialist government. Taxes are socialist government. Taxes are lower than elsewhere in the region; the top rate of income tax has recently been cut from over 50 per cent to 35 per cent, though the number of available reliefs has been reduced. The public sector contributes only a third of CVP. The indicates third of GDP. The airlines and shipping companies have always been mainly private. Of the country's two heavy industries, one, the Ausniese aluminium. smelter, is entirely private, and the other, a ferro-silicon plant, is owned 51 per cent by the state and 49 per cent by Norwegian

and 49 per cent by Norwegian and Japanese companies.
Recent deregulatory moves have involved the introduction of a free market for part of the fish catch that goes for domestic consumption, and a weakening of the policy of subsidies for local agriculture which has led to over-moduction. The state has

policy while it negotiated to guistion has been in the banking broaden its coalition base. The sector, which, in the early 1980s, Treasury ran a deficit, there was was an exception to the Icelan-

broaden its coalition base. The
Treasury ran a deficit, there was
an influx of foreign credit, and
influx of foreign credit, and
ic norm in being even more regulated than in the other Scandinavian countries.

In November 1986 the central
bank gave up its direct control of
coalition has been established by
the inclusion of the Social Democrats, the government of Mr
Thorsteinn Palsson is renewing
the attack on inflation. The 1988
budget, which runs on a cales
dar year, is balanced. Sales taxes

sector, which, in the early 1980s,
was an exception to the Icelandic norm in being even more regnavian countries.

In November 1986 the central
bank gave up its direct control of
interest rates, and in October last
year it began the process of
allowing Icelanders to invest in
foreign securities. So far, they
have been given complete freedom only to invest in Icelandic
output
the process of allowing Icelanders to Invest in
foreign securities. dar year, is balanced. Sales taxes paper, but they can get permis-

Gross external funded debt

403.9 433.3 241.4 268.5 479.5 290.1 372.5 467.7 15.0 11.9 8.9 122.6 130.0 185.5 18.0 152.7 100

sion to invest in other good otherwise. But now that the quality securities, and it is nation's housing stock has been understood that gradually their modernised and interest rates are real, kelanders want to put. One of the three remaining their money into other types of state banks, the Fisheries Bank, investments. In 1984 and 1985 is being reorganised as a share-

state banks, the Fisheries Bank; is being reorganised as a share-holding company, with the intention of its being sold to the public. And there may be a change in the law to allow for eigners to buy shares in this and the country's other four private banks. The two biggest banks, including the Landesbanki islands, which dominates the market, are expected to stay in government hands.

The liberalisation and privatisation measures have, been accompanied by a rapid growth in trading on the country's bond exchange, which deals in the short- and medium-term paper of the Government, which issues in the Government, which issues in the Government's borrowing. Treasury savings certificates, the banks and private companies. However, there is no organised stock exchange, and it is this, in part, which is delaying the floating of the Fisherica Bank. The Central Bank is working on plans to create an exchange.

These changes are coming at all certain before the 1980s, Iceland's foreign debt, public and private, was \$1.6bm, equivalent to 52.5 per cent of GDP. This ratio was spanded as alarmingly high, and in the last two years it has fallen rapidly, partly because of the end of 1987 the figure was below 40 per cent.

There has also been a decline in the Government's borrowing, and it is this, in the Government's borrowing at all in part, which is delaying the floating of the Fisherica Bank. The bank in the markets will be the Central Bank is working on new foreign borrowing at all in least of the property market actiunly fell in real terms.

One effect of this change may be that the Government will be to draw more on the local capital in the last two years it has fallen rapidly, partly because of the end of 1987 the figure was below and in 1988 as part of the banks in the Government's borrowing at all in the fisher is a big expanding the float in the fisher is a big expanding the float in the fisher is a big expanding the float in the fisher is a big expanding the float in the fisher is a big expanding the float in the fisher

May 9th "Nordic Technology Year 1988"

The Financial Times proposes to publish the

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FINANCIAL TIMES EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

### All you need to know about Scandinavian Merchant Banking is one phone number + 451156500





### **After Fermenta** Tell into the hands of Industri-vaerden and Goetabanken. Mr Kjell Braendstroem, who stepped The Fermenta story has been

Kell Braendstroem, who stepped in as chairman at the end of a warning to society that there is December 1986, said he had a risk that board members can found a mismanaged and badly be sued if anything goes wrong, organised company, which was says Mr Bertil Holmberg, the expelled from the Stock present chief executive of Fermenta who has worked to put the new management organised a financial rescue package has caused a lot of changes in the company back on its feet. The

Exchange.

The new management organised a financial rescue package the company back on its feet. It the company back on its feet. It

Skr140m.

What is the moral of the tale?

Perhaps that the Swedish financial community, which for solong has been dominated by power camps operating on a trust your friends basis, should be more sceptical the next time it is approached by an entrepreneur — something that would inevitably reinforce Sweden's image as a country where bright entrepreneurs are stiffed.

Refaat certainly won the hearts of the Swedish public, media and most of the business world while Fermenta was in the ascent. Not for him the trappings

inevitably reinforce Sweden's image as a country where bright centrepreneurs are stifled.

Refact certainly won the hearts of the Swedish public, media and most of the business world while Fermenta was in the ascent. Not for him the trappings of wealth, even at a time when he was worth SKr55bn on paper. His lifestyle was perfectly ordinary – something admired by the public. With his rancous voice and tendency to take off at a tangent, he was sometimes difficult to follow – to the extent that Swedish television always subtitled his interviews even when given in Swedish.

Fermenta was supposed to have one of the most prestigious boards in Sweden, with names like Goesta Bystedt (depoty chairman of Electrolux). Paer Skaantorp (a director of Beijer). Ove Sundberg (formerly chief executive of KemaNobel which is now part of Nobel Industries). Ulf Widengren (who was chief executive of Astra) and team of the papers.

is now part of Nobel Industries). Ulf Widengren (who was chief

ously about taking out fishility insurance and about whether they have time to sit on so many boards. Sweden's business fraternity is

notoriously cosy - partly because it is so small - with friends from university sitting on the same boards, and creating "board malias".
"It is obvious that if you sit on

### 'Attitude'has been the success factor

decisively ahead of its perpetual rival to be the country's biggest bank, Copenhagen Handelsbank, not only by gaining market share but by opening up a sizeable gap between the share capital and reserves of the two banks.

The situation is relished by Mr manager of Danske Bank. At a press conference last year, a journalist asked him how he would utilise the bank's position as the country's biggest bank in its marketing abroad. "Optimally," replied Mr Andersen, with evident satisfaction,

The two banks are not only rivals. They are neighbours, occupying adjoining 18th century manalons in the centre of the city, just a stone's throw from the National (central) Bank across the street.

across the street.

across the street.

Proximity invites speculation that one day the two banks might merge, forming a bank big enough to keep Danish banking. Danish when the European Conmunity completes the internal market and liberalisation of financial services. financial services. "It's probably unrealistic and it hasn't been discussed," said Mr

Andersen.

It is logical, but the culture of the two banks is very different, so a merger would be very difficult to handle, and Handelsbank. will never agree to consider the idea until it has had a comple of good years and could look at the idea without loss of face, said a well-informed banker, not con-nected with either bank.

Danske Bank has built up share capital and reserves of about DKr7.8bn, almost DKr2bn more than its rival's. Since the early 1980s if has increased its share of deposits from about 20 per cent to over 22 per cent, while Handelsbank's has slipped

while Handelsbank's has slipped-from 20 to about 17 per cent. The gap on advances is nar-rower, about 18 to 17 per cent in Danske Bank's favour. Mr Andersen attributes the bank's success to an attitude rather than to particular deci-

A small but perhaps telling example of the cultivation of the were seen as supporting compa-based manufacturing companies right attitude is that Mr Ander sen and his co-directors make a point of starting work at 8.30, an market was not big enough, so the bond and share portfolio hour before the bank opens its now the branches are solicting fared. Under Danish law, business from non-Danish companies in the market value of know by this practice what is expected of them. Mr Andersen having considerable success with sample of the sa

has a snarp turn of purese and is deeply respected by his staff.

Danske is traditionally the bank used by the biggest Danish companies. As the largest compa-nies have a hig foreign trade turnover, this has benefited Danske, which accounts for



Den Danske Bank (DKr m)

* (1)		
Net income from interest and commissions Other ordinary income	2,690 2,915 753 705	٠.
Operating profit Portfolio adjustment Net profits	1,013 1,279 2,735 -1,302 1,877 52	•
Total assets Shareholders equity	129,035 132,100 7,497 8,040	٠.

medium-sized US firms. Being loss account in the year in which small; we can offer tailor-made they occur.

services to them; he said.

The bank has kept its costs

deeply respected by his staff.

Danske is traditionally the bank used by the biggest Danish companies. As the largest companies have a hig foreign trade turnover, this has benefited Danske, which accounts for about 40 per cent of financial transactions connected with for eign trade, said Mr Andersen.

The bank isself has branched out abroad over the past decade, with a wholly-owned subsidiary in Luxembourg and branches in London, New York, Singapore and Hamburg. It is opening a representative office in Tokyo shortly.

The Danish market is small and covered by a national net-

The Danish market is small DKr59lm to DKr70lm in 1987. and covered by a national net. Operating profits for the year work, so if we are going to grow would also be satisfactory, said

with considerable leeway for branch managers, and an ambition to achieve uniformly high mailty.

A small but perhaps telling

A small but perhaps telling

The property of the property of the provisions of the

THE DANISH banking world has been badly shaken by three bank crashes since 1984, two of them in 1987. The problems were not routine stuff.

We have never seen anything "We have never seen anything like this kind of criminal behaviour among Danish banks before," said Mr Eigli Moelgaard, head of the Bank Inspectorate, in Copenhagen. "But I must stress that fundamentally the banking system is absolutely sound and functions cheaply and efficiently."

ciently."
Last year's scandals have caused a swift reaction by the suthorities. The National (central) Bank is acting to impose greater discipline on the banks. The Folketing has passed legislation spelling out stricter require-ments for external auditors, and a depositor insurance system is

gone down with their affairs in scandalous disorder are Kroneseventh largest commercial bank; and, last year, two small Copenhagen niche banks last year – 6 Juli Bank and C G Bank. banken, in 1984, when it was the

The niche banks ended up in trouble when they found them-selves with large and unsustaina-ble commitments to customers with whom the "establishment" banks did not want to do business. Mainly for this reason, the other banks were reluctant to take over the ailing pair and save depositors from losing their money, although in the end depositors were covered and 6 Juli Bank was taken over (as was keynelsen). with whom the establishment

"AS LONG as the net foreign debt does not go higher than the present 38-39 per cent of GDP, we shall not have any difficulty borrowing," said Mr Niels Erik Soerensen, in charge of foreign borrowing at the National Debt Office in Copenhagen
Persistent current account def-

resistent current account dericits have made Denmark one of the most active sovereign bor-rowers in the international mar-kets over many years. But with a sharp decline in the current account deficit, the kingdom was able to watch and wait for good opportunities in 1987. Conditions for the kingdom in

1988 should be satisfactory, too. The current account deficit, which reached a record DKr34.6bn (52 per cent of GDP) in 1986, was down to around DKr20bn in 1987, and the deficit expected this year is about DKr15hn.

Scandals alarm Denmark

### Something rotten

The reluctance of the banking community to come to the rescue rallied round and arranged a take-over when one ran into trouble, and it came to be regarded as an article of faith that the banking community would never allow depositors to

would never allow depositors to suffer a loss.

But by their reluctance to ball out 6 Juli Bank and C & G Bank they have made it abundantly clear — as Mr Bendt Hansen, chairman of the Bankers Association and chief executive of Copenhagen Handelsbank, has put it — that they would not "antomatically" rescue colleagues

In "normal" cases they will still rally round, as was demonstrated in December when Andelsban-ken (Danebank) took over Helle-

and C & G Bank will ultimately auditors to the police.

be placed by the courts, but Mr

Moelgaard is outspoken in his

Moelgaard is that the supervisory boards of banks, which tradition
Inspectorate has reported the subjection to the police.

Another lesson drawn by Mr

Moelgaard is that the supervisory boards of banks, which tradition
linspectorate has reported the subjection to the police. Inspectorate found at the two niche banks. In either case large

was therefore a shock to the it had a highly qualified supervi-inspectorate to be faced with this sory board.

After last year's experiences

"This is awful, because we have no means of knowing about these unbooked items, said Mr Moelgaard, who points out that the inspectorate is not supposed to act as a detective agency. It is hair-raising to find that we can-not trust a bank's personnel."

The existence, or suspected existence, of unbooked guarantees was one reason why other banks were reluctant to help out, although 6 Juli Bank was finally

taken over by Sydbank, a
Jutland regional bank.

In the case of C & G Bank, loss
provisions booked by the bank
itself at DKr70m rose to
DKr700m after the Bank Inspecraily round, as was demonstrated in December when Andelsbanken (Danebank) took over Hellerup Bank, a Copenhagen surburban bank, after Hellerup Bank had sustained heavy losses.

Responsibility for the problems at Kronebank, 6 Juli Bank was prima facis evidence that the auditors had not done their job properly, he added. The lems at Kronebank, 6 Juli Bank inspectorate has reported the and C. & G. Bank will ultimately auditors to the police.

niche hanks. In either case large
niche hanks. In either case large
off-balance sheet items had not
been booked, especially guarantees. Danish law is clear on how
these items should be booked. It
into trouble despite the fact that

the inspectorate might be less patient in its efforts to enable banks to survive, said Mr Moelgaard.

by, among others, Mr Bendt Han-sen for being too lenient with C & G Bank when it first became apparent that there were irregu-

The National Bank also has grounds for tears, as it was caught with DKr369m in out-standing loans to the bank when it was finally closed.

Mr Erik Hoffmeyer, governor

of the National Bank, has called for the inspectorate, now an agency under the Industry Ministry, to be integrated with the National Bank. When the bank supplies cash support, it needs to have control over the inspectorate, as in most other countries, he said

he said.

As the institutional change cannot take place rapidly (if at all), the National Bank is taking other measures to tighten up discipline. For the past 10 years it has operated a system by which banks can raise cash from the National Bank without collateral and up to limits related to equity and up to limits related to equity capital. The present limit is 55 per cent. Mr Hoffmeyer said the bank now planned to lower the

limit, probably to 40 per cent, and to demand collateral.

"We feel that it is necessary to have more discipline. It has been too easy for these small banks to pursue a policy which is not reasonable," he said.

A depositor insurance scheme is now under establishment. This will make it easier to let erring banks go bankrupt. The scheme has been in preparation since Kronebanken went bust, but was not in place when trouble arose at 6 Juli Bank last March. There was therefore great political pressure on the other banks to take over the bank in order to prevent depositors losing their money. The banks finally agreed to cover 6 Juli Bank's 'small' depositors, and have extended the same assistance to C & G

Bank's depositors.
From this year there should be fewer problems on this score, as a depositor insurance fund will be established, based on contri-butions by banks and savings banks of 0.2 per cent of deposits with the banking system.

One further consequence of

the problems over the past few years is that the system for calculating equity ratios is to be changed. Until now the minimum equity ratio has been 8 per cont of deposits and cent of deposits and guarantees, which is probably the toughest ratio requirement anywhere in the world. In future the ratio is to be cal-

culated as 8 per cent of risk-weighted assets. Also, from 1990, subordinated loan capital will no longer be considered as part of the equity base for the purposes of calculating the ratio.

Hilary Barnes

#### Danish debt

### **Deficit in decline**

some of its outstanding debt. The particular day at the terms availunation amount which could able. Notes can be issued in which was 64 per cent in 1982, be involved is DKr10bn-11bn, according to Mr Soerensen.

The dollar share of the debt, which was 64 per cent in 1982, has been gradually reduced in recent years to about 38 per cent of market fluctuations.

be involved is DKr10bn-11bn, according to Mr Soerensen.
One new instrument is planned in 1988, when the kingdom will be establishing a medium-term notes programme in the up to a maximum of \$1bn. This follows in the footsteps of the Nordic Investment Bank and

the European Investment Bank.
We have talked to these borrowers and we are convinced there is a good market," said My The medium-term notes have

DKr15hn. the advantage of flexibility over With interest rates falling, the ordinary bond issues, when a Government may utilise opportudecision has to be taken to bornities for early repayments on row a particular amount on a

of market fluctuations.

"We shall be testing the market to see if it is cheaper to borrow this way than by traditional it should be a bit lower than bond issues. If it is, we may this, said Mr Soernment's gross.

The Government's gross borrowing requiremake a substantial part of our ioans next year this way. explained Mr Soerensen. A similar programme might be started later in Europe, he added.

later in Europe, he added.

The government sector's net foreign debt at the end of 1986 was DKr170bn, with the central government accounting for DKr119bn and the Mortgage Bank of Denmark for DKr31bn, local government and other local government and other

recent years to about 38 per cent by the end of last October. This

long-term borrowing require-ment in 1988 will be about DKr19bn before early repayments, which means that the maximum amount the it will be after will be about DKr30bn - a figure which assumes that there

### Foreign borrowing

(Bin DKr)		
	1967	1988
Repayments—Long term	10.7	11,4
Short	16.9	15.6
Gross horsowing - Long	243	19,4
Short	168	15.6
Netherrowing	136	BLO
Current account delicit	20.0	15.0

risen from DKr33bn at the end of 1986 to well over DKr60bn at the end of last year - a develop-ment that has been encouraged by the ability of the Debt Office to borrow amounts at below Libor (London interbank Offered Rate), and of the central bank to will be no net borrowing by the private sector.

This figure also allows for a small decline in the foreign exchange reserves, which had

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The Helsinki Stock Exchange has emerged serenely from the crash

### Forecasts permit optimism

market had matured to a level comparable with many other European bourses. In fact the average p/e ratio of about 15 per cent on the HSE was even higher almost double the rate in other than in Stockholm. Meanwhile, the turnover in shares had risen from FM9bn in 1986 to FM25bn for the first 11 months of 1987. When the crash came to Helsinki, it was led by large foreign investors who wanted to rid now strong. themselves of most shares, and

shock.

The stock market is much more sensitive to outside events than it was only a year or two ago, but the underlying fundamentals of the Finnish economy, and particularly the good performance by the quoted companies, will probably support prices better than in most countries.

The global crash in October was just another of those small shocks in Finnand Prices began to decline, but on average Finnish shares lost just over a fifth of 1987, and 160 per cent from the year before, to the all time high just prior to the crash, few investors have lost their shirts.

By October the Finnish stock market had matured to a level more ago, but the stock more sensitive to outside events finnish shares amount to between 5 and 10 per cent of the market capitalisation of about FM75bn. Maximum foreign ownership in Finnish shares amount to cent of GDP.

Despite the storms, the outlook for the HSE is bright. One reason for this is that company profits are expected to rise considerably. Ons estimate is that net profits or listed companies grew on average by 50 per cent last year compared with 1986, and will grow by another 10 to 15 per cent.

Finnish shares amount to cent of GDP.

Despite the storms, the outlook for the HSE is bright. One reason for this is that company profits are expected to rise considerably. Ons estimate is that net profits are expected to rise companies grew on average by 50 per cent last year compared with 1986, and will grow by another 10 to 15 per cent.

Finnish shares amount to cent of the cent of the vect. But the equity and 20 of listed companies grew on average by 50 per cent last year compared with 1986, and will grow by another 10 to 15 per cent.

Finnish shares accord-for the HSE is bright. One reason for the HSE is bright. One reason for the HSE is bright. One reason of the votes. But the equity and 20 per cent of the equity and 20 per cent of the equity. The highest maximum allowed by the Ministry of Trade and Industry is still below 30 per cent.

Finnish shares accord-for the HSE is bright. O

West European countries. Infla-tion will remain at around 3.7 Also, the Valmet Paper Machin-

now strong. Currency reserves, base which dwindled to a mere 1988. particularly of small marginal holdings, such as Finnish stocks.

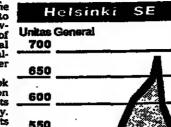
Consequently the free shares — for example, the shares available which is the shortage of material. There is the shortage of material is the shortage of material. There is the shortage of material is the shortage of material is the shortage of material.

IT HAS been compared to riding a rollercoaster blindfolded. Basically, investors feel safe with the Helsinki Stock Exchange, but at every corner there looms another shock.

The stock The before the crash.

Overall, foreign investments in Finnish shares amount to between 5 and 10 per cent of the cent of GDP.

Potential candidetes include Kemira, the fertiliser group that has expanded rapidly by making large investments at home and a per cent, while unemployment is ery group, a joint venture not expected to go above 5 per between the state-owned Valmet ent in 1987. and the privately held Wartsile, Furthermore, the markka is is expected to boost its capital base on the stock market in



980. Meanwhile, the number of brokers has gone up to 25, including seven new members, since the beginning of 1987.

400

On the other hand, the over-the-counter (OTC) list has grown in length, but its appeal to investors is still rather limited. Some of the companies on the OTC list may seek upgrading

to the HSE list.

The HSE is currently investing heavily in a computer-based trading and information system. which may pave the way for a paperless stock ownership. All trades would be fed into a com-puter, which would be the cenFinland's new banking laws

### Equal and more competitive

WHILE DEREGULATION has shaped much of Finland's financial markets during the past few years, new banking laws will pave the way for more equal competition between different types of bank.

Finland's banking system is

exceptionally concentrated: only three commercial banks, one three commercial banks, one savings bank group, one co-operative banking group and Postipankki, the post office bank, control the markets.

On the other hand, the banks have some 3,500 branches between them, which, in a construct of 5th become makes the out-

try of 5m people, makes the net-work one of the densest in the

The Bank of Finland has con-sistently liberalised the markets, and this has led to Increased competition between financial institutions. Furthermore traditional boundaries of influence tional boundaries of influence have come down. The savings bank group Skopbank, Okobank (the co-operative banking group) and Postipankki now actively court blue-chip clients with sophisticated financial services, directly challenging the traditional dominance of the large commercial banks. commercial banks.

Skopbank and Okobank, par-ticularly, have expanded rapidly from their original bousehold, farming and small business clientele to larger cities and larger customers. But the present savings bank and co-operative bank laws, dating back to 1970, placed a number of restrictions on them, compared with the law

of the savings and co-operative banks. Postipankkl is transformed from a government agency to a state-owned limited liability company, and to a commercial bank, from the start of this year.

this year.

Meanwhile, the two commercial banks, Union Bank of Finland and Kansallis-Osake-Pankki, will be little affected.

(The third commercial bank is the third commercial bank is the tiny Bank of Aland.) Accord-ing to the current laws, savings banks and co-operative banks have been more restricted in solvency and liquidity require-ments than commercial banks. The new proposal allows all banks much more flexibility to

include various financial items in their cash reserves, the main measure for liquidity. Individual savings and co-operative banks would have more opportunities to tap into funds of their respecto tap into funds of their respec-tive central banks. Solvency will be determined by the ratio of equity capital to assets, rather than the ratio of equity capital to the same legal level with all other banks, the change from hoing a government agency to a

on the stock market both bank-ing groups are expected soon to increase their equity capital in order to expand further in the fields of corporate finance and

fields of corporate linance and investments.

Meanwhile, savings and co-operative banks will be allowed to lend money without sufficient collateral, the way commercial banks have legally been allowed to do. And they will be permitted to establish branches or respresentative offices abroad and own shares in foreign financial metishares in foreign financial insti-

tutions.
Yet it is unlikely that any of the 350-odd individual co-operative banks or the 250 savings banks would seek to expand abroad in the near future. The two groups have concentrated their foreign operations on Skopbank and Okobank, which have set un officer in the wain figure. set up offices in the main finan-cial centres. Both groups wel-come the new law. It allows them to operate on equal terms with KOP and UBF.

Postfpankki is a case of its own. Aithough it will now be on

governing commercial banks. So the changing environment on money and capital markets prompted the Government to revise all banking laws at the same time.

The proposal for amending the current law on deposit banks will basically put commercial banks, savings banks, co-opetative banks and Postipankki on the same legal footing. The law will mostly change the positions of the savings and co-operative banks. Postipankki is transport to expand further in the structure of the savings and co-operative banks. Postipankki is transport to expand further in the structure of the savings and co-operative banks. Postipankki is transport to expand further in the structure of the savings and co-operative banks. Postipankki is transport to expand further in the structure of the savings and co-operative banks. Postipankki is transport to expand further in the structure of the savings and co-operations of the savings and co-operation of the savings of the equity capital more casily, and cover their liabilities. According to the post bank happen without a debate.

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According to the post bank happen without a debate.

According to the post bank

times to provide limited guaran-tees to Postipanikii, even after the change of status, has irri-tated competitors. Meanwhile, UBF and KOP have not stood idly by while the other banks have charpened their teeth. The two rivals, which have traditionally competed as to which is the bigger. now concentrate more on the bottom line. Both have had their organisations genred to profit orientation recently. As a sign of this, the commercial banks have gradually introduced more and

granuary introduces indicate the norse service charges. One of the latest and more controversial ideas is to charge customers one or two markkas for withdrawing money.
The two commercial banks are in no immediate danger of losing their positions as the leading financial institutions in Finland;

but with the new banking laws, Skopbank, Okobank and Posti-pankid will enter the same stage with the clear intention of making a challange. Our Virtaner



laako Lassila: today's markets are to his ilking

Olli Virtanen profiles KOP's chairman, Jaako Lassila

### 'Bad boy' proponent of revolution

some five years ago, Finland had small revolution in Finland's only one leading banker. His money and capital markets. Most folksy ways quickly earned him regulations have been abolished enormous popularity. This was helped by his good-humoured nature and "lacocca-style" TV

Lassila was the most vocal pro-

nature and "lacocca-style" TV commercials.

Lately, however, Lassila and KOP have lost some of the limelight to competitors. They seem to have beaten him at his own game of being first, most visible and always surprising. KOP has developed rapidly during Lassila's tenure. The bank's balance sheet amounted to FM101bn elign portfolio investments. Finn-lending rates and observers," he concedes, "and perbaps some of it carried over to KOP, too."

Bad boy by some competitors and observers," he concedes, "and perbaps some of it carried over to KOP, too."

Bad boy by some competitors and observers," he concedes, "and perbaps some of it carried over to KOP, too."

Bad boy or not, he never hid his urge to "untile his hands and elegs", as he called the regulations the Bank of Finland had imposed on banks in early 1980s. In fact, by controlling mean lending rates and interest rates on deposits, which made up

KANSALLIS-Osake-Pankki (about \$20bn) at the end of 1986. (KOP) has always been "one of Finland'a budget for Finland'a two leading banks", a neck-to-neck rival of Union Bank of Finland (UBF).

But when Jaakko Lassila, aged 59, became chairman of KOP

The past five years have seen a s

to take long-term loans from for-

eign sources.
But then, Lassila has always been something of a maverick, whose guiding light is freedom of the markets. He joined KOP from Pohjola, Finland's leading Insurance company, where as chief executive he broke the long-established tradition of prefree reign.

Lassila was the most vocal proponent of liberalisation. After and observers, he concedes,

imposed on panks in early 1900s.

In fact, by controlling mean
lending rates and interest rates
on deposits, which made up
about 70 per cent of the banks'
funding the central bank could,
in effect, determine the banks'
bottom lines.

he urged it to take in the past. ity if part of the record high in retrospect, he allows, the currency reserves of some speed too has been quite good. FM30bn could be used to Today Finland's financial marinerese money supply, says Laskets are very much to Lassila's sile interest rates would come liking. Only one major restriction remains the law on tax free deposits, which is closely linked to the system of interest rate carting from the law of the central bank's own trade 1988. This will probably be abolished when it expires.

Deregulation may have prog-ressed the way Lassila and other bankers wanted, but now there are new disagreements brewing. Governor Rolf Kullberg of the are new disagreements brewing, and rather macompetitive. DurGovernor Rolf Kullberg of the central bank has complained and its chairman Mika Tivola does not exclude even wildest that the average lending rates have not fallen, despite and uncharacteristic deciincreased competition and significantly lower level of interest in Europe.

It is the machine of shrewed the speculations. Despite the changing face of increased competition and significantly lower level of interest finnish industry and characteristic down to earth. He seldom works their own histories stated. rates in Europe.

Lassila counters the accusation

by claiming that the central tepped from the plans to esta-

Lassila admits that, during the bank is still intervening by past few years, the Bank of Finissuing certificates of deposit in land has taken most of the steps order to vacuum in excess liquid-

weighted currency basket.
KOP and Lassia have had an
even tougher time with other
banks. Finland's banking scene has traditionally been very staid their own business strategy.
In the latest move, UBF sides-

blish an options exchange among all institutions operating on the Helsinki Stock Exchange. Instead it beamed up with Skopbank and a broker to be first with their own options market. There are now plans to merge the two
plans, but the incident left KOP
to look like an underdog.
This was not helped by the
fact that Lassila himself has

withdrawn from TV commercials and tends to keep a lower profile than before. "An image wears off," he explains.

off, he explains.

But the bank is still developing fast, and Lassila proclaims two targets for it in the future. One of them is to become a more Nordic bank. The other is called the bottom line the traditional ranking by total assets or capital base now gives way to concentration on the result.

Other surprising moves may in the offing. Asked about buying foreign banks at post-crash bargain prices, he only smiles, and does not exclude even wildest the speculations.

at weekends, but drives to his farm to relax, fish or shoot clay pigeons.

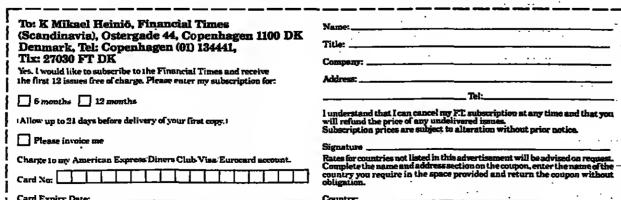
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### FINANCIAL TIMES Europe's Business Newspaper

### Setbacks in a global game Den norske Creditbank

Profile: Den norske Creditbank

FOR TWO consecutive years Den norske Creditbank (DnC), Nor-way's largest bank, has had to pay dearly for its aggressive pur-suit of globalisation.

With a strategy built on diver-sification and expansion, the ing has been rather unfortunate.
It does concede, though, that its
main challenge is to further
develop and increase the efficiency of the existing network which it has managed to build.

Profitability from DnC a international activities has yet to be

atisfactory, however in 1986, the dramatic fall in the oil price forced the bank to forfeit high targets, and instead settle for a lower net profit after provisions were made. Major losses on loans to companies within the offshore oil and gas ndustry were incurred by the

Profits slipped to NKr327m, compared with NKr583m in 1985. By the time the oil price stabilised at a higher level dur-ing the year, and DnC looked like regaining momentum to meet its goals, the bottom had fallen out of the stock markets a sector in which the bank has

become a big player.

DnC now faces serious losses and finds itself at the centre of focus in a criminal investigation of one of its traders. In Novem-ber, DnC announced the suspension of Mr Philippe Hecker, a French national and senior share-trader, for unauthorised trading. The case has now been turned over to Norway's police, who are charging Mr Hecker with violation of the country's

with violation of the country's fraud laws.

DnC says that it doesn't yet heve a final figure on stock losses which it faces as a result of Mr Hecker's dealings and the stock market crash, but estimates the figure to be well over NKribn. The bank intends either to realise these losses or write down the value of its foreign share portfolio.

After Black October, when revelations about losses in the

elations about losses in the bank's share portfolio emerged, Mr Leif Terje Loeddesoel – ship-ping wizard turned banker, and DnO's president – said: "If run-DROS president — saud: if raining the bank is my responsibility, I am prepared to accept the consequences... If it means that the board should ask me to with-Mr Loeddesoel has not been asked to withdraw, but he might

be faced with a rough ride should he again have to be the bearer of bad news to DnC's shareholders, that the bank, for the second year running, may

Billion NKr Billion NKr Total assets Operational results before losses 1984 1985. 1986

dividend due to substantial For 1986, DnC issued bonus shares, to the tune of NKr158m in lieu of dividends. Shareholders received one new share for every 11 that they held. The bank allocated the shares without payment, and they were meant to provide a basis for full dividends for 1987. However, in its 1986 annual
However, in its 1986 annual
Earnings from foreign
report, the bank has already
warned shareholders. It confirm this Although earnings
fessed that, because of problems
within a number of industries, the possibility of sizeable losses
also in 1987 should not be since 1884 in 1986, Onc earned
excluded. That warning was
given before consideration to exchanges; NKr308m in 1985,
losses in share-trading ever
became an ltem.

DnC, along with Norway's other two top banks, Christiania and Bergen Bank, has also seen its credit rating downgraded by the major rating agencies.
Because of other events in the Because of other events in the country this year, creditors have become concerned about the volatility of Norway's, and its lending institutions' liquidity. Shareholdings seemed to have been the last straw propping up the credit worthiness of Norway's banks which, in previous years, have been held in high regard by rating agencies. When the market went sour, so too did the agencies. Comparing a statement made recently by the head of the central bank with one made by his predecessor, they

assessed it to be no more turn eliquidity reaffirmation; whereas
the previous central bank; head
had been prepared to reaffirm
the banks solidity.
Norway's central bank; however, recently intervened to reaffirm its support of the banks in a
had been about the greditors. n doubts the creditors

ade by his predecessor, they sessed it to be no more than e

Mr Loeddesoel, how tains that DnC's liquidity is tains that DnC a liquidity is "very good... We are givers in the market, placing a lot of funds". DnC's critics at home are claiming that the bank's "globalisation" is nothing more than gambling abroad. Mr. Loeddesoel says that "we have undertaken this involvement within the premise of a specific strategy.

premise of a specific strategy

One strain on DnC was eased by the central bank's recent deciby the central bank's recent decision to drop its primary reserve requirement, which at one point was as high as 17 per cent.

The bank has also implemented a new instrument in the "perpetual loan" which has strengthened its solidity. In addition to the primary perpetual subordinated loan capital of \$220m, which it raised in 1986, the bank raised a further \$300m in 1986. The new loan ranked as ordinary bond debt, but DnC has an option to convert it, in tranches, into primary perpetual subordinated loan capital.

Although the bank's board has approved the conversion of the new loan to a perpetual loan, DnC awaits acceptance by Norwegian authorities.

The bank is not obligated to

Domestic expansion has also een aggressively undertaken by

addition to nine new branches.
Strain between the bank and Strain between the bank and its domestic customers has also been felt as interest rates have continued to rise. Although DnC maintains that a fall in the interest rate will improve the possibility of obtaining satisfactory results for 1987, and that the present level of interest rates have a negative effect on the have a negative effect on the bank's operating result, the bank has followed suit in adjusting interest rates to the high levels of its competitive

Subsidiaries

DnC Norway

of its competitors.

It did this by excluding increases on housing loans but raising rates on loans given for

Increases on housing loans but raising rates on loans given for consumption purposes.

When DnC releases its results for 1987, due out in February, losses probably wouldn't come as a major surprise to its shareholders, who may again be forced to forfeit their dividend payment.

It will, however, be of little comfort for them to learn of an lacrease in the group's total assets. They are expected to rise beyond NKr135bn, from NKr126-4bn ln 1985 and NKr126-4bn ln 1985 and NKr203m in the same period last year. The bank's operating profit, however, fell to NKr875m from NKr986m, in spite of a reduction in operating expenses, from 3.29 per cent of average total assets in 1986 to 3.02 per cent.

wegian authorities.

The bank is not obligated to the cent.

The bank is not obligated

### SECTION II - COMPANIES AND MARKETS

FINANCIALTIMES

Monday January 11 1988



INTERNATIONAL BONDS

### Wave of new issues triggered by rebound in dollar

However, fixed-rate bonds in similar terms.

The Eurodollar sector were notable by their absence. Although secondary market, Ford-Credit professionals were quite active Canada's and CIBC Mortgage

BUSINESS in the Euroband primary market was surprisingly brisk last week as syndicate managers shook off their pre-Christmas lethangy and kaunched the highest volume of new issues of several months.

The context was a relatively still fifteential against US employment data on Friday — and a rebound in the dollar rebound plet dearth of new issues in the weeks before Christmas had left investors with plenty of sparceach.

But because the dollar rebound was a turbulent one — the currency endured swings of up to a per cent an hour — market lost was considered by their above the context when the context was a turbulent one — the currency endured swings of up to a per cent an hour — market lost in the supported by their lead-managers.

But because the dollar rebound was a turbulent one — the currency endured swings of up to a per cent an hour — market conditions and the per cent and hour — market lost in the supported by their lead-managers.

But because the dollar rebound was a turbulent one — the currency endured swings of up to a per cent and hour — market lost in the supported by their lead-managers.

But because the dollar rebound was a turbulent one — the currency endured swings of up to a per cent and hour — market lost had been threated by a per cent and hour — market lost had been threated by a limit of lead managers.

But because the dollar rebound was a turbulent one — the currency endured swings of up to a per cent dant of lead managers.

But because the dollar rebound was a turbulent one — the currency endured swings of up to a few prices energed, including the harge states and the per pleiding carrency sectors.

But because the dollar rebound was a turbulent one — the currency endured with the properties of the per pleiding carrency sectors agers.

But because the dollar rebound was a turbulent one — the currency endured with three deals and the properties of th

It was launched on a yield dif-

appeal to the Japanese. However, if last week's reopenconsidered fair — which was swhere, according to lead manager Shearson Lehman Brothers, it finished the week. Shearson vehemently denied suggestions that the issue was giving a yield about 10 basis points more towards the end of the week.

Thursday saw the launch of two bonds following a smart reacy unit sector. This market accounting rules giving relief to accounting rules giving relief to Tokkin funds, designed to allow the discuss the illiquidity and unprofessional trading habits that, it says, have emerged in it.

had an even harder time of it; as the gilt market weakened mainly on domestic concerns and following the announcement of new government funding.

The £75m bond for Toyota Motor Credit struggled the most, in spite of the borrower's sparking name, as its initial yield spread of about 15 basis points over the chosen gilt looked paltry. By Friday this was quoted at 1 less 3 bid.

However, Abbey National also failed to expture the market's imagination with its five-year bond, even though the borrower, unlike other UK building societies, had not tapped the sterling in themselves nervous ahead of the launch of the bonds for Hokkai The says, have emerged in themselves nervous ahead of the launch of the bonds for Hokkai Can and Joshin Denki. But in the opportunities opened up event indicated coupons of 5 per cent spite of the borrower's sparticular to raise dollars at rates below London interbank offered to raise dollars at rates below London interbank offer

appeal to the Japanese. However, if last week's reopen-

assembled a healthy-looking underwriting group, although Deutsche Bank (Suisse) was not included in the list. Terms will not be fixed till Wednesday, but the syndicate was invited into the deal at an indicated 101 issue

price. Y point higher than some had been expecting.

Dealers in D-Mark bonds largely ignored the dollar, focusing mainly domestic factors such as concerns about growth in the Federal budget deficit.

Also, domestic D-Mark bonds came under selling pressure last week as investors switched into the Eurobond sector. This was because of increasing worries about withholding tax, which is expected to be imposed on domestic securities from next year, some dealers were expecting an announcement on this subject soon.

ment bonds over sovereign Eurobonds widened by about 20 basis points, and dealers said the DMIbn bond for Austria might well come to be traded as a kind of surrogate government bond. It met a strong reception and was quoted on Friday at less 1.35 bid, against 2½ per cent fees.

Clare Pearson

### Texaco to write off \$4.9bn and launch major sale of assets

BY JAMES BUCHAN IN NEW YORK

TEXACO, the US oil company which was driven into bank-rutpcy by a long-running legal dispute with Pennzoil, has said that it is going to write off \$4.9bn against the value of its assets to settle the dispute and restructure its operations.

The suburban New York oil company also said that it would be selling interests in its refining operations to finance a special payment of \$3bn to settle the dispute with Pennzoil. The assets to be sold also include about 60m harvele in US oil and the assets. barrels in US oil and gas reserves which are expensive to exploit, and exploration acreage. Texaco said it would raise at least \$3bn

James Kinnear, Texaco chief executive.
The write-off, which will be The write-off, which will be taken in the form of a charge to fourth-quarter earnings, is by far the largest one-time loss of equity in US corporate history. Mr Kinnear said: "The consequences of the Pennzoil litigation cost us valuable time in making the adjustments needed to keep nace with a republic

to keep pace with a rapidly changing energy industry."

The write-off comprises an after-tax charge of \$2.8bn to cover the Pennzoll payment and \$2.1bn to cover the less in value of vertices esserts in the course of of various assets in the course of the bankruptcy proceedings, including \$650m in the assets to be sold. The company is also making special tax provisions.

Texaco settled with Pennzoil

#### St Gobain and Michelin join options market

TWO STOCK options, based on the shares of Saint Gobain, the diversified glass maker, and Michelin, the tyre group, will be added to the French options market by the end of this month, taking the total number of share options traded to eight, Renter remorts from Paris.

electronics and defence contract two.

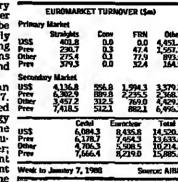
He said the stock options market (Monep) had functioned well, with 400,000 contracts, amounting to FFr3bn, traded between the opening of the market on September 10 and the end of 1987.

options traded to eight, Menter of 19
reports from Paris.

Mr Alain Morice, president of the options market regulatory authority (SCMC), said a further two stock options would be added to the market at quarterly intervals through 1988, bringing the total number of options other traded to around 15 by the end of the year. of the year.
The options market began

operating in September 1987.
The six options currently quoted are Elf Aquitaine, the energy group; Compagnie du Midi, the financial services company; Peugeot, the motor manufactures. geot, the motor manufacturer; Lafarge-Coppee, the cement maker, Paribas, the investment bank; and Thomson CSF, the

of 1987.



EUROCREDITS

### Little profit amid growing debate on multi-option facilities

A GROWING unease seems to be other business with the companies although it is clear that what they see as a lack of adequate credit differentiation in standby financings for corporate believe that second and third-line companies have not been paying a sufficient premium and over what is paid by prime first whether these bankers concerns will be translated into fact and Bankers readily acknowledge that it profits were their only increased pricing differentiation.

In other that the borrower would have had to pay a transpart the stock market collapse to row was a \$100m multi-option fact in the office the stock market collapse to row would have had to pay a transpart to profit to facility led by National before the stock market collapse to row would have had to pay a farming a three-year MOF for stranging a three-year MOF for stranging the result of the dals, NatWest is granging a sind to pay the data to pay the for the stock market collapse to row would have had to pay a farming a three-year MOF for stranging a three-year MOF for stranging the result of the corporation faction. On the other hand, Credit are completing from the banks point of a stranging a three-year MOF for stranging the programme, and Westminster Bank for John Westminster, Bank for John whether the cost of using the market for prime-range companies will the facility, extenditive the companies have made the programme for the other viewed as an aggressively-believe that the cost of using the market for prime-range what must be viewed as an aggressively-believe that the cost of using the market for prime-range what must be viewed as an aggressively-believe that the cost of using the market for prime-range what must be viewed as an aggressively-believe the other two years carries a facility fees split 12.5 besis points and there are no facility fees.

The same of the last, NatWest is a stranging the theory clean paying a surficient premium unless cants plan to arrange the over what is paid by prime financings free of charge. The main questions are ties which dominated the international loans market last year. Will be translated into fact and Hankers readily acknowledge whether there will be an increased pricing differentiation motive, few such deals would be according to credit quality in the done banks ioin because they market? national loans market last year.

Bankers readily acknowledge whether there will be an increased pricing differentiation motive, few such deals would be according to credit quality in the done; hanks join because they narket?

The few deals announced last relationships with their corporate consoners.

Participation in the financings, it is hoped, will pave the way to sagesting that terms might be sais points and there are no but lenders, not the botrower, pay the reserve assets costs, up ment of a \$70m facility signed in the funds are drawn in sterment of a \$70m facility carried a if the funds are drawn in sterment of a \$70m facility carried a if the funds are drawn in sterment of a \$70m facility carried a if the funds are drawn in sterment of a \$70m facility carried a if the funds are drawn in sterment of a \$70m facility carried a if the funds are drawn in sterment of a \$70m facility carried a if the funds are drawn in sterment of a \$70m facility carried a if the funds are drawn in sterment of a \$70m facility carried a if the funds are drawn in sterment of a \$70m facility carried a if the funds are drawn in sterment of a \$70m facility carried a if the funds are drawn in sterment of a \$70m facility carried a if the funds are drawn in sterment of a \$70m facility carried a if the funds are drawn in sterment of a \$70m facility carried a if the funds are drawn in sterment of a \$70m facility carried a if the funds are drawn in sterment of a \$70m facility carried a if the funds are drawn in sterment of a \$70m facility carried a if the funds are drawn in sterment of a \$70m facility carried a if the funds are drawn in sterment of a \$70m facility carried a if the funds are drawn in sterment of a \$70m facility carried a if the funds are drawn in sterment of a \$70m facility carried a if the funds are drawn in sterment of a \$70m facility carried a if the funds are drawn in sterment of a \$70m facility

Montgomery Ward through SBCI has been increased to \$260m. Stephen Fidler

ken and UBS are also dealers.
The \$200m revolving under-

writing facility Merrili arranged for Great Western was increased to \$350m, while a \$200m deal for

This appouncement appears as a matter of record only.

### **McDonald's Corporation**

£50,000,000

93/4 per cent. Notes due 1992

Issue Price: 101½ per cent.

Barclays de Zoete Wedd Limited

Merrill Lynch Capital Markets

**BankAmerica Capital Markets** 

**Bankers Trust International Limited** 

Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A.

Bayerische Vereinsbank Aktiengesellschaft

Citicorp Investment Bank Limited

Chase Investment Bank

Crédit Lyonnais

Daiwa Europe Limited

Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft

Generale Bank

Girozentrale und Bank der österreichischen Sparkassen

Morgan Guaranty Ltd

The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd.

PaineWebber International

Salomon Brothers International Limited

Societé Générale

Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited

S.G. Warburg Securities

2nd December, 1987

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.



**BARCLAYS BANK PLC** (Incorporated with limited liability in England)

£250,000,000

10<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> per cent. Senior Subordinated Bonds due 1997

Issue Price: 1005/8 per cent.

Barclays de Zocte Wedd Limited

Shearson Lehman Brothers International Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited

Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited

The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd.

Banque Internationale à Luxembourg S.A.

Deutsche Bank Capital Markets Limited

Salomon Brothers International Limited

**Bankers Trust International Limited** 

Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A.

BNP Capital Markets Limited County NatWest Limited

Chase Investment Bank Crédit Lyonnais

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Baring Brothers & Co., Limited

Citicorp Investment Bank Limited

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Girozentrale und Bank der österreichischen Sparkassen

Goldman Sachs International Corp. Kidder, Peabody International Limited Hambros Bank Limited BJ International Limited

Kleinwort Benson Limited Kredictbank International Group Marrill Lynch International & Co. Mitsui Finance International Limited

Samuel Montagu & Co. Limited

Morgan Guaranty Ltd Morgan Stanley International

Nomera International Limited

Sumitomo Finance International

J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited Toyo Trust International Limited

S.G. Warburg Securities

Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale

10th December, 1987

 ${\mathbb N}$ 

**UK GILTS** 

### **Institutions keep** their distance

IF THERE were any doubts in the gilt-edged market that the next move in base rates would probably be up, Mr Robin Leigh-Pemberton's speech to the Dun-

analysts been predicting this but the market has been saying so as well. The key three-month interbank rate rose to 9.13 per cent last week. There were suggeston Friday, more than anticipations of some foreign interest, on Friday, more than anticipating at least a ½ point rise in base rates. Since the last cut in base rates in early December long git yields — which usually track auction stock — Treasury 8½ base rates — have diverged significantly.

There has been trading in the auction stock — Treasury 8½ base rates — have diverged significantly.

The market weakened noticeably throughout the course of this Wednesday's \$1 bm gilt auction a lack of retail interest, fears over a base rate rise, and an assumed rift between the Bank of England and the Treature.

Torm and at close of business on Friday the stock was being quoted on a yield of around 9.86 per cent, representing a slight discount on comparable maturities. This is due to the element of gearing in the stock, a result of it being partly paid.

It is clearly too early to predict the precise of the stock was being per cent, representing a slight discount on comparable maturities. This is due to the element of the stock was being per cent, representing a slight discount on comparable maturities. This is due to the element of the stock was being per cent, representing a slight discount on comparable maturities. This is due to the element of the stock was being per cent, representing a slight discount on comparable maturities. This is due to the element of the stock was being per cent, representing a slight discount on comparable maturities. This is due to the element of the stock was being per cent, representing a slight discount on comparable maturities. This is due to the element of the stock was being per cent, representing a slight discount on comparable maturities. This is due to the element of the stock was being per cent, representing a slight discount on comparable maturities. This is due to the element of the stock was being per cent, representing a slight discount on comparable maturities. This is due to the element of the stock was being per cent, representing a slight discount on comparable maturities. This is due to the element of the stock was being per cent, representing a slight discount on comparable maturities. This is due to the element of the stock was being per cent, representing a slight discount on comparable maturities. This is clearly the stock was being per cent, representing a slight discount on comparable maturities.

front in general and exchange rate policy in particular. The Governor's forceful restatement of exchange rate policy — its also benefit from capital apprecianti-inflationary bias, its symmetrical nature — ought to have been of comfort to the inflation would tend to narrow as prices adjust the market stocks are also recommended.

By getting in early, though, Mr also benefit from capital appreciation because the 18 basis point spread, as in the above example, would tend to narrow as prices are also recommended.

bears in the market.
Although the speech was an assessment of the current situation rather than a series of policy presriptions, it was also an attempt to point out that not all the weight of corrective policy should be borne by monetary policy. This was clearly targeted at the Chancellor as he begins to policy. This was clearly targeted at the Chancellor as he begins to formulate his Budget, which is

substantial tax give-aways.
While the Governor's speech generated some excitement in the gilt market it did little for its dee and Tayside Chamber of tone. The much vaunted hope Commerce and Industry on that domestic institutions would Thursday should have put them return in strength to gilts in the new year began to look like a Not only have many market analyses been predicting this but better?

Bank of England and the Treasury over monetary policy because of the strength of the Governor's speech were all cited by analysts as possible explanations for yields at the long end closing the week at 9.9 per cent.

The Governor's speech was not the result of a mistake, a rift with the Treasury, or pique on the part of anyone. It was an attempt to address some fundamental concerns in the markets over the aims of monetary policy, and to remind industry that it will have to pay for excessive pay settlements.

The speech was, however, more about shaping perceptions being partry paud.

It is clearly too early to predict how the auction will be received by investors but its FOTRA (free of tax for exidents abroad) status and ability to be hedged in the futures market are strong points in its favour, especially for the foreigner.

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The speech was, however, more about shaping perceptions than telegraphing punches. Although a base rate rise in the near future cannot be ruled out it was thought that if the Bank showed its determination to move on base rates the effect on the markets may make it unnecessary.

There have been doubts of the speech to the speech the Government's cent stock's yield is 4.98 per cent. Index-linked stocks are also recommended.

**US MONEY AND CREDIT** 

### Jobless fall triggers retreat in bond prices

if THAT was the traditional new year's rally, it was not much but at Irving Securities.

It could be better than anything with the dollar weakening and US financial markets see for driving up import prices, the last Percent some time.

The week began so well US stock prices, bond prices and the exchange value of the dollar all rose smartly at the beginning of the week, as if the financial markets had put the horrors of 1987 behind them. On Wednesday and behind them. On Wednesday and Thursday all three markats ground to a halt, and on Friday they were in full retreat — in the case of stocks, quite drastically. Friday had the clammy feel of October 16 of last year. By the end of the day, long-dated bonds had given up all the week's price gains, with the benchmark 30-year Treasury bond vielding

Friday had the clammy feel of October 16 of last year. By the end of the day, long-dated bonds had given up all the week's price gains, with the benchmark 30 markets were already petrified by the prospect of next Friday's brush with desting in the form of the US trade figures.

The stock market collapsed 140 points in heavy late trading. Even the dollar was weak.

The trigger for Friday's price fall in stocks and bonds was the report on employment in December, which showed a drop in the jobless of 0.1 of a percentage was bearish for the bond market; and honds was the report on employment in December, which showed a drop in the jobless of 0.1 of a percentage was bearish for the bond market; and honds was the report on employment in December, which showed a drop in the jobless of 0.1 of a percentage was bearish for the bond market; far from slowing up as a result of the figures next Friday are was bearish for the bond market; far from slowing up as a result of the figures next Friday are was bearish for the bond market; far from slowing up as a result of the figures next Friday are was bearish for the bond market; far from slowing up as a result of the figures next Friday are was bearish for the bond market; far from slowing up as a result of the figures next Friday are was bearish for the bond market; far from slowing up as a result of the figures next Friday are was bearish for the bond market; far from slowing up as a result of the figures next Friday are was bearish for the bond market; far from slowing up as a result of the figures next Friday are was earlier that day. Financial 5 and for a long time, as Mrich as Mrich and for a long time, as Mrich and sp

driving up import prices, the last thing bond investors need is the prospect, however remote, of wage pressures out of a tight labour market. Once again, the markets had to face the spectre of tighter monetary policy. And the stock market is so jumpy, that the slightest hint of more expensive more is expensive more is expensive more is expensive more in the stock market is so jumpy. expensive money is enough to drive down prices.

Even without Friday's collapse in stocks, this week was going to be "one of the most difficult

far from slowing up as a result of to defend the dollar, and the the stock market crash in Octo-ber, the US economy is entering rates go down to defend the the new year at a rapid clip, stock market, the dollar will according to Mr Philip Braver-tumble. Either way, the outlook



bear-squeezes seen on the foreign exchange markets for a long time.

Having watched, seemingly helpless, while the markets sold the dollar down to 121 yen in the dying moments of the old year, they intervened with such vigour in the new that the shortsellers were crushed. Between Monday and Thursday, the dollar rose almost 10 per cent against the yen, which is going it a bit even by the standards of last week's volatile markets.

Sumer demand and an improvement in the trade deficit. Braverman says.

This week will show.

Apart from the trade figures due on Friday, there are three sets of economic statistics due for release this week. With them are the median estimates of up to 40 economists surveyed by Money ber. The middle estimate, from a group of 39 economists surveyed by Money on Friday, is for a deficit of a bit even by the standards of \$15bn, with much of the decline attributable to the season. But time.

Having watched, seemingly helpless, while the markets sold the dollar down to 121 yen in the dying moments of the old year, they intervened with such vigour in the new that the short-sellers were crushed. Between Monday and Thursday, the dollar rose almost 10 per cent against the yen, which is going it a bit even by the standards of last week's volatile markets.

Central banks can whip the

last week's volatile markets.

Central banks can whip the foreign exchange markets, but they cannot reform them. The central banks simply do not have the firepower to alter the course of the market for more than a short while. By half way through last week, even wary foreign exchange dealers were trading on the basis that the dollar might have overshot too much on the unside.

on the upside.

As for their colleagues in bond trading, 'the market will not believe in dollar stability until believe in dollar stability until have timed their intervention there is some reduction in conjust so they could fall flat on

their face a few days later," Mr

ber. The middle estimate, from a group of 39 economists surveyed ton Friday, is for a deficit of \$15bm, with much of the decline attributable to the season. But the range of forecasts surveyed by Money Market Services of Redwood City, California is large, from \$13.5bm to \$17.6bm.

For most of the market, the upper estimate is too horrible to contemplate. The markets have decided that central banks would not have wasted their intervention in December, due on Friday. The estimates range from a decline of 0.1 per cent to a rise of 0.4 per cent.

Intervention in December, due on Friday. The expectation is for a rise of 0.1 per cent of a rise of 0.1 per cent to a rise of 0.4 per cent.

Intervention in December, due on Friday. The range of expectations goes from unchanged to an increase of 0.8 per cent.

Intervention in December, due on Friday. The range of expectations goes from unchanged to an increase of 0.8 per cent, with a median estimate of an increase of 0.3 per cent.

James Buchan

### Citibank buys rest of Vickers US unit

CITICORP'S Citibank subsidiary has acquired the 95.1 per cent of Vickers Da Costa Securities Holdings it did not already own, for undisclosed terms. Benter temporta from New York.

The US banking group had bought 4.9 per cent of the brokers as it bought 4.9 per cent of the brokers in 1984, at the same time as it bought a 29.9 per cent state in Vickers' US operations, it said it lad decided to buy the firm now

The US banking group had bought 4.9 per cent state in Vickers' US operations, it said it had decided to buy the firm now

The US banking group had bought 4.9 per cent of the brokers, Lynch Jones and hew brokers, Lynch Jones and Newbridge Securities. The us bank declined to spectify how much Vickers Da Costa Tokyo operations. The US bank declined to spectify how much Vickers Da Costa Tokyo Stock Exchange.

The US banking group had by the end of 1988.

While Citicorp had long Securities had lost, but said it was well below published figures of \$10m to \$15m.

Citicorp is also a member of the was well below published figures of \$10m to \$15m.

Citicorp is also a member of the Securities had lost, but said it was well below published figures of \$10m to \$15m.

Citicorp already own the form now the properties of \$10m to \$15m.

Citicorp already own the form same market drop. This above the completion of the transaction.

The US bank declined to spectify how much Vickers Da Costa Tokyo Stock Exchange.

The banking group also provides description of the transaction.

The US bank declined to spectify how much Vickers Da Costa Tokyo Stock Exchange.

The US bank declined to spectify how much Vickers Da Costa Tokyo Stock Exchange.

The US bank declined to spectify how much Vickers Da Costa Tokyo Stock Exchange.

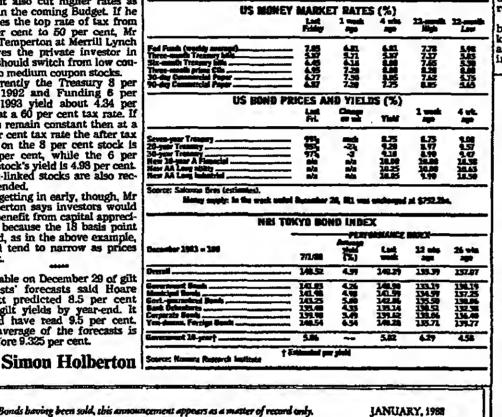
The US bank declined to spectify how much Vickers Da Costa Tokyo Stock Exchange.

The US bank declined to spectify how much Vickers Da Costa Tokyo Stock Exchange.

The US bank declined to spectify how much Vickers Da Costa Tokyo Stock Exchange.

The US bank declined to spectify how much Vickers Da Costa Tokyo St ber brokers, Lynch Jones and Ryan and Newuridge Securities. Through its controlling interest in Vickers' Tokyo operations Citicorp is also a member of the Tokyo Stock Exchange The banking group also pro-

vides discount brokerage through its Citicorp Brokerage



**NEW ISSUE** 

These Bonds having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.



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### **Assubel Life hints** at alternative bid to thwart AG

Assubel has issued a statement. which made clear that it could use a controversial article of association to reject an unwel-come takeover bid from the AG Group, its domestic rival, by mounting an alternative offer.

It is understood, however, that the Banking Commission, the government-controlled body which discreetly polices stock market activity, has insisted that the price should be equivalent to the BFr6,000 (\$174) per share which is on the table from AG, that a prospectus must be value. that a prospectus must be pub-lished and that all shareholders should be included in the offer.

been buoyant most of the week, peaking at more than 100,000 shares on Kriday, close to the levels of last summer when the company was the subject of intense bid speculation. Societe Generale shares rose again on Friday, from BFr2,400 to HFr2,700, but while the same authorised capital at an egm and thereby bolster its defences.

A majority of the Assubel been buoyant most of the week, peaking at more than 100,000 shares on Kriday, close to the levels of last summer when the company was the subject of intense bid speculation. Societe Generale shares rose again on Friday, from BFr2,400 to HFr2,700, but while the same two small Brussels stockbroking firms as before appear to be

THE BATTLE for control of Assubel Life, Belgium's third largest insurer, has taken a new elles Lambert, Belgium's other turn following official clarification of the means by which the company can defend itself against an unwelcome predator.

Assubel has taxand a statement of the property of a plan to sell Assurance of the property o stake in return for an undis-closed sum

Any defensive offer made under Assubel's so called Article 6 to bead off AG would be financed by GBL AGF and Cobepa, another Belgian company friendly to the Assubel board. Their reaction is likely to be crucial with the AG offer due to expire at the end of this week.

The Brussels Bourse, meanwhile, is also bruzing with renewed rumours about who is buying shares in Societe Generale. Turnover in the stock has been buoyant most of the week, peaking at more than 100,000

### C\$1bn-plus offer likely for Steinberg food group

AN OFFER worth well over C\$1bn (US\$778m) could be made for Steinberg one of Canada's not have takeover protection ensuring tha holders the same treatment if an offer is accepted by the family.

The 70-year-old concern grew phenomenally in eastern Canada during Canada's post-war boom, under the leadership of the late Mr Sam Steinberg. Since his death several years ago, the company has been through some rough times, but has surged back to prominence led by Mr Irving. Ludmer, president.

However, the Steinberg family is split over administration of trusts voting 40-per cent of the common stock and over sale of

trusts voting 40-per cent of the nave been mentioned as possible common stock and over sale of suitors, but some analysts control. One group is seeking believe a management buyout court approval to oust certain led by Mr Ludmer and others is other family members as trust—still possible.

Steinberg has 23m shares out highly profitable. US subsidiary, standing, including 6m voting analysts estimate Steinberg is common and 17m non-voting worth between C\$50 and C\$60 a class A. The voting stock is held by the family trust and mem-

faces trial for insider trading

MR ALLAN NG, one of the brightest of the younger generation of Singaporean entrepreneurs, is to face trial on a charge of insider

Allan Ng

trial on a charge of insider trading.

He is accused of having purchased 1m shares in Seation Hotels with prior knowledge that the company had asked the Singapore Stock Exchange for the suspension of its shares to be lifted.

Mr Ng, who is pleading not guilty, has been released on bail of SS1m (US\$490,000) and his passport impounded. The purchase of the Sealion Hotels shares is alleged to have taken place on October 8, 1986, five days before official dealings resumed, on the basis of information received by Mr Ng from received by Mr Ng from Standard Chartered Merchant Rank.

Three mouths after the alleged offence Mr Ng acquired through his com-

alleged offence Mr Ng acquired through his company, First City Holdings, a further 23 per cent stake in Sealion, which was subsequently renamed First Capital Corporation.

First Capital then embarked on a busy programme of property acquisition with its share price being chased up in the bull market from just over 80 cents to a high of \$32.54.

Following reports last July that share dealings involving First City Holdings were being investigated by the Finance Ministry's Commercial Affairs Department, First Capital's share price fell sharply.

This led to an offer by United Industrial Corporation to acquire First City's 23 per cent stake in First Capital and was followed by a general offer. UIC now has control of nearly 80 per cent of First Capital.

Mr Ng has been charged

ms control of nearly 80 per cent of First Capital.

Mr Ng has been charged under section 103 of the Securities Industry Act, which came into force in Angust 1986 following the Pan-Electric crisis of 1985. Until last summer Mr Ng had enjoyed a meteoric career rising in just 13 years from an assistant accomment to deputy chair-man of United Overseas Bank. He resigned from the hank in 1988.

### Ford Motor talks with FCA collapse

FINANCIAL CORPORATION of poration, cannot cover loan America has fallen prey to new losses that could range from uncertainty with the breakdown \$2bn to \$4bn.

of efforts to sell the sorely-troubled California financial services group to Ford Motor.

Ford, which is believed to be interested in Financial Corporation's branch network and tax

Corporation, which owns the lar-gest US thrift institution, Ameri-

gest US thrift institution, American Savings and Loan Association of Irvine, California.

Heavy loan losses have left American Savings short of federal capital requirements and all but wiped out the equity of its parent. Wall Street believes that the head general of the dead to char down the thrift operation because its own deposit-insur-ance division, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Cor-

group to Ford Motor.

The Federal Home Loan Bank
Board, the US Government regulatory agency, said late last week that it had stopped talking to Ford about a sale of Financial

mitterested in Financial Corporation's branch network and tax losses, was apparently not willing to take enough of this burden from the FSLIC.

Mr Roger Martin, a member of the bank board, said: "Differ-

Mr Roger Martin, a member of the bank board, said: "Differ-ences ranging from the disposi-tion of tax preferences to the amount of FSLIC assistance have caused us to pause and under-take a detailed review of all aspects of our negotiations with

parent. Wall Street believes that the board cannot afford to close down the thrift operation because its own deposit-insur-could well force a new round of

### Pillsbury to close 100 restaurants

PILLSBURY, the large Minnea-polis food group, is to tackle problems in its troubled restau-rant business, which includes Burger King, the second-largest US fast-food chain.

The group said that the reor-ganisation, which would include ganisation, which would include the closure of 100 or more restaurants, would involve a charge to profits of \$91m or \$1.06 a share in the third quarter that ends in February. In its full year to last May, Pillsbury reported earnings of \$181.9m or \$2.10 a share on revenues of \$6.13bn.

"Mr John Stafford, who took over as chief executive from Mr William Spoor in 1985, said the company would abandon its

West Grill), improve a string of Burger King restaurants and atreamline its distribution busi-

By concentrating on fewer concepts, we will capitalise on our strengths and improve our overall performance," he said. Last year, operating profits at Pilsbury's restaurant group fell 28 per cent to \$219.2m despite a 4 per cent increase in revenues to \$2.76bn. Sales at Burger King, which have recently lagged the market leader McDonald's, were unchanged.

unchanged.

Late last year, Mr Spoor, who largely built up Pillsbury from its origins as a grain business, returned from retirement to company would abandon its returned from retirement to three new fast-food "concepts" assist in the running of the company.

### Negara takes over bank

BANK NEGARA, Malaysia's central bank, has assumed control of endar 1986 following large provifinancially-troubled Co-operative sions for bad and doubtful loans, Central Bank Bhd (CCB), the "The action would also enable

assessment of CCB's assets and liabilities and continue investigations into the bank's affairs," the central bank said.

CCB said Bank Negara's decision was totally unexpected: "We expected an injection of funds but certainly not a takeover", it CCB posted a net loss of said.

country's largest co-operative us to conserve the assets of CCB bank. Renter reports from in order to protect the interest of Knala Lumpar.

"This course of action is necessary to allow us to undertake an assessment of CCB's assets and cCB said Bank Negara's deci-

reformation

### Tandem forcecast hits shares

TANDEM COMPUTERS, the US

According to stock market anabusiness was stronger than lysts, the disappointing news domestic business, reflecting the frame computers, warned that its revenues for the quarter ended December 31 would be quarter for the past 2½ years, Tandem sells fault-tolerant the continued development of our increased its revenues in every quarter for the past 2½ years, Tandem sells fault-tolerant the continued development of our increased its revenues in every quarter for the past 2½ years, Tandem sells fault-tolerant anabusiness was stronger than the past past 2½ years. lower than expected.

ment also triggered a sell-off final results for the first fiscal may have declined in the wake affecting other high technology companies, including IBM and Digital Equipment.

Sales to shoke age in the may have declined in the wake quarter but it appears that of the October crash. About B per companies, including IBM and Digital Equipment.

quarter for the past 21/2 years. Tandem sells fault-tolerant was a significant factor in Fri-computers to banks, airlines and The announcement prompted day's stock market plunge.

The announcement prompted day's stock market plunge.

Tandem said it was too early afford to risk computer failures.

Tandem said it was too early afford to risk computer failures.

To say why its sales did not meet prompted to say why its sales did not meet per cent, closing at \$20%, off expectations. Company officials ing Tandem's sales dip was that sailes to stock brokerage firms the warks.

### New management for Hong Kong SE

THE HONG KONG Stock excluded from key committees other minor committees.

Exchange has announced new overseeing discipline, finance

The rechuffle began af management changes as part of and floor trading a continuing shake-up since the arrest of three top officials earlier this month, Benter reports

The exchange member management of the second management of the second

The reshuffle began after Hong Kong's Independent Commis arrest of three top officials earlier this month, Reuter reports
from Hong Kong.

Mr Ronald Li and Mr Kenneth
Wong, vice-chairmen, as well as members Mr Edward Woo and Mr Zee Kwoh Kung have been

The exchange formed a 14member management group to replace its governing committee executive and Mr Donald Tsang, listing department chief. They were released on bail and ordered to surrender travel documents but no charges were filed,

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US DOLLARS	_						
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8 P America (d)+	250	1998	10	912	99.3	Goldman Sachs	9.61
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CIBC Mortgage Corp.	100	1993	5	10%	100%	CIBC LML	10.51
Ford Credit Canada	100	1993	5	10%	101	J.P. Morgan Secs.	10.48
D-MARKS							
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Abbey National	50	1993	5	104	1015 <sub>8</sub>	Shearson Lehman	9.82
ECUs							
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Deutsche Bank Fin.	100	1993		73,	1014	Deutsche Bk Cap. Mkts	7.44
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LUXEMBOURG FRANCS_							
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Compagnie Bancaire**	300	1993	5	$n_2$	1004	Bge Parihas (Lux)	7.43
YEN							
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	Templates Investment Management 20 Capital Assaut, ECSR 779. 03.500 6064 Int. Pera & Carriera	All	100   100	Prices   1445   177.4   -6.2     Property   1228   123.3   -6.3     Secole Fox Marcand   123.1   161.2     Practice Foxes   123.0   162.1   -6.1     Practice Foxes   163.7   163.6     For Entern   163.7   170.1   -6.2     For Entern   163.6   170.1   -6.3     Git & Foxes   126.3   135.0   -6.3     Git & Foxes   126.3   135.0   -6.3	Designate Initial 2012 77.4 +0.4 Company Initial 2012 77.5 +0.	Morriy Matte Top 20	10	
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	Decision United   10   10   10   10   10   10   10   1	American Intervention   152 pt   170 pt   403   - American Intervention   1227   135   - 403   - 400	Property Fd. 150.4 151.5   Deciral Fd. 150.4 151.5   Deciral Fd. 150.4 151.5   Deciral Fd. 150.4 151.5   Deciral Fd. 150.5   D	Equity & Line Agenthy September 1975   S	Prof. Pry. Initial	Lagal & Samerai (Unit Amur) Ltd  - 2 Monteliore Road, How, RMS 152  - British Equarisables	GAR Assertion 120.0 -1.5 GAR Foreign 120.4 -1.1 GAR For Environ 120.7 -0.3 3 7245285 GAR Strins 125.9 -1.0 1.1 - GAR Special Signature 125.9 -1.0 1.1 - GAR Special Signature 125.1 -0.5 1.1 - GAR Special Signature 125.1 -0.5 1.2 - GAR Assertion 125.5 -0.7 1.3 - GAR Assertion 125.5 -0.7 1.4 - GAR Assertion 125.5 -0.7 1.5 - GAR Assertion 125.	Price General Fram 207.2 24.5 — 1 24.5
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Ą	Teache, Research Unit Treat Mont List Mercetic Her. 2 Praint Deet, EDA GL-240 1250 TY American Constit 35.1 32.5 40.2 0.30 TY American Constit 35.1 32.5 40.2 0.30 TH Gree Spin See 2.25 20.5 20.5 115 TH Gree Spin See 2.25 20.5 20.5 115 TH Greet Spin See 2.25 20.5 20.5 20.5 20.5 TH Greet Spin See 2.25 20.5 20.5 20.5 20.5 20.5 20.5 20.5	Pos. As. Co. 133/4 447 403 403 404 403 403	Marrow Piths, Brimal RSZ UM   Carti-Special State   Mile   Parkinson   Mile   Parkinson   Mile   Parkinson   Mile   Parkinson   Mile   Parkinson   Mile   Parkinson   Mile   Mi	6 Europe Find	High Incode 200.0 \$27.0 +1.5 RE Edged 40.0 +0.0 +0.5 Cap Growth 279.7 295.3 +1.4 Technolog 105.4 199.3 +1.0 Int. Reserver. 105.4 111.8 +0.0	Europase (abbs). 94.7 105.6 - Bo. Account 107.5 113.0 - Bo. Account 107.5 113.0 - For Eastern 189.5 194.5 - Do. Account 202.8 213.5 - For Do. Account 343.9 342.1 - For Do. Account 343.9 342.1 - Indry Linkset (El. 91.0 97.9 - Indry Linkset 120.1 82.5 -	1.5	Programme
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CARRY IN		LONDON SHA	RESERVICE		
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- ABM Gold Corp I 3079	Apr. Oct.   Marshells Halling   242   248   16.25   23   3.6   15.3   Acr Nov   Maurders Clothy 20e   81   26.10   61.9   41   3.2   8.8	Dec. Impe   AB Electronic   300   20.9   12.5   1.9 4   15.4   Apr Dec   Add S Inch Sp   37   27.7   1.5   3.3   47.4   1.5   4.5	July Dec Chamber in & Hill	Agr. Get. 80C Green. 447 277 144 14 44 145	http://dx.doi.org/10.1000/10.1000/10.1000/10.1000/10.1000/10.1000/10.1000/10.1000/10.1000/10.1000/10.1000/10.1000/
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Figure   F		Ped Sept 45/1999 / 1990001	July Dec Grane Eng. 18p. 140 5.13 + 15 2.9 149 10.1 July Mar Pecision Sp. 111 13.7 15 13.1 2.7 3.0 16.8 July Mar Mark Precision Sp. 111 13.7 15 13.1 2.5 13.1 July Mar Mark Marketha 20. 20 20 20 20 20 2.4 5.1 10.0 July Marketha 15 15 15 2.7 15 15 2.7 15 15 2.7 15 15 2.7 15 15 2.7 15 15 2.7 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	Superchanics led. 50 23   23   24   24   24   24   24   24	Apr. Dec. 149 acffic Sales 10p. 220 223 at 1.0 Lb U.S. Apr Nam Variety Rank V. 250 223 16.0 3.4 3.4 3.4 3.4 3.4 3.4 3.4 3.4 3.4 3.4
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- Wildiscotto Expla	July Nov. Watts Blake 274 12 19 153 14 24 150	February (Creater 10s 140 1300 192 80 19 90	May Oct. Hores & Shipman 120 25.7 411 2.9 4.7 10.0	For law life, Armony Ma. 145 145 175 181 181 187	Sect Feb 1974 Section 1st. 42 10.05 11.75 3.2 2 2 10.05 11.75 3.2 2 2 10.05 11.75 3.2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Mr Je Se De (Royat Bi. Can.	April Oct   Wiggers Group   160 111   tol 36 14 14 020   June Nov   Witson Bowden 10c 163   134 14 24 16.0	February & Chrosprint 10p	Febberg Lee (Artine) 129-p. 20ml 21.1 13 6 4.7 6 6 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Feb Sept Vellet: Riconstack	Inc. help Portal: 278 2111 413 33 43 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
- VSanora God Corpl 330p	Oct. July Miscot Cosmoly) 237 July 12.8 64 12 14.5 Dec July Miscot Cosmoly) 233 9.11 12.75 34 24 10.9	Feb July 4 Crambrook Elect Sp. 75 24.2 11.9 22 1.1 April Man. CrayChronic 10p. 217 11.88 162.54 23 14 15.1 April Man. CrayChronic 10p. 217 11.88 162.54 23 14 15.1 April Man. May 2017 Group Sp. 142 291.5 12 4 27 4 6 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 1	Jan. July Locker (T) 5p. 43. 23.11 1.1 1.2 1.7 (24.1) Jan. July Do. W 5p. 35. 33.1 1.1 1.2 5.4 (17.14) Agr Det. Mr. Holty 5p. 33. 7.12 1.1 1.2 5.4 (17.14) Agr Det. Mr. Holty 5p. 33. 7.12 1.1 1.7 2.0 13.9 Decamber Manymers Brunz. 194 25.10 1.1 1.1 1.2 14.2 June Jan. McKechine 277 9.11 1.1 20.3 3.1 1.7	Der Siege Stein, Set & Prings 10th 100 277.4 527 13 13 12.6 Der Siege Stein, Speiner 20th 120 17210 547 13 13 12.6 Stein Siege Stein, Settlich Mitten. 437 14.0 16.7 3 34 24 19.7 Non. May 18. 10 Prings 543. 220 16.20 16.20 16.2 14 52 11.8	April Provided 225 10.3 4.5 4.6 2.7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Ja Ap Jy Oc Writes Can Pipe	Nov Apr   Alem Fl. 20	April Oct. State Elect. 103	May Oct Metahan 59. 78 1230 152 118 141 141 143 213 152 118 141 141 141 141 141 141 141 141 141	Apr Aug. Brown & Tarra	Hor. Agr. Submo ON Servs. 101 24 25 0.7 - 4.0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
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Ang May  Algebrase F1.10. 2114 18.8 02.7% 21 6.9 6.8  June Dec Anglo Initia. 65 7.12 (01.91% 6.0 6.8  Anglo Anglo Initia. 70 23.3 M2.0 - 3.9  Due June Dec Anglo A	Feb Aug 1877 10p 142bd 21.7 ** 1.4 1.1.4 1.6.4 2.1.5 ** 1.4 1.1.4 1.6.4 2.1.5 ** 1.4 1.1.4 1.1.4 2.1.5 24.8 77.1 1.1.1.1.4 1.1.4 2.1.5 24.8 77.1 1.1.1.4 1.1.4 2.1.5 24.8 77.1 1.1.1.4 1.1.4 2.1.5 24.8 77.1 1.1.1.4 1.1.4 2.1.5 24.8 77.1 1.1.1.4 1.1.3 2.1.5 24.8 77.1 1.1.1 1.1.4 2.1.5 24.8 77.1 1.1.1 1.1.4 2.1.1 2		May Nov. Same Spec. 280 22.9 1.4 2.5 1.2 16.2 Nov. May Res 10.83. 25 24.8 1 2.7	Oct. May Casson St Jers 20a. 256 (20.8) 106.0 227 2.1 19.3 Dec. June Course Ind. 256 (20.8) 106.0 227 2.1 19.3 Dec. June Do. Sign Con Pf. 288 (20.6) 44/9 - 5.4 - 1.4 June July Do. Sign Con Pf. 238 (7.52) 755 - 6.4	Oct. June Polyno. 146 253 70.59 2.7 3.4 4 1.4 2
Dec June Banco de Bibao S.A. 1240.   9,1234036%   3.0 2.8 11.7   March Seps Bunco de Santander.   828   30.4 (09)5%   2,7 1.9   July Dec Bank tercland InSL.   210   2111 (0)5.7   2,9 6.7 7.3   Bank Levent   215   215   2	Dec. July Cannoting (more) Ic. 70 - ROO.7c - O.o	April Dot   PERSON Floor Sig. 125 9.3 34 34 46 - Just July   Park Data Proce Soc. 100 2015 22 4 22 4 6 2 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	July 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Any Fig. Date Sedestries 131 7.32 63 64 13 30.0 fcc. Apr. Dat SApt. Car Dr FE 205 93 64 2 64 1 62 64 1 62	Apr. Nov. (Ricardo 121 14.9 3.25 1.8 3.7 20 1.8 3.7 20 1.8 3.7 20 1.8 3.7 20 1.8 3.7 20 1.8 3.7 20 1.8 3.7 20 1.8 3.7 20 1.8 3.8 3.7 20 1.8 3.8 3.7 20 1.8 3.8 3.7 20 1.8 3.8 3.7 20 1.8 3.8 3.7 20 1.8 3.8 3.7 20 1.8 3.8 3.8 3.7 20 1.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.8 3
Oct Apr   Sk.Leurn (UK)E1   288   10.8   12.4   4.9	Feb July Coasies Gross	May Feb Secretar Research 94 15.6 (A)2 1.1 4.7 25.5 May Nov. 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	Beyle 26 153 Kill Well 27 51 631 0c May 165 164 145 465 21 54 115 166 145 465 21 54 115 167 48 550 127 304 128 27 47 79	Aspert Coloridos 20s	Now Many Recoloure
Oct Aer Bardays C1. 488   10.88   22.0   3.8   5.9   5.5   1.6   6.0   14.6   12.0   1	Det. June Cory (Herzee) 5p	Apr Oct   Familiers Int. 10p.   299   22.7   150   160   2.1   164   165	May Nov 22 7.1 87 129 129 127 22 7.1 87 Apr. Oct	Feb. Aug Charter Cons 2n. 112au 21.17 ar 2 2 5 7 92 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Dec Jame Do. W. 117 11.5 16.5 1.4 7.6 17 11.5 16.5 1.4 7.6 17 11.5 16.5 1.4 7.6 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17
Lam Judy   Bottiness Mort 74 64   15.6   2.0   2.3   4.0   15.1	have Nov Oceties 100 110 1210 1345 25 40 134 Mar Oct Ellis & Everant 177 102 Mar Oct Ellis & Everant 177 102 Mar Oct Ellis & Everant 174 103 Mar Oct Ellis & Everant 174 174 724	Feb Sept Femal 10c 27 13 14 14 124 March Sept From Security 10c 275 13 14 14 124	John James England 257 111 175 22 6.1 40 Jan John 17 500 11 11 22 6 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	Ja Ap Ja No PChina Light HISS. 348 23 475 31 24 10 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	Jan. May 98AC led 20g. 100 2231 35 32 27 10 5EP, led 189a 5 44 2
March Chyn, Hub Kr.100	Mar Sept Emode Group	- Heferther Dennys Sp. 38 13.00 41.7 - 7.1 - Serment Group Sp. 386 22.11 42.2 3.7 1.7 22.1 May Forumet Feeb. 51 27.4 60.7 6.3 1.9 9.3	Mar, Sept. 1002 Str. 290 100 WL 42 G 62 May 0ct 16 Gross Vis. 335 100 WL 23 LV 146 May 0ct 16 Gross Vis. 317 205 WL 16 G 176	Compt Declarate   State   12,12   750   22   53   10.5	- SI Group 50 44 996 a0.29 - 0.9 St. Golden FF2100 9023 - 09% 3.6 1.9 14 Dec. June State Filter 226 20.9 10.0 2.3 4.8 12
July FMFC 6.3pc CoReiPref 143 13.7 6.3% - 6.0 - 8.5 Pacific Hidgs 19 3.5 02.31c 6.4 6.9 23 Full Republic Hidgs 19 3.5 02.31c 6.4 6.9 23 June Dec. Gerrard & National 315 25.10 17.0 - 7.4 - 1.5 Pacific Hidgs 19 3.0 Pacifi	Jam July   Harangte Sartain 10n   83   2211   2.5   2.5   4.1   151   3.0   6.5   3.4   3.5   11.2   3.0   6.5   3.4   3.5   11.2   3.0   6.5   3.4   3.5   11.2   3.0	hee Dec Felen VSD	Feb. Sept. Ten Hadai No. 1874 27.17 15 1 1.4 4.3 15.3 Feb. Sept. Ten Hadai No. 1874 27.17 15.4 14.3 15.3 Feb. Sept. Ten Hadai No. 1874 27.3 13.3 50% 14.4 15	Any Feb Cost. Station's 10s. 95ad (FL): 12.0 2.7 2.7 2.7 1.9 Mar May 12.0 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2	Horester 25 25 29,6 76,811 2.6 43,1 42,1 43,1 42,1 43,1 43,1 43,1 43,1 43,1 43,1 43,1 43
March Goose Burrant 5 110 92 423 - 31 - 626 July Guinness Pest. 270 7.12 8.2 - 4.2 - 4.2	Aust Nuclea AG 0M/50. E864 3.6 (2274 1.9 0.4 - Jane Dec. Do.Fin 10pcHain. 2565 2217 0174 - 224 - Oct April Imp. Chen. 21. 2134 10.8 †360 22 4 42 11.0	- Purised Seaso (No. 2072) 2112 - 113 4.1 1.3 25.8 (1.5) (1.	Aspect Trials (W. A.) In 185 2437 225 - 14 - 14 14 15 16 16 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	Sept Nor Land Top No. 180 - 140 21 52 101 134 134 134 134 134 134 134 134 134 13	Jeep Dec 11 Roberton 12 25.81 3.5 4.3 2.7 10 Jeep Oct 14 Roberton 151 25.8 28.9 104.0 3.3 3.5 11 April Sept 10.8 11.07 5.1 0.6 48
Jan July Hild Sattuel	have Nov Laparte Inds. 50g 407   28.9   1/12.25   2.5   3.4   5.1   4.5   5.2   5.2   5.3   17.5   5.2   5.3	- Mostyret Group Sp. 228 29.6 2.1 6 1.3 6 (1	Mor. May Compressor 22 679 1.27 680 3.9 2.2 11.7 May Rev. St. 179 28.9 66.7 2.1 49 11.4 Apr. Sc. 184 184 184 184 184 184 184 184 184 184	Mar. Oct. 100 Ccc. 100 Sp. 100 Sp. 145 LAS LAS Last Company Last Compa	Apr Sep Ds. W N - V 255 23.2 11.07 5.1 0.4 45 Apr Sep
Mary Dec.   King & Shareson 20p.   353   23.11   8.75   - 7.8   - 8.75   -	Apr Oct MATH Sp	- 177, Information Tech 63ml 27.12 12.0 3.3 2.3 18.1 House Group 10p. 244 725	ther bet. The beautiful 299 24.8 14.1 25 4.7 11.6 there have been seen as 178 12.3 14.3 14.2 14.2 14.2 14.2 14.2 14.2 14.2 14.2	Estate No. 10 - 1 %   - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	Arr Sep Services 265 10.1 12.00 3.1 1.2 38 5.1 1.2 38 5.2 27 27 28 2.2 27 21 3.0 2.4 2.7 27 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2
Apr Oct   Midfard 21   385   10.8   220.11   4.5   7.2   4.2   Nor May   Norgan Gendell 21   274   14.9   710.5   -5.2   -1.2   July Dec   Nat Aust, Bk. ASL   163ar   15.6   020.75   -8.1   0	February - Persimp AS 875/2012/16- 22 029% 49 1.4 14.3	March Sept Srd. Sty. & Conc. 10c. 145 171.	世	Apriles 200 21 21 4 15 180 16 5 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	Agr Oct   14.7   14.5   1.3   7.2   Dec Hay   14.6   2.7   14.0   7.9   1.8   9   -
Aeg Apr Not Rea Bros, Groep. 25. 14.9 12.5 4.6 4.7 4.4 5.4 5.4 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.4 6	May Non. Restort 10n	March Sept. (Howall Systems	0x1.540 0x1.54	im. Aug. Tol. (D.X.) 5	Agr Oct   Sides   328, 24.8 (17.63) 3.6 3.3 1.0   17.5
Airg Dec   Rothychiet Cli Hidgs   151   49.11   6.0   3.1   5.4   8.0   -	Sancliffe Speakman. 141. 179 22.7  May Non Thurgan Carrier (Ing. 61 210 42.0 29 40 11.8  "Rising Parkange (Ing. 120nd 7.12 44 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	Pets Aug #1.PA Industries 10s. St. 13.7 +3.0 2.0 7.1 9.6 *** **PA Industries 10s. St. 13.7 +3.0 2.0 7.1 9.6 ************************************	FOOD, GROCERIES, ETC	Jan. John 1912 No	Oct. May 142 142 142 142 24 24 27 19 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142 142
Jon. July   Royal Bit, of Scentanol   345   7.12   12.7   4.0   5.0   6.7	May Nov Mosterdoine Rost. 270 28. 9 1 4 10.0	How Oct   Let Refrigeration   250   14.97   12.5   14.6   15.0	March Oct 4000 MF1 Group. 267 277 3.5 3.3 24 347 	Ang Feb 10 - Park 10p 221 221 22 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Aug Feb 18 Fep 10a 283 13.7 13.5 4.1 1.7 13.
Fb My Ag Ny Sec. Pacific \$10 2152   24.80 Q\$1.80   -6.2   - May Ozt Standard Chard. \$2.   515   24.8   35.0   1.9   9.3   6.4   March   158	July Oct 17 of Comm 10p 115 100 11 112 113 33 25 146	Hay Nov MRS 5p. 92 11.5 0.5 2.4 0.7 1. May Nov MRS 5p. 92 11.5 0.5 2.4 0.7 1. Jan Any MRS Diricht 998 2131 6712 2.7 2.4 19.8	Jan Oct 100 Group	Aup Feb Commisso Jet. 206 St. 7.32 5.53 1.49 8.81 7.23 htm fische Deuts Corp. USS1 2547, 25.81 0SL12 - 1.6 - 1	Apr. July Speer CLW1
Jun July   4TSR Charmel Islands, 1/44nd   22,12   5.4   4.6	DRAPERY AND STORES  Decorder Halas American 10p 70 Ell Halas Street 10p	Jan July HMMT Compating Spl 535 (23.11) 6.29 5.5 1.7 15.0 libry New Material Spl 263 281.9 2.8 4.0 1.6 21.9 October Material Spl 25 14.9 2.9 2.9 2.3 5.3 10.0 HMMT Corum In. 46 - 12.3 2.1 4.8 14.0	Apr. Oct. 10 Fr 100 00000 51 107070 14 14 71.5 Apr. Oct. 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Apr. Gol. Dynn. (4, 6, 1) 129 10.6 4.5 1.7 4.2 14.8 (a. W. 200 4.2 4.5 1.7 6.2 11.5 20.1 11.5 20.1 17.5 2.6 12.1 1	Nov May Stag Faculture
Jan Ap Jy Dr. Wetts Fargo 35 255 mil 2111 (852.00 4.3 Jan July Westner SA1 182 5.1 (22th 2.5 6.0 6.4 Apr Dat Whitness 20 4.3 L9 1171	Dec   Alletone   105	May Oct Medicrosite to 10s. 50 15.97 \$1.1 - \$1 - \$1.00 May Non Merces 10s. 10s. 56 17.85	Aug. Aug. 10 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0	July Dec. Eastern Prof. Str. 289 (9.11) 18.0 3.3 4.9 6.2 June Hectoric Holps, Sp. 75.0 18.6 4 4 4 6.2 Holps Sp. 19.0 18.6 4 4 6 6 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	February Starding Inds. 27-yp. 153 15.6 3.1 1.4 2.8 31 Apr Rev Starding. 200 9.11 120 2.6 6.8 6 Sept. Apr. Storetall Hills. 44 14.7 8
Hire Purchase, Leasing, etc.  -	Jan. June 1 democrates 5 27 211 123 17 12 553 Jan. June Doc Addey (Lares) 5 21 124 124 17 22 27 24 174	Francy Company 18s. 220-2 1278 -1 -1 -1 14.8 (c) 14.5 (c)	Apr. Oct. Deristand CS. & W.J. 922 93 14.0 gl.9 6.1 9.8	Homent Ferning   188   13.0   3.4	May Switch Bind AS T 508 200 29.4 (2004 6.5 2.7) 5 13.4 Tell. 2 1.0 14 2 1.
May Oct Corde's (Hoys) 102. 64 24.8 162.0 3.9 4.3 15.2 Corder Comb Lane Fin 50p. 147 11.9 11.35 8.2 1.1 11.4 May Cie B'cre Fr.100	Aproci Hagney 303 712 7840 41 1 16.9 May Oct Asserting (10s 11s 18s) 4.5 1.1 7 16.9 Salaygre (10s) 10s 183 - 82.4 3.2 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12.4 12	Copat Micro Foom 10a	February Rortback 10s. 257 1234 113.75 1.0 4.7 13.5 February Rortback 10s. 26 15.6 0.5 - 1.7 - Back Bres 10s. 144 23.11 12.2 4.4 1.8 16.1	Miny-New   Educa 13/1, SA1	Feb Oct Sylven State 2.17 7-16 2.1 4.4 12 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14
Mar July Lou. Scot. Fin. 10n 56ss 29.6 † hl.5 2.0 3.7 16.4 Feb Oct Prov. Fissocial	Oct Apr (-Besties (Wm) 5g. 113 144) 144.5 2.0 52 13.5 Jan. Hov. Bestiels (Dp. 153 28.9 1265 20 24 28.2 Fibt Set Grappin S. 134	tober edificrorites Su. 33 2438 122 22 52 124 edited Cop. 3 23 24 120 41 13 322 edited Cop. 3 23 2 23 2 24 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	MayOct Castory Schoopen. 254 (14.9) 16.7 2.11 3.4 (14.4) here line. Corry Schoopen. 1984 (2.12) 7.25 3.11 5.11 6.7 here line. Chrop Settle. 1894 (2.10) 2.79 3.13 3.11 6.7 here line. Chrop Settle. 1894 (2.10) 2.79 3.13 3.11 6.7	- Elizar AS BICSQ 55 22.A Elizardo 50 277-2 6/13 Bir Ja Se De Embert Corp. 51 2713 4.9 MG/PG 3.3	Oct. Apr.   Fresh. Compt. Indt.   405   29.8   1942   1.4   24   25   26   27   27   27   27   27   27   27
BEERS, WINES & SPIRITS	Haylor Leisne & 27-yı 221-x Heliantanık 10- 76 75-18 45 1.4 8.1 1.9 Aug Feb Body Shop int 50- 75 15-6 141.5 6.2 0.3 78.9	** (Market 20 78 11.9 1 4 3 2.6 12.0 13.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 14.0 14	February   Chestrie Wilsold Sq.   279   13.7   440.06   2.6   2.1   24.0   13.7   440.06   2.6   2.1   24.0   13.7   440.06   2.6   2.1   24.0   13.7   440.06   2.6   2.1   2.5   2.5   2.7   2	Sayt Size Sign, Office Characters 413 (20.4) 11.4 (20.4) 11.5 (20.4) 11.6 (20.4) 11.6 (20.4) 11.7 (20.	Jame Date: O'State Mile Rev. 280 9.11 15.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 2.0 1.0 1.0 2.0
July May Allico-Lyons	Feb. July Brenn Group SQu. 2304 2112 10.5 0.3 0.8 Feb. July Brenn Group SQu. 2304 2112 10.5 0.3 0.8 Feb. July Burton Group SQu. 2304 2112 727 2.8 4.2 11.4	1219   1229	July 100 receipts MRIE 100 110 Miles 21.22 5.25 1.46 6.9 10.7 10.0 10.7 10.7 10.7 10.7 10.7 10.7	Nov July   Secret   187   220   442   27   32   127	Apr Des. Frankly (Extract Sp. 1875m) 2210 1822 211 42 16 Apr Des. Franklis (F.H.) Sp. 257 18.0 3.0 4.0 12 13 Box. June Do Sápe ConColl (Fri. 133 23.13 5.6% 5.15
Jan Any Betheven	Mar Sept. Contors 20s	Heatman (Lock) 258 - 81.8 42 1.8 17.8 (ct. Heatman (Lock) 258 24.8 14.0 14.7 15.0 (bits Corp Prifring) 27.4 23.0 (17.4 2 2 3 - 17.5 )	The last Co Se 113 223 140 17 6,1122 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	in law feeter April 10 - 55 995 - 772 in law feeter April 10 - 55 995 - 772 5cgt tier feeter (J. N. 159 7.12 - 72 14 5 14.9	Jane Tope 17, 27, 31 27 27, 31 31 12 Jane 17, 32 31 31 12
Sept Nar Bulmer(N.P.) 5p. 172nd 21.12 15.77 1. 4. 11.9 Feb Aug Burto-mood Brewery 125 9.11 12.99 11 12 20.1 Apr. Oct.   Ohric (Matthew)	May Oct Church Man 5p	where Helman Hard 180 and 180	Jan Jeff Fill-Fiftis king	June, Dac. Herepatronic 20, 21, 1659	- Do. Warrants 23 1/76 a -
Am July Movement (1.A.) 5p. 3338ai 11 3.0 1 4 5 September Do 4.5pc Cv 2mPr. 2220 24 40-74 4 - Feb Asy (#Diringe, Pape 1/4" 333 27 773 4 4 6	- April Oct. Contribute Sp. 348 - R22 27 28 247 April Oct. Contribute Sp. 348 - R22 27 28 247 Janu Jan DANS Simpan W. 415 9111 86 54 28 88	- Bennies IIa 27 8 25	App Feb Presidente Front Sp. 9444 2.12 12 22 3.4 14.7 16.1 16.1 16.1 16.1 16.1 16.1 16.1 16	New Feb   Flooring C. S. W. 1184   117   45   4 56   4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	## 14.4   15.5   14.4   15.5   14.4   15.5
Aug Jan   H-Foller, Smith T. Al21.   485   27.77   15.11 486   1.4   19.3   July Feb   Greetrall Whistley	November   10x   Seen (Autre) 10x   35   1318   -   40.0	May 9-E terrustical 10s 245 6.4 13-1 3.9 2.8 12-4 Perk Holding 3s 59 0c. Pump & Gles bat 377 7.12 18-1 5.8 1.7 2.5	http://dx.icrego.20c	Nay Fee French (The Li Ma 93 937 121 5.2 1.5 13.7 Apr Feb French (The Li Ma 93 27.7 129 2.4 6.3 9.3 NCC Pier & French State 10 2.4 1.3 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4	Hay Jan   Totack Turner   250   2511   14   14   22   24   25   25   25   25   25   2
Ang March Coloners. 293 28.9 59.2 31 4.3 9.4 Jan July Do. Shar Can Pri. 99 11.5 3.75% - 8.0 - 10.0 Shar Can Pri. 99 11.5 3.75% - 7.0 -	AgriCot Discoss Green 10p. 22A 10.09 4.0 4.7 2.4 11.1 1	7 Jan Fertin Dice 4c. 25/79 93 179 -11.5 -1.5 -	July House Front Sp. 82 28.9 10.1 5.5 0.8 29.6 Nov May Rectard Front No. 275 28.9 10.1 3.1 2.8 16.3 Nov May Rectard Front No. 275 28.9 10.3 1.7 1.7 19.3 September Hybrid Clark LJ 4a. 223- 227. 10.1 19.3 3.0 23.1	Ar. Ser. Center. 177 10.6 11 3.0 12 2.3 Are Dec Lieve Sep. 200 2.3 Are Dec Lieve Sep. 200 12 2.3 Are Dec Lieve Sep. 200 2.3 Ar	October Unigroup 15p. 1756 11.6 51 0.9 51 10.9 51 10.0 52 11.0
Sim June Holptanid Dists. 20p. 90 2311 245 246 4.2 125 Oct May Inverportion Dists. 175 149 1525 28 4.1 11.9 Dec July Brish Distillers. 170ml 27.12 059.7% 6 4.1 6 Maratian Gleathert. 533 28.9 15.84 1.4 1.0 55.9	Amer Dec Ellis & Gold 15p	ne Dec Philips Fa. 52/k	May Nov Search (W.A.F.) 258 (230% JR 3.0 1.0 11.0 My Al Sep Beckmit No. 51.00 JR 232 13.5 M JR 3.0 1.0 11.0 My Al Sep Beckmit No. 51.00 JR 232 13.5 M JR 3.0 15.0 JR 27 3.0	- Cardon Hessel So 275 204.81 15.3 24: 24: 19.9 19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0	Apr Oct   Olistical Practicals   100   205   9.3   +13.25   3.8   1.9   128
Acq Oct Martingle Martin **_ 2115, 14.9 19.0 2.4 2.2 25.5 ian Sept Martin **_ 2115, 14.9 19.0 2.4 2.2 25.5 ian Sept Martin **_ 2115, 14.7 12.5 3.1 3.1 14.5 ian Oct Martin **_ 2115, 14.5 ian Martin **_	March Erro House Prob Sp. 230 11.49 16.25 2.1 2.4 21.3 May March Erro House Prob Sp. 230 11.49 16.25 2.1 2.4 21.3 May May March 11.1 Movember HPleids (Mrs.) 20.05. 127 14.9 14.4 Sc. 2.4 2.4 19.3 Jan. July Fine Art Devs. Sp. 234nt 21.12 15.5 2.5 1.2 13.9 Feb Oct Foundate No. 2.2 24.1 3.1 2.4 3.4 8.7 1.2 4.8 3.2 1.2 4.8 3.2 1.2 4.8 3.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.	Apr. Gct. 100. W 200	Feb Rey Lees (John J) Vig. 200 15.6 19.1 4.2 2.1 15.8 littly Jan. Lees (Wm.) 20p. 566 27.4 13.1 2.7 3.4 15.2 threather HMS Cost & Carry 10. 20. 12.5 13.5 14.5 2.4 6.0 8.2	- 464 Septem 10p. 222 27.4 W1.5.2 22 3.2 18.8 Newspher Septem 10p. 285 12.18 4.0 3.4 2.7 14.8 285 12.18 4.0 3.4 2.7 14.8 285 12.18 4.0 3.4 2.7 14.8 285 12.18 4.0 3.6 2.7 14.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2	Jan May Made Patts. 10: 148 211 44.75 4 13 Jan 10: 14.75 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
C. C	Jan May   Freeza Comparison Sp 130 712 6529 20 47 124	Hay Doc Presses Sa. 133 911 154 63 14 133 June 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 15	Apr. Nov. Meat Trade Sec. 223 (236 1 0.0 221 - May Nov. Meat Trade Sec. 225 (236 1 0.0 221 - May Nov. Meat Trade Sec. 225 (237 1 9.0 0.9 125 ). Sec. Con. May No. Sec. Con. May No. 1384 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Pale Ann. Residen 10: 100 2010 101.30 5.7 1.1 21.7 Pale 10: 10: 10: 10: 10: 10: 10: 10: 10: 10:	October   Muteriord Glean Sp. 71   2018/05/27   20, 43   7   10, 10   10   10   10   10   10   10
Feb Joby Scott & New Joby John July 172 3 4 104 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	May Nov Gent Card 10p 53 12.6 1.0 27 26/05/9 Gent Card 10p 53 12.6 1.0 27 26/05/9 Glamar Croup 10p 178 - 65 1.7 5.0 13.7	October Schaust 10p. 92 24.8 b0.91 21.3 1.4 6.6 October Schaust 10p. 203 14.8 14.75 3.5 3.2 12.4 Feb. Aug. Riccal Electrosics. 200 27.6 3.3 3.1 2.0 20.4 Aug Del De Parick 1200-10 21113-23.3 79.021.1 Red	How May   Red S (Vinan)   200   24.8   25   24.0   15.0   25   51   52   52   52   52   52   52	September Da. Stor La. 2007—12	Dec. Auto: Wheel Instantines Sq. 35 13.7 1.7 2.4 3.9 33 13.7 1.7 2.4 5.2 20 13.5 13.7 1.7 2.4 5.2 20 13.5 13.7 1.7 2.8 5.2 20 13.7 2.8 13.
BUILDING, TIMBER, ROADS	Ady Feb. Hothlerg (A)	October (Madeses Erp Sp. 98 54.9) 11.28 0 2.0 0	Jun Sept. Part Food 10a. 210 27.7 4.8 3.4 3.1 13.0	Jan John Do. 79-Pf 21	Feb. Aug. Whitecords
Jac. Any Control 195 24.8 pt.7 pt. 1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1	Mar: Dec. GUS A P15 24.10 (24.5 3.8 3.1 3.1 3.7 3.1 4.7 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1	October   First Time Cost. Sp.   87   13.7   62.0   2.9   3.1   55.1   159   12.10   2.9   2.5   4.5   2.1   3.4   2.5   13.6	Sept. Marr Merities Chain Blants. 77 92 18 0 33 0 May Dec. Physician Map. 72-39 92 28.4 Jan. July 1801M. 317 3311 449 27 23 133	aty New House Control 28 27 4 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Hay Hor William Systems 2p 39 1.6 11 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 1.5 0.1 1
May Get Homes 100, 396xs 7.12 21 0, 20.8 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	- Hong Robinson 100 224 7.12 LA.0 2.7 2.4 20.8 Apr Oct Holdas Grupp 5 43 24.0 12.7 12.5 1.0 12.7 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	Jan. Aug. 4 Ress 105 165 1. 123 2.1 2.9 17.9 May Dot 5TC 259 11.8 14.5 3.7 2.5 1.41 Aug Jan Scantronic 105 158 7.12 1612 3.8 1.1 20.0 May Ress. Scientific 610. 455 28.9 14.0 2.2 4.4 14.1	Jan July Romitice Sta. 47 7 7 11 1134 23 43 124 134 134 134 134 134 134 134 134 134 13	Dec. laby (Services) 10s. 485 573 91.18 24 14 37.2 Sup Feb (Senish) Core Service 1 123.1 41.1 20.4 Sup September Cores 23 23.0 41.2 24 24 13.5	July Nov Williams (1)
July Jac. 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Doc. June   Marse of Lerose   255   28.10   9.4   1.7 6.3   1.1   1.5   7.0   3.0   3.1   15.0   4.0	- WSetar's Tax Setters! 146 - 1	Feb Ang Salmens (Christian), (Mast 71" 1942 27 24 14.4 Feb Ang JaSimo Catering Sp. 425 24 14.4 144.4 22 12 410. Mare Mary Februarians (Mass. 48 14.5 24 14.5 30 0.7 1 18.9 kg 3.3 0.7 1 18.9 kg 3.4 0.7 1 18.9 1 18.	Nag Ham Sente: (1) 157 36.9 14 4 4 6.2 Contain Physics Sen. 10s. 255 4578 159 159.4	How, May Wester 100 143 28.9 (41.44 4.7 1.7 2.2 2.3 1.0 1.0 2.3 2.3 1.0 1.0 2.3 2.3 1.0 1.0 2.3 2.3 1.0 1.0 2.3 2.3 1.0 1.0 2.3 2.3 1.0 1.0 2.3 2.3 1.0 1.0 2.3 2.3 1.0 1.0 2.3 2.3 1.0 1.0 2.3 2.3 1.0 1.0 2.3 2.3 1.0 1.0 2.3 2.3 1.0 1.0 2.3 2.3 1.0 1.0 2.3 2.3 1.0 1.0 1.0 2.3 2.3 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
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May Ruin Bellerinch 10p	Jame Nov   Liber No.   1210   19.0   5.1   1.1   24.3   1.2   1.2   1.2   1.3	- Novembras 50	Jan July Bested Berofts	Dec. June Do. 252pc Cr La 1960. 92 JULI DULTU — (7.5 — 150mby George Sp. 133 — 150 JULI 13 37 153 Juli 140 JULI	Jan Oct   Vale & Vales   243   134   147   157
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### ECC has time on its side

**Bryant Group** 

THE PENSION fund at Bryant Group, the housebuilding, construction and property company, will soon have two new trustees, chosen by employees in a secret ballot last month.

Although the election had no direct connection to Bryant's

direct connection to Bryant's chief connection to Bryant's chief concern at the moment, a possible renewed takeover bid by English Chins Clays later this month, it illustrates the company's desire to keep all fences in good repair.

The Cornish-based industrial industrial controls over the con-

minerals, quarrying and construction group will be free to launch a new bid for Bryant on January 28, a year after its £187m contested offer fell just short with acceptances from 46.9. per cent of shares.

per cent of shares.

ECC, which has retained a 29.9 per cent stake in Bryant, steadfastly refuses to comment on its intentions. Speculation that it will try again, however, has boosted the price of Bryant's shares 80 per cent above ECC's might be placing their desire, as last offer and close to its peak of 148p just before the October crash. On Friday, the shares closed at 144p, to value Bryant at \$288m.

The election of employee representatives to the pension fund, to join three existing trustees

Authorised

£1,100,000

£1,028,646



Sir Alan Dalton, chairman of

The controversy helped to prompt an inquiry by the National Association of Pension Funds into the principle of self-investment. It is due to report its

to join three existing trustees who are also directors of the company, has more than a tangential bearing on a possible renewed bid by ECC.

Last January, the pension fund bought 1.27 per cent of Bryant, a small stake which played a role in the narrow escape far larger than the number of shares involved.

Involved. The due to report is findings shortly. The share purchases, then amounting to about 10 per cent of the fund's assets, won nearly unanimous support when trustees polled employees during the bid. But no candidate in the recent election is believed even to have mentioned the issue.

Mr Dave Boddy, a surveyor

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(Incorporated in England under the Companies Act 1929. No. 402578)

**ACQUISITION OF THE BFN GROUP** 

AND

**RIGHTS ISSUE OF 10,286,460** 

**CUMULATIVE REDEEMABLE CONVERTIBLE** 

PREFERENCE SHARES AT 166p PER SHARE

Share capital

Cumulative Redeemable Convertible

Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for the

grant of permission to deal in the Company's Ordinary and Cumulative Redeemable Convertible Preference share capital in the Unlisted

Securities Market. It is expected that dealings will commence on 14th

A Prospectus relating to Sharp & Law PLC is available in the Extel Unlisted Securities Market Service and copies of this document may be

obtained during normal business hours up to and including 13th January, 1988 from the Company Announcements Office. The Stock Exchange,

London EC2P 2BT and up to and including 3rd February, 1988 from:-

Ordinary shares of 10p each

Preference shares of 10p each

SHAIRIPALANY

who won out over four other candidates to represent Bryant's defenders comfortably exceed But Bryant, goes the argument, profits forecasts made during a can wait. Favourable opportunible but Bryant went one better, ties in the US may be more fleetand but Bryant went one better, ties in the US may be more fleetand but Bryant went one better, ties in the US may be more fleetand but Bryant went one better, ties in the US may be more fleetand but Bryant see any reason in principle why the pension fund shouldn't hold a prudent amount of Bryant the year to last May 30 reflected later this month is ECC'a finantic to only the general buoyancy of cial situation. Since last January, house prices, but also Bryant's it has moved from a net cash steady creen towards the more residue.

to have mentioned the issue.

Treflects more than the recent bid

Mr Dave Boddy, a surveyor

speculation. Most successful

Issued and

to be issued

£874,596

£1,028,646

Sharp & Law PLC

**BRADFORD BD8 8BD** 

Carlisle Mills

Carlisle Road

which ECC paid \$73m (\$40m) late last year.

ECC is unswayed from its eventual desire to move into the really big league in UK house-building, by adding Bryant's superior landbank and more upmarket operation to its own housebuilding business which is still too dependent on first-time and, the barely tastefully described, last-time buyers. Bryant is expected to sell 2,400 units in the current year, against 1,300 the current year, against 1,300 for ECC.

sterling, but perhaps not going that much lower, BZW argues that this could be an ideal time to make more US acquisitions such as J.L. Shiely, the Minneso-

ta-based aggregates group for which ECC paid \$73m (\$40m)

shares.

Employees in the south elected Mr Colin Godfrey, land manager in charge of acquisitions in the Thames valley, from a field of three. Overall, 70 per cent of eligible fund members took part in the poil.

The performance of Bryant's shares, meanwhile, has banished most doubts about the fund's sinvestment. The value of the stake has risen in a turbulent year from \$2.2m to \$3.7m.

Bryant's 60 per cent out-performance of the FT All Share reflects more than the recent bid steady creep towards the more position to manageable gearing prosperous south-east from its of about 22 per cent.

Mrdlands base. Profits from its of about 22 per cent.

A 175p bld, for example, would the centre of Birmingham came through more quickly than cent it does not already own, would lift ECC's gearing to 50.

The Pavillons, bowever, is one per cent, a much less comfort-reason Barclays de Zoete Wedd, able position in an uncertain of coincidentally stockbroker to launch a bid for Bryant at the Bryant at ECC can afford—and is willing—to wait, first opportunity.

BZW expects Bryant to take all the more position to manageable gearing prosperous south-east from its of about 22 per cent.

A 175p bld, for example, would the £245m to pay for the 70 per cent, it does not already own, would lift ECC's gearing to 50.

The Pavillons, bowever, is one per cent, a much less comfort-reason Barclays de Zoete Wedd, able position in an uncertain of coincidentally stockbroker to launch a bid for Bryant at the Bryant share price is likely to lose some of its bid premium and make the predator's even-

the Bryant share price is likely to lose some of its bid premium in the remaining profits from the and make the predator's eventual task that much easier.

perhaps \$10m of the \$39m pretax total forecast by the broker. ECC might be reluctant, BZW pressure on Bryant ECC will be argues, to pay a premium for control in a year when such a large proportion of profit is non-recurring.

Moreover, although house-builders like Bryant have had a good run in the market, post-October uncertainty has led most analysts toward the view that the ceiling is low and the cellar is deep. Again, a handsome price in the spring could look foolish pot the autumn if house prices fail to live up to the bullish forecasts of estate agents and mortages lenders.

Thwarted on Bryant last January to lose some of its bid premium to lose some of its bid premium and make the predator's eventual task that much easier.

The passage of January 28, therefore, will not reduce the pressure on Bryant except.

The passage of January 28, therefore, will not reduce the pressure on Bryant passage of January 28, therefore, will not reduce the pressure on Bryant passage of January 28, therefore, will not reduce the pressure on Bryant passage of January 28, therefore, will not reduce the pressure on Bryant passage of January 28, therefore, will not reduce the pressure on Bryant passage of January 28, therefore, will not reduce the pressure on Bryant passage of January 28, therefore, will not reduce the pressure on Bryant passage of January 28, therefore, will not reduce the pressure on Bryant passage of January 28, therefore, will not reduce the pressure on Bryant passage of January 28, therefore, will not reduce the pressure on Bryant passage of January 28, therefore, will not reduce the pressure on Bryant passage of January 28, therefore, will not reduce the pressure on Bryant passage of January 28, therefore, will not reduce the pressure on Bryant passage of January 28, therefore, will not reduce the pressure on Bryant passage of January 28, therefore, will

where, especially to the US, Bryant's table, having tracked where it has great ambitions to clay across the carpet. It may be assemble a construction aggregates empire.

With the dollar lower against hand:

### Thorpac down but takes steps to hold position

ALTHOUGH THE Thorpac said they had invested in a new Group suffered a setback at mid-range of sleeve packaging for the way, the directors are confident semi-disposable range of cookthat measures being taken will ware for much improved store that measures being taken will ware for much improved store enable it to maintain its domi-nant position and ensure contin-. Additionally, a completely

haso, it has entered the held of bar and catering supplies, where it sees opportunities for profitable growth, by agreeing to acquire JTS Manufacturing.

Thorpac, quoted on the USM and engaged in the distribution of deep freeze packaging and microwave cookware, enjoys the bulk of its profits from second half trading.

half trading.

Nevertheless, in the aix months ended September 30 1987 it saw turnover fall from \$1.92m to \$1.78m and pre-tax profit from \$93,000 to \$72,000 as a result of extremely flat con-sumer demand in the opening four months, coupled with flerce competitive activity in the

microwave cookware sector.

Earnings were slightly reduced to 0.55p (0.56p) and the interim dividend is again 0.333p.

The directors expressed their optimism for the future of the core microwave cookware and freezer packaging business, and

Also, it has entered the field of freezer range will be launched ar and catering supplies, where early this year. There was also to sees opportunities for profitbe a major strengthening of the

Sales team.

Consideration for the acquisi-Consideration for the acquisition of JTS is the issue of 700,000
ordinary and \$300,000 7.5 per
cent convertible cumulative preference shares; there is also
\$100,000 of 6 per cent convertible unsecured loan stock on
which the maximum number of
shares that can be issued on full
conversion is 600,000.

Assets of JTS were valued at \$147,000. In the year ended April 30 1987 it made profits of \$151,000 before salary and rent. Mr Paul Bowskill will continue to run the business and will join the Thorpac board on completion of the deal.

#### Bio-Isolates rights attracts only 52%

By Heather Farmbrough

Bio-Isolates, the loss-incurring USM company which produces protein from the milk product whey, said that only 52 per cent of its two-for-nine rights issue had been taken up, leaving the balance with the underwrit-

ers.

The company also said that it had completed the acquisition of a further 25 per cent share in the US company, Le Sueur isolates, taking its holding up to 75 per cent. The underwriters include Mr Richard Koch and Mr Christopher Rechard Forthers of the topher Rechnie, partners of the LEK management consultancy, who will take up 6.62 and 6.78 per cent respectively of the new 27.5p shares.

Mr Koch was asked to be a non assemble director of Bio Jeoletes.

executive director of Bio-Isolates by Hill Samuel, the company's merchant banker. He had previously looked at the company as a prospective acquisition for a cli-

ent.
Bio-Isolates has had several rights issues since its listing on the USM five years ago and has still to report a profit. The latest issue raised \$1.4m cash, and to help rationalise its corporate structure and maximise its ability to take up UK tax losses.
The shares closed at 28p on Friday.

The following securities have been added to the Share Infor-mation Service.

Allied Restaurants (Section:

#### **Evered lifts** holding in Henderson to 23.6%

By Heather Farmbrough

Evered Holdings has increased its holding in the Henderson Group, indus-trial doors and security trial doors and security products company, from 22.8 per cent to 23.57 per cent, valuing its holding at \$17.2m. Robert Fleming, the merchant bank which has been Evered's advisor, bought 175,600 shares in the market on Friday morning at 2200.

the market on Friday morning at 330p.

Raschid and Osman
Abdullah, the brothers who
head Evered, were unavailable for comment. Henderson has previously said that
it wishes to remain independent. However, Evered has
held "a friandly management meeting" with Henderson at the latter's Romford
headquarters.

Following a series of dis-posals by Evered, analysts believe the company may launch a cash bid for Hen-derson, which is capitalised at 272m

Henderson is expected to report pre-tax profits of £6.4m for the year to February, compared with £4.42m in 1987, and to make £8m the following year. This would value the company on a prospective p/e of fifteen times for 1988/9, compared with Evered's rating of £2 times for the year to December 31, 1967. Henderson is expected to December 31, 1987.

#### Arco raises Britoil stake

Atlantic Richfield, the US oil company, amounced the purchase of 3.5m more shares of Britoil, the UK independent, raising its stake from 22.24 per cent to

22.93 per cent.

The shares were purchased at 445p, just below the 450p-per-share price at which BP plans to bid for

#### Capital Radio shares rise

Shares in Capital Radio, London's independent radio station, closed 8p up at 170p, following Friday's annual meeting, the first since the company went public last February. At the meeting chairman Sir Richard Attemborough

told shareholders that last year's increase in business had continued into the carrent financial year. Adver tising revenue was up by 17 tember 30 1987.

The Council

Resettlement

Option 1988/1996

Interest Amount

Agent Bank

Interest

Period:

Floating Rate Notes with Interes

per annum

Jan. 11, 1988

to July 10,

1988

DM 10,000 -: DM 180.10

DM 100,000 -: DM 1,801.04

Payable on: July 11, 1988

Trinkaus & Burkhardt KGaA

Lloyds

Eurofinance N.V.

(Incorporated in the Netherlands with Insteed looking)

£50,000,000

Covernment Secs. .

FT-Act All Share ...

Fixed Interest ...

Interest Rate: 39/16%

of Europe

Fund

### TR Technology unveils plans for settling dispute

TR Technology, a Touche Remnant investment trust, yesterday unveiled its plans for settling a dispute with Firmandale, a Jersey-based company which has 27 per cent of the equity, over the future direction of the trust.

The plan, which is aimed at reducing the gap between the asset value of the trust's shares and the price at which they are quoted 10-year Investment trust, TR Global Technology, which would be split level and a unit trust. These would take 45 per cent and 28 per cent of the assets respectively.

The Technology, a Touche by Firmandale which would create a split level fund and give Berkeley a share in the management. TR opposes this, partly because it says it would cause a conflict of interest for Berkeley.

Last month the trust's management won a High Court order barring Firmandale from voting its stake because of "dissatisfaction (by TR Technology) with the response received from its investigation" into the ownership of Firmandale.

Firmandale which would create a split level fund and give Berkeley a share in the management. TR opposes this, partly because it says it would cause a conflict of interest for Berkeley.

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Firmandale which would cause a conflict of interest for Berkeley.

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Firmandale which would create a split level fund and give Berkeley a share in the management. TR opposes this, partly because it says it would cause a conflict of interest for Berkeley.

respectively.

The remaining 27 per cent would be placed in a fund which would be managed separately by Berkeley Govert, the fund management compeny which advises Firmandale. Included in this would be a large proportion of the 11 per cent stake which TR Technology holds in Berkeley.

TR's proposal has been formular to the large proposal would not be able to go through without Firmandale's approval.

TR's proposal has been formuthrough ated as an alternative to a plan approval.

Firmandale was not consulted by TR Technology about the trust's plan and last night Mr Arther Truegar, Firmandale chairman, had not seen a copy of the letter to shareholders.

### Stonehill acquisition to boost recovery

BY DAVID WALLER

Stonehill Holdings, the loss- ling stake in the company to Mr making furniture company, is James Buchanan, a Jersey-based taking a further step towards recovery with the acquisition of the David Hicks Group, a design

The latest transaction, put

company, for \$1.72m in shares.

The purchase follows a \$3.2m deep discount rights issue in November which gave a control-

#### **BOARD MEETINGS**

The following companies have notified detail of board meetings to the Stock Exchange. Such meetings are usually held for the purpose of considering distribute. Official inclusions are not available as to whether the chedyings are interiors of tents and the sub-following before the control of the purpose.

#### PENDING DIVIDENDS

Dates when some of the more important company dividend statements may be expected in the next few weeks are given in the following table. The dates shown are those of last year's announcements except when the forthcoming board meetings (indicated thus ") have been officially notified. Dividends to be declared will not necessarily be at the sounts in the column headed "Announcement last year."



### RoyScot XX Trust

RoyScot Trust plc

#### £100,000,000

Sterling Certificate of Deposit Issuance Facility Arranged by

Charterhouse Bank Limited

Dealers Charterhouse Bank Limited Baring Brothers & Co., Limited Cater Allen Limited Gerrard & National Limited S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd Issuing and Paying Agent Charterhouse Bank Limited



#### **Bennett & Fountain Group PLC** (Incorporated in England under the Companies Acts 1862 to 1900. No. 84236 introduction of the whole of the issued abere capital to the Official List

Share capital

14,000,000 Ordinary shares of 10p each The principal activities of the Group are the wholesale and retail of electrical goods and domestic appliances through a national network of over 100 branches.

branches.

Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for the admission to the Official List of the whole of the issued ordinary share capital of Bensent & Fountain Group PLC formerly dealt in on the Unlisted Securities (Market. Listing Particulars relating to the Company are available in the statistical services maintained by Extel Financial Limited. Dealings are expected to commence on 14th January, 1988.

11,736,874

Phillips & Drew Limited 120 Moorgate London

ECOM GVP

Copies of the Listing Particulars may be obtained during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturdays and public holidays accepted) up to and including Monday, 25th January, 1988 from:

Bennett & Fountain Group PLC Morris House 182 High Street Kent BR3 1EJ

January, 1988, from The Company Announceme Exchange, Thrognorton Street, London ECZP 281.

·	FINA	NCIAL	TIME	S STOC	K INB	ICES			
Jan. B	Jan.	Jan.	Jan.	-	Dec.	High	67/88 Low	Since Co	
87.38	87.82	87.76	88.37	88.47	88.49		83.73		49.18
94.14	91.23		94.72		95.07	99.12	90.23	105.4	50.53
1424.5	3434.5	1438.0	1437.1				1232.0	1926.2	
308.6	512.5		~1077						43.5
904.43	908.49	908.21		886.50	870.22	1298.5	784.81	1238.57	61.92
2773A	1787.2	1787.1	1789.6	1747:5	1712.7				

NZ \$425,000,000 Floating Rate Notes 1992

**Shearson Lehman Securities** 

LONDON EC2M 7HA

One Broadgate

11th January, 1988

8th April, 1988 will amount to NZ \$202,568.49 per NZ \$5,000,000 Note.

Agent Bank: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York,

Cayman Islands Branch

**BANK OF NEW ZEALAND** 

per annum.

For the three months 8th January, 1988 to 8th April, 1988 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 16.25 per cent. Interest payable on the relevant interest payment date,



### The Kingdom of Belgium

Tranche A: U.S. \$150,000,000 Floating Rate Notes Due 1996 Tranche B: US \$250,000,000 Floating Rate Notes Due 2011

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the Intarest Penod 11th January, 1988 to 11th July, 1988 tha Notas will bear interest as follows: Tranche A at 71/2%, intarest payable on 11th July, 1988 will amount to U.S.\$3,791-67 per U.S.\$100,000 Note. Tranche B at 7-53%, interest payable on 11th July, 1988 will amount to U.S.\$9,517-08 per U.S.\$250,000 Note.

Agent Bank:

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York

#### TO THE HOLDERS OF **ELDERS INVESTMENTS LIMITED** Warrants to subscribe for Shares of the Company

The Hongkong and Shanghai

Banking Corporation

U.S.\$400,000,000

PRIMARY CAPITAL UNDATED FLOATING RATE NOTES

Notice is hereby given that the Plate of Interest has been fixed at 7.5%, and that the interest payable on the relevant interest Payment Date April 11, 1986 in respect of \$5,000 nominal of the Notee will be \$54.79 and in respect of \$100,000 nominal of the Notee will be \$1,895.83.

Jenuary 11, 1989, London By: Citibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank CITIBANCO

dealings in the Warrants on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited has been fixed for 18th January, 1988. Dealings in the Warrants on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited will be in board lots of denominations of US\$ 740 representing rights to subscribe 200 shares (on

be issued in bearer form in exchange for the Temporary Global Warrant. As from such date Warrants may be exercised to subscribe for shares of the Company.

January 7, 1988

### Notice is hereby given that the first day of

the basis of the initial subscription price). On 12th January 1988, definitive Warrants will

> Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York **Brussels Office** As Warrant Agent

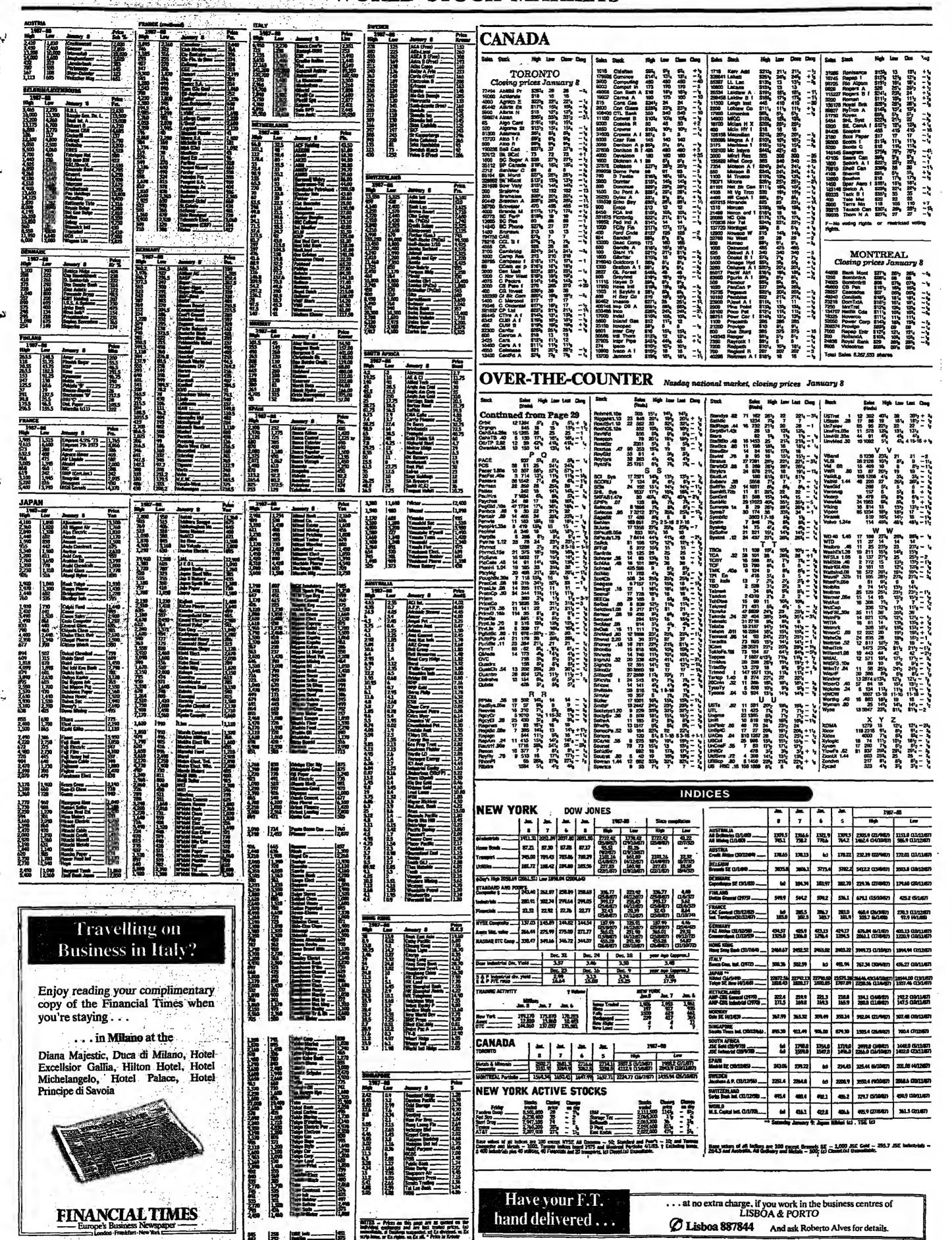
Guaranteed Sterling/LIS Dallar Payable Flooting Rate Notes due 1990 For the six months January 3, 1988 in July 8, 1988 the Notes will carry an intraest rate of 9.625% p.a. Coupon Amount of U.S. \$87.14 payable on July 8, 1988 against Coupon No. 16. Ciribenic, N.A. (CSSI Dept.)

#### **FT Share Service**

Allied Restaurants (Section: Hotels). Gaelic Resources (Oils). Nationwide Anglia Building Society 10 4/2 per cent 12.9.88, 16% per cent 26.9.88, and 10 3/2 31.10.88 (Loans). Nestor-BNA (Industrials). Staks Holdings (Third Market).

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#### WORLD STOCK MARKETS



Continued on Page 29

| Seed | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. | 19. 

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**FINANCIAL TIMES** 

Because we live in financial times.



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Continued on Page 27

**EUROPEAN OPTIONS EXCHANGE** 

24

### **CURRENCIES, MONEY & CAPITAL MARKETS**

#### **FOREIGN EXCHANGES**

### Economists continue to look for a dollar fall

176 447 221 -0.75 543 -4.70 -1.37 -0.35 543 -4.70 -5.37 -5.35 -5.35 -5.35 -5.35 -6.3

176 1.168 1.267 1.267 1.267 1.274 1.274 1.274 1.275 1.

Yes FFr. SFr. H.FL Lira C\$ EFr.

1125

337

1531

1.447 5.374

2792 1212

1000

945.2 3510

0.777

2.303 0.951

1.058

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DOLLAR SPOT- FORWARD AGAINST THE DOLLAR

**EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES** 

8,81

233 128.9

100.5 373.1

7.760 12.00

1795 Z962 0.742 1224

0.298 0.539 0.889 69.43 0.456 0.825 1.361 106.3

쓹

3.376 0.517 43.22 10.46

3.001 0.726 4.974 1.112

1051

10.

4.342 16.12

By Colin Millham					
FORECASTS FOR 1988 indicate another strong performance from Japan, sluggish growth in West Germany, and considerable doubt about the US and UK.  Nomura Research Institute says the performance of Japan underlines its astonishing ability to adapt to the rising yen.	Nomura sees the dollar falling to Y115 by the end of the first quarter, and after recovering to Y120 by the middle of the year falling back to Y115 by the end of 1988.  Credit Suisse First Boston expects the dollar to be around Y120 to Y122 in the first quarter but adds "We strongly suspect	sances in the world economy.  Kleinwort Grieveson puts German growth at no more than 1.7  p.c. this year, end expects the dollar to have fallen to DM1.50 by the end of 1988. Nomura agrees with this figure, while James Capel forecasts DM1.55.	The merchant bank suggests the dollar will fall below DM1.50, and will head down towards Y100.  CSFB forecasts that share prices in the US and UK will test.	1988 will provide a turbule environment with sharp react to news. Baring Brothers fe another crash in equity pri-	nt account deficit; interest rates on (which are now expected to are rise); sterling (which may fall against currencies other than the dollar); and oil prices (which could fall to \$14 to \$16 a barrel according to Morgan Grenfell
Growth is forecast to be 3.8 p.c. in 1988, compared with 3.9 p.c. last year.  Kleinwort Grieveson Securities expects growth unchanged at 3.9 p.c. this year, slowing to 2.9 p.c. in 1989. Kleinwort does not expect any great movement in interest rates, commenting that in the short term the fragility of equity and foreign exchange	the dollar to be higher by the end of the year than the end of the first quarter." Lloyds Bank predicts that central bank intervention will give only temporary strength to the dollar, which is forecast to fall to Y112 by midyear. As far as West Germany is concerned Lloyds Bank suggests growth of less than 25 p.c. this	DM1.43 by the middle of the year.  CSFB is out of line with other forecasters, seeing the dollar at DM1.51 to DM1.57 at the end of the first quarter, but improving by the end of the year.  Baring Brothers is not optimistic about the prospects for the US. Growth is seen at around 1	Calibrate Col.   Fortunes Options	INFE US TREASURY BORB PRIBRES SPTM Strice Mar Jon Mrs Lest Price Mar Jon Mrs Lest 22 526 517 0.34 1.22 84 3.48 4.00 0.56 2.00 85 2.20 2.60 1.28 3.02 88 1.19 2.05 2.27 4.11 90 0.40 1.28 3.48 5.34 90 0.40 1.28 3.48 5.34 90 0.40 1.28 3.48 5.34 90 0.40 1.28 7.71 90 0.40 1.28 7.71 90 0.40 1.28 7.71 90 0.40 1.28 7.71 90 0.40 1.28 7.71 91 0.29 7.18 8.48 92 0.20 0.41 5.28 7.71 94 0.10 0.39 7.18 8.48 94 0.10 0.39 7.18 8.48 94 0.10 0.39 7.18 8.48 94 0.10 0.39 7.18 8.48	Strike Calib-Last Peter Lan Feb Last Price Lan Feb Last Lan Feb Last Peter Lan Feb Last Lan Last Last Last Last Last Last Last Last
markets will keep monetary policy easy, but that the Bank of Japan is clearly uncomfortable, and will prefer to let the yen rise, rather than risk inflation with lower interest rates at a time of strong growth.  2 IN NEW YORK	year, and that other Continental countries are even worse placed, because of balance of payments constraints. The conclusion is that Europe is not doing enough to boost growth, and that it is too easy to heap blame on the EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY U	looks for 2 p.c., falling to 1.1 p.c. in 1989. But Baring Brothers suggests the US will be unable to fund its current account deficit, without a further fall in the value of the dollar, and that	LIFTE C5 OPTIMES  225,500 (nexts per E1)  Strike Price Jun Feb Mar Jun	Patr-Lant In Strike In	
£ Soot 1.8185-1.8195   1.7975-1.7985	central against in the same against in the sam	from Diversence	PHILADELPHIA SE RIS OPTIONS 612,500 (costs per EL)	LIFFE- ENGAROLL Stan paints of 100%	S SECTIONS
1 month	Belgian Franc 42.4580 43.22 Quinth Krone 7.85212 7.939 German D-Mark 2.05863 2.065 French Franc 6.90403 6.976 Dutch Guilder 2.31943 2.3324 Irish Pomt 0,768411 0,7776 Italian Lira 1483.58 1537.	63 +034 -0.43 ±1.09±1 10 +1.04 +027 ±1.3574 04 +0.11 -0.66 ±1.5012 49 +1.20 +0.43 ±1.66,84	Strike Calif-Last Price Jan 6th 1270 Aug 1770 Au	Pote-Last Stella	Cdb-last Pat5-last bin Sep Duc Har Jun Sep Duc A5 228 - 0.00 0.04 0.17 - 22 227 - 0.00 0.06 0.21 - 0.99 1.86 1.75 0.00 0.08 0.25 0.44 0.76 1.46 1.57 0.01 0.10 0.30 0.51 0.55 1.47 1.39 0.02 0.14 0.36 0.38 0.34 1.29 1.22 0.03 0.03 0.18 0.47 0.47 0.15 0.23 0.16 0.25 0.76
Jan.S Previous	Changes are for Ecu, therefore positive change denote	s a weak currency	1875 20 105 145 230 440 1900 30 0.75 135 220 170	9.65 10.15 11.65 91.25 139	34 111 107 205 023 030 0.76

Previous day's open int: Calls 569,721. Puts 331,796. Previous day's suitane: Calls 11,586. Puts 16,020. Estimated volume total, Calls 8 Pots 115 -Previous day's sore lot: Calls 180 Pots 559 CHICAGO 106.22 106.05 106.24 108.24 93.91 93.64 93.29 Prev. 90.83 90.64 90.64 90.26 90.26

200 137 137 137 148 17 ha50 8

TOTAL VOLUME OF CONTRACTS : 11,271

55198748XX 134

ABH Bank	BAS	ELENDING	RATES
Rank of Opens   SP2   Grindings Bank   SP2   Boily 7 rest Rank Pt   SP2	Bank	Chisant RA	Hat B. of Kampit
Berchant Tet Lid St C. Barre & Co. St Sample St Members of the Accepting Hore Berlium Bank AG So Handson & Shangh St Committee. * 7 day deposits 3.50 Brit Bt of Hild East St Lid St Hegical Bank Lid St Sample St S	Stage Stade	Hill Samel	a Members of the Accepting House Committee. * 7 day deposits 3.50% Success 6.16% Top Teo-22,500 + at 3 months statics 7.81%. At call when 210,000 + remains deposited. & Mortgage have need. § Demand deposit 2,40%. Mortenan 10% 10 20%.

#### FT – ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

Jointly compiled by the Financial Times, Goldman, Sachs & Co., and Wood Mackenzie & Co. Ltd., in conjunction with the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

Dec	90.69	=	90.7Z	NATIONAL AND REGIONAL MARKETS		FRIO	TANKAR YA	2 1968	: .	THURS	DAY JANUA	RY 7 1988	D	KLAR INI	EX
Estimated Volume Provided Stay's op U.S. TREASURY \$180,000 \$2-44	m W. 25689 (252)	75)	_	Figures in purentheses show number of stocks per grouping	US Dollar isalex	Day's Change	Pound Sterling Ladex	Local Currency Index	Gross Div. Yield	US Dollar Index	Pound - Sterling Index	Chrency Index	1967/88 High	1987/88 Low	Year ago (approx)
Min- Jun. Estimated Volum	Com High 87-25 88-62 86-26	8 II	88-19 87-20	Australia (93) Austria (16) Belgium (48) Canada (127) Denmark (38)	100.80 94.54 104.87 114.63 114.24	-11 -03 +05 -10 +02	82,66 77,53 85,99 94,00 93,68	95.01 81.26 89.48 106.70 98.58	4.74 2.58 5.29 2.91 3.00	101.92 94.83 104.37 115.74 114.02	83.21 77.42 85.21 94.49 93.08	96.09 80.84 88.67 107.86 97.66	180.81 102.87 134.89 141.78 124.83	85,36 85,53 94,63 98,15 96,18	204.88 97.49 97.51 205.68 104.01
CURRENCY	FUTURES		_	Fioland (23) France (124) West Germany (94) Hong Kong (46) Ireland (14)	110.45 84.83 75.16 94.30 110.23	+0.8 -0.1 +0.7 +0.3 +1.4	90.57 69.56 61.64 77.33 90.39	93.74 74.15 64.50 94.13 96.59	1.58 3.99 2.88 5.58 4.70	- 109.61 84.95 74.66 94.04 108.76	89.48 69.35 60.95 76.77 88.79	92,47 73,82 63,60 93,85	121.82 104.93 158.68	77.39 68.91 73.92	101.65 94.20 100.50
Sept. 1.8160		6-cerb. 18026	17896	Italy (94) Japan (457) Malaysia (36) Mexico (14)	76.86 140.38 119.06 95.61	-11 -0.6 -0.4 -1.7	63.03 115.11 97.63 78.40	69.63 114.51 116.01 234.68	2.75 0.61 3.22 1.51	77.71 141.19 119.49 97.25	63.44 125.26 97.55 79.40	94.56 69.99 114.68 116.45 238.71	160.22 112.11 161.28 193.64 422.59	93.50 72.04 100.00 93.76 95.61	103.42 97.22 101.83 102.57
Mar Am Sop	Clear Had 18060 18070 17775 18040 17775 17772	L7930 L7855 L7798	1 1000 1 1796 1 1792	Netwriand (37) New Zestand (24) Norway (24) Singapore (25) South Africa (6IJ	101.43 76.28 114.02 104.47 137.52	+0.2 +0.6 +2.5 -2.1 -0.9	83.17 62.55 93.50 85.67 112.77	85.90 62.79 98.16 98.09	5.24 5.23 2.78 2.47	100.19 75.80 111.19 106.74	82.61 61.88 90.77 87.14	85.05 62.40 95.49 100.02	131.41 138.99 185.01 174.28	.87.70 73.39 95.51 81.21	99.65 99.43 102.01 105.11
Marie 1	Ches High 1,8072 1,8060 1	1,040	Pres. 1.7981 1.7908 1.7852	Spata (43) Sweden (34) Switzerland (53) United Kingdom (531)	135.31 100.30 83.16 132.26	+1.0 -23 +1.3 -1.0	110.95 82.24 68.19 108.46	93.95 115.37 88.53 69.58 108.46	4.54 3.50 2.59 2.39 4.30	136.74 134.00 102.64 82.08 133.63	113.27 109.40 83.80 67.01 109.09	94.79 113.50 90.11 68.06 109.09	198.09 168.81 136.64 111.11 162.87	100.00 100.00 88.50 73.65 99.65	106.06 106.78 96.70 100.69 103.90
Sep Estimated volume Previous day's op	17 (110) en 14. 171 (126)	_		USA (589) Europe (973) Pacific Basia (682) Euro—Pacific (1655)	99.48 103.99 137.03 123.86	-6.4 -0.6 -0.5 -6.1	81.57 65.27 112.37 101.57	99.48 87.81 112.81 102.80	3.72 3.86 0.84 1.86	106.26 104.39 137.82 124.49	85.22 112.51 101.63	87.65 113.00 102.85	137.42 130.02 158.77 143.65	92.25 100.00 100.00	107.12 100.37 101.90 101.29
Thursday on the US UK retai will also b County No	il prices for e published atWest and	Dece	mber riday.	North America (71.6) Europe Ex. UK (642) Pacific Ex. Japan (225) World Ex. US (1857) World Ex. UK (2115) World Ex. So. Af. (2385) World Ex. Japan (2989)	100.28 86.45 96.63 123.67 112.55 114.15 101.82	-6.1 +0.2 -0.6 -0.5 -2.7 -2.6 -3.8	82.23 70.90 79.24 101.41 92.29 93.61 83.49	99.91 74.80 91.82 102.95 101.03 101.76 95.50	3.67 3.45 4.89 1.93 2.32 2.51 3.79	106.77 86.26 97.17 124.33 115.72 117.17 105.88	87,16 70,43 79,33 101,50 94,47 95,65 86,44	106.37 74.14 92.33 103.05 103.59 104.14 99.11	137.55 111.97 164.03 143.38 138.82 139.47 134.22	91.68 78.89 82.92 100.00 100.00 92.98	107.05 98.20 102.46 103.70 103.70 104.61
annual r	Research e	latio		The World Index (2446)	114.30	-26	93.73	101.73	252	117.31	95.77	104.11	139,73	100.00	103.72

Sone values: Dec 53, 1986 = 190; Finland: Dec 53, 1987 = 115,037 (US 5 Indeed, 90.79). (Peend Starling) and 94,94 (Local). Copyright, The Financial These, Soldinan, Sachs & Co., Wood Mackende & Co., Led.1987 C. College of These, Soldinan, Sachs & Co., Wood Mackende & Co., Led.1987 C. College of The Colleg

### Close STERLING INDEX 7522 7522 7533 753 753 POUND SPOT- FORWARD AGAINST THE POUND

2.00 pm	$\equiv$	753	753
3.00 pm		753	753
4.00 pm		753	753
CURREN	CY R	ATES	
Jan.8	Back	Special	European
	rate	Drawing	Carrency
	%	Rights	Unit
Sterling U.S. Dollar Dollar St. Dollar Canedian 8 Austrian Sch. Belglas Franc Daneith Krone Deutsche Mark Neth. Euflder Freuch Franc Japanese Yen Norway Krone Spanish Peseta Swedish Krona Swedish Krona Swedish Krona	8.75 7.72 122 122 122 122 122 123 124 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	0.760160° 1.37931 1.7760 15.9297 N/A 8.70689 2.26317 N/A 7.64620 N/A 10.76000 154.237 8.20138 N/A	0.492418 1.24774 1.60347 14.5636 43.2279 7.93948 2.06563 2.32254 6.97610 1517.87 161.956 7.92314 141.745 1.49006

ten 30w rates int ones	
CURRENCY	MOVEMENTS

Back	Bank of England Index	Margin Suaranty Changes %
Seeyling U.S Dollar Canadian Dollar Austrian Schilling Belgian Franc Dausich Krone Dausich Krone Deutsche Mark Serisa Franc Gentider French Franc Ura	75.3 94.1 78.2 141.9 101.2 94.3 150.8 180.8 192.1 72.6 47.6 236.6	-18.7 -12.4 -8.6 +10.8 -1.4 +3.0 +23.5 +26.1 +15.9 -12.8 -18.6 +77.5

982=100. 975=1007.	Bank of	ingland lad	es (6ase	
OTUE:	o file	DENC	EC	

OTHER CURRENCIES						
Jan.B	٤	\$				
Argentina Australia Bracil Bracil Fisland Greece Hong Korny Iran KoreatSth) KoreatSth Limmsboog Malyria Mexico N, Zealand Sand Sand Ar Sitospore S. At (Cm) S. At (Cn) Talwan	9.4620-9.7175 2.5530-2.554 133.440-134.220 7.2825-7.295 234-95-291.5 14.0065-14.0195 127.105 14.0065-14.0195 127.105 14.0065-14.0195 127.105 14.0065-14.0195 1	5.2500.5.3000 1.4165-1.4175 74.775-74.445 4.0430-4.045 130.45-133.15 7.7735-7.7775 788.70-795.10 02.405-0.27415 34.50.34.60 2.5275-2.525 2220.00.2240.00 1.5490-1.5515 3.7950-3.75150 2.0350-2.0000 1.94645-1.9725 3.0770-3.1745 2.445-28.55				
UAE	6.6250-6.6310 "Selling rate	3,6725-3,6735				

#### FORWARD RATES

AGAINST STERLING								
	Spot	nth	2 meths	6 miles	12			
US Dollar D-mark Freuch Fr. Swiss Fr. Yau	1.8070 2.9825 10.070 2.4375 233.25	1.8043 2.9688 10.069 2.4243 233.15	1.7993 2.9410 10.061 2.3999 232.97	17914 28991 10,060 23645 232.68	1.7780 2.8213 10.059 2.2952 232.11			

**MONEY MARKETS** 

0.780 2.895

**EXCHANGE CROSS RATES** 

Kleinwort Grieveson expects \$14.5bm, while Morgan Grenfell forecasts \$15bn. Baring Brothers forecasts \$15.5bn and Nomura goes for \$15.7bn, but Mr Neil

FT LONDON INTERBANK FIXING

(11.00 a.m. Jan.8) 3 months US dollars

BANK OF ENGLAND TREASURY BILL TENDER Jan B Dec.31

**WEEKLY CHANGE IN WORLD INTEREST RATES** 

4	Bost	change	NEW YORK	8 مجڙ.	change
LONDON Base rates	8.50	Unck'd	Prime rates	8.75 6.6875	User'd -0.5625
7 day Interbank	9.50 9.1875	0.75 0.25	Federal Funds 3 Mith. Treasury Bills	5.85	linck'd
7 reasury Bill Tender	8.3577 8.375	0.1487 Unctrd	6 Mith. Treasury Bills	5.85 6.47 7.25	0.025
Band 1 886	8.375	Harrie al	FRANKFURT		
Band 3 Bills	8.375 8.375	Unch'd Unch'd	Lombard	4.50 3.375	Unck'd
3 Mits. Treasury Bill	8,40625	0.03125	One with letertweek	33/3	-0.025 -0.75
1 Mth. Bank Bills	8.4375 8.59375	0.03125	PARIS		
TOKYO			Intervention Rate	7.50 8.00 8.50	025 0625 00025
Coe month Bills	3.78125 3.90625	-0.0625 UndoYi	Three month	8.50	0.0625
BRUSSELS	3,90023	Upino	MILAN		
One month	6.625 6.6875	-	Con march	10.75 10.875	-0.75
Three counts	6.6875	-	Three month	10.513	
AMSTERDAM One month	4,3325	-0.1250	One month	8.25	0.125
And illering the same of the same of	4.355	بحصب	946	2436	0.136

Variations on the trade theme

SEVERAL ECONOMIC figures will be published this week. The most important will be the US trade figures for November on Friday.

Market forecasts for the deficit range from around \$13bn to \$16bn, against a record October shortfall of \$17.5bn.

Kleinwort Grieveson expects \$14.5bn, while Morgan Grenfell forecasts \$15.5bn and Nomura goes for \$15.7bn. but Mr Nail NEW YORK 3.00-3.15 8-78 0.25 4.0375 3.65425 10.00 6.70 8.125 3.30-3.45 84-84

Com 92 % 92 % 91 % 91 % 91 % 91 % 91 %

937 9237 9237

\$250 SEC. 1

LONDON MONEY RATES Overwight 7 days One Three Sta One Months Months Year

-		400.0			-	'			
Intertigate Offer	9.50 7.50 8.125 8.375 8.50	150 1575 150 150 150 150 150	8.8125 8.625 8.6575 8.6575 8.25 8.75 8.906250 9.0625 7.15-7.10 6.00 5.75 6.50	9,00 9,00 9,00 9,00 8,975 9,00 9,1875 9,1875 7,25-7,20 4,00 4,00 4,00 4,00 4,00 4,00 4,00 4	9.55 9.55 9.55 9.55 9.55 9.55 9.55 9.55	9.75 9.825 9.525 9.75 9.75 9.75 4.75 			
Transmy R/is (self); cont-month SN per cent; three manute SN per cent; facth SN (self); non-month SN									

### Standard & Chartered

Standard Chartered PLC (incorporated with limited liability in England)

US\$300.000.000 Undated Primary Capital Floating Rate Notes (Series 4) (of which US\$200,000,000 has been issued as the Initial Tranche)

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the six months period, (182 days), from 6th January, 1988 to 6th July, 1988, the Notes will carry interest at the rate of 7.65 per cent.

Interest payable on 6th July, 1988 will amount to US\$386.75 per US\$10,000 Note and US\$3,867.50 per US\$100,000 Note.

Standard Chartered Merchant Bank Limited Agent Bank

### Standard & Chartered

Standard Chartered PLC

US\$400,000,000 Undated Primary Capital Floating Rate Notes

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the Interest Determination period from 6th January, 1988 to 8th February 1988 the Notes will carry interest at the rate of 7% per cent per annum.

Interest accrued to 8th February, 1988 and payable on 6th July, 1988 will amount to US\$69.90 per US\$10,000 Note and US\$698,96 per US\$100,000 Note:

Standard Chartered Merchant Bank Limited Agent Bank